

Final
2021 Monitoring Report
Former Communications Site, Operable Unit 6

U.S. Army Garrison Alaska



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Contract W911KB-17-D-0020
Task Order W911KB-20-F-0053

JULY 2022



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
INSTALLATION MANAGEMENT COMMAND
HEADQUARTERS, U.S. ARMY GARRISON ALASKA
1046 MARKS ROAD #6000
FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA 99703-6000

July 1, 2022

Directorate of Public Works

Subject: Submission of the Final 2021 Operable Unit 6 Monitoring Report to the State of Alaska Department Environmental Conservation.

Mr. Timothy Sharp
Remedial Project Manager
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation
610 University Avenue
Fairbanks, AK 99709

Dear Mr. Sharp:

This letter documents transmission of the Final 2021 Operable Unit 6 Monitoring Report, Fort Wainwright to the State of Alaska Department Environmental Conservation (ADEC).

A digital copy of the document and the associated laboratory deliverables will be provided to you. A copy of the document is also being provided to Ms. Sandra Halstead, Remedial Project Manager (RPM); and Ms. Cascade Galasso-Irish, Alternate RPM, ADEC. If you would like to receive a hard copy of this document, please notify us within the next few weeks.

If you have questions or concerns regarding this action please contact Ms. DePalma, RPM, at (907) 361-4512 or email keri.k.depalma.civ@army.mil; or Mr. Peter Baker, Alternate RPM, at (907) 361-6623 or email peter.a.baker8.civ@army.mil.

Sincerely,

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Keri DePalma
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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
INSTALLATION MANAGEMENT COMMAND
HEADQUARTERS, U.S. ARMY GARRISON ALASKA
1046 MARKS ROAD #6000
FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA 99703-6000

July 1, 2022

Directorate of Public Works

Subject: Submission of the Final 2021 Operable Unit 6 Monitoring Report to the Environmental Protection Agency

Ms. Sandra Halstead
Environmental Protection Agency
Remedial Project Manager
Alaska Operations Office
222 W. 7th Ave, #19
Anchorage, AK 99513

Dear Ms. Halstead:

This letter documents transmission of the Final 2021 Operable Unit 6 Monitoring Report, Fort Wainwright to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

A digital copy of the document will be provided to you. A copy of this document is being provided to Mr. Timothy Sharp, Remedial Project Manager (RPM) and Ms. Cascade Galasso-Irish, Alternate RPM, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC). If you would like to receive a hard copy of this document, please notify us within the next few weeks.

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Final
2021 Monitoring Report
Former Communications Site, Operable Unit 6

Contract W911KB-17-D-0020
Task Order W911KB-20-F-0053

JULY 2022

Prepared For:
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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AAC	Alaska Administrative Code
ADEC	Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation
AFCEE	Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence
AOPI	area of potential interest
bgs	below ground surface
Brice	Brice Engineering, LLC
btoc	below top of casing
CDQR	Chemical Data Quality Report
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
CES	Cost-Effective Sampling
COC	contaminant of concern
cy	cubic yards
DCE	dichloroethene
DERA	Defense Environmental Restoration Account
DO	dissolved oxygen
DoD	U.S. Department of Defense
DPW	Directorate of Public Works
DRO	diesel range organics
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
FCS	Former Communication Site
FFA	Federal Facility Agreement
ft	feet
GAC	granular activated carbon
GIS	geographic information system
HQAES	Headquarters Army Environmental System
IBC	intermediate bulk container
IC	institutional control
ICIAP	Institutional Controls Implementation Action Plan
IDW	investigation-derived waste
LOD	limit of detection
LL	low level
LTMO	Long Term Monitoring Optimization
MAROS	Monitoring and Remediation Optimization System
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level
MNA	monitored natural attenuation
mV	millivolts
mg/L	milligrams per liter
µg/L	micrograms per liter
NA	not analyzed

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS (CONTINUED)

NAPL	non-aqueous phase liquid
NAVD88	North American Vertical Datum of 1988
ND	not detected
NE	not established
NM	not measured
Oasis	Oasis Environmental Inc.
ORP	oxidation-reduction potential
OU6	Operable Unit 6
PA	preliminary assessment
PCB	polychlorinated biphenyls
PFAS	per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances
PSE	Preliminary Source Evaluation
POL	petroleum, oil, and lubricants
QC	quality control
QSM	Quality Systems Manual
RAO	Remedial Action Objective
RD/RA	Remedial Design/Remedial Action
RG	remedial goal
RI	Remedial Investigation
ROD	Record of Decision
RPM	Remedial Project Manager
RRO	residual range organics
SI	site inspection
SGS	SGS North America, Inc.
SVOC	semi-volatile organic compounds
TCE	trichloroethene
TCP	1,2,3-trichloropropane
UFP-QAPP	Uniform Federal Policy for Quality Assurance Project Plans
UCL	upper confidence limit
USACE	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
USAG	U.S. Army Garrison
VOC	volatile organic compound

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report presents results of the groundwater monitoring conducted at the Operable Unit 6 (OU6) Former Communications Site (FCS) on Fort Wainwright, Alaska. The Record of Decision (ROD)-selected remedy for OU6 consists of institutional controls (ICs) for soil and monitored natural attenuation (MNA) of contaminants of concern (COCs) in groundwater. Groundwater monitoring results were evaluated to determine the effectiveness of natural attenuation with respect to ROD remedial goals (RGs), and to support decisions regarding the effectiveness of the ROD remedy.

The OU6 FCS groundwater monitoring program focuses on five areas of groundwater contamination: three adjacent diesel range organics (DRO) groundwater plumes, one 1,2,3-trichloropropane (TCP) plume, and one trichloroethene (TCE) plume. In addition, groundwater samples are collected from background wells and sentry wells located near a water supply well.

Groundwater samples were collected from 18 wells during August 2021. Samples were submitted for analyses that varied depending upon the plume that was being monitored. Sample results were compared to ROD RGs. Groundwater monitoring results between 2007 and 2021 were used to conduct a statistical evaluation of contaminant trends and plume stability.

DRO Groundwater Plume Summary

Groundwater samples were submitted for analysis of DRO, residual range organics (RRO), and geochemical parameters from ten wells associated with the DRO plumes. Four wells were sampled within the main DRO plume, two wells within two isolated and adjacent DRO plumes, three wells located downgradient and crossgradient of the DRO plumes, and one background well located upgradient.

DRO exceeded the RG in three wells associated with the main DRO plume. Wells in the isolated and adjacent DRO plumes did not exceed the DRO RG. RRO was below the RG in all wells except for one well in the main DRO plume. Overall, DRO and RRO concentrations were higher in 2021 than in 2020, which was likely attributed to the lower groundwater elevations observed in 2021. In areas where residual non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL) exists, typically the highest contaminant concentrations are measured when groundwater elevations are lowest as NAPL is allowed to drain from soils onto the groundwater surface. Monitoring well MW33 located within the main DRO plume has historically had, and continues to have, the highest DRO and RRO concentrations at the site.

DRO and RRO concentrations in the interior of the main plume are expected to persist above the RG, due to residual NAPL remaining in the soils that continues to be solubilized in the groundwater. Higher concentrations of dissolved manganese and iron, and lower concentrations of sulfate, are evidence that metal and sulfate reduction are significant biodegradation processes in the main DRO plume source area. An estimation of the time to cleanup could only be determined for (slightly upgradient) well MW12R (met in 2020) as it was the only well associated with the main DRO plume that had a decreasing trend. When NAPL within the main DRO plume is depleted and no longer generates dissolved contaminant concentrations, decreasing trends in other wells should become apparent.

The two isolated plumes appear to represent smaller, lower concentration source areas. DRO concentrations associated with one plume (identified by MW62) have only exceeded the RG once since 2012, which indicates the residual NAPL in the surrounding soil may be depleted. DRO concentrations associated with the other isolated plume (identified by MW77) have been highly variable and have

exceeded the RG in recent sampling events from 2018 through 2020. However, the DRO RG for this plume was not exceeded in the 2021 sampling event.

TCP Groundwater Plume Summary

Groundwater samples were submitted for analysis of low level volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and geochemical parameters from three wells associated with the TCP plume, two downgradient sentry wells, and one upgradient background well. Two wells located within the TCP plume (source area well MW79 and downgradient well MW47) consistently have TCP concentrations exceeding the RG. The slightly upgradient well MW08 last had TCP concentrations exceeding the RG in 2012. Natural attenuation processes are expected to reduce concentrations in downgradient monitoring well MW47 to achieve cleanup attainment by 2038. Exceedances will likely continue in the two main TCP plume wells until the suspected TCP soil source is depleted.

Groundwater samples were collected from two downgradient sentry wells (MW78 and MW91) and one upgradient background well (MW13). TCP has never been detected in any of the sentry wells, and has only been detected once in the background well (in 2008).

TCE Groundwater Plume Summary

Two wells are sampled within the TCE plume; however, both wells (MW61 and MW80) have had TCE concentrations less than the RG since at least 2011. In addition, statistical analysis continues to show a decreasing trend at MW61. The 95% upper confidence limit (UCL) of the regression curve suggests that remedial goals were met in 2014 at MW61. This indicates that the TCE RG has been achieved in accordance with U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requirements (EPA 2014b).

TCE reductive dechlorination daughter products, cis-1,2-dichloroethene (DCE), trans-1,2-DCE, and vinyl chloride have been detected in one well (MW61) at concentrations less than the Federal Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) by approximately an order of magnitude. Continued formation of daughter products shows that reductive dichlorination is occurring in the anaerobic aquifer.

Institutional Control Inspection Summary

The annual IC inspection of OU6 was conducted during August 2021. The purpose of the inspection was to evaluate the implementation and effectiveness of ICs, to verify that ICs continue to function as intended, and to identify corrective actions based on findings of the site inspection. No deficiencies were identified during the 2021 IC inspections.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report documents groundwater sampling activities at the Operable Unit 6 (OU6) Former Communications Site (FCS) on Fort Wainwright, Alaska, during August 2021. This document also provides a summary of the institutional control (IC) inspections conducted at the OU6 site in 2021. Brice Engineering, LLC (Brice) is providing this service under contract to the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE); Contract Number W911KB-17-D-0020, Task Order W911KB-20-F-0053. The work was completed according to the Postwide Uniform Federal Policy for Quality Assurance Project Plan (UFP-QAPP; Brice 2020); the *2021 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Sites Work Plan* (Brice 2021); under authority of CERCLA; and in compliance with the OU6 Record of Decision (ROD; U.S. Army Garrison Alaska [USAG Alaska] 2014), Federal Facility Agreement (FFA), and State of Alaska regulations.

The primary objectives for the 2021 work at the OU6 FCS described in this report include the following:

- Collect and analyze groundwater for contaminants of concern (COCs) as presented in the OU6 ROD (USAG Alaska 2014), previously detected contaminants (USACE 2012b), and geochemical parameters.
- Compare results with ROD-established remedial goals (RGs) (USAG Alaska 2014).
- Assess current and historical results to identify contaminant trends and predict cleanup dates.
- Review geochemical data for consistency with the selected remedy of monitored natural attenuation (MNA).
- Summarize findings of the IC inspections conducted at OU6 during 2021.

1.1 Project Overview and Monitoring Report Organization

The 2021 sampling effort evaluates progress towards achieving remedial objectives in groundwater. The data collected are compared to historical data to evaluate trends in contaminant attenuation over time. A description of the procedures and results associated with these activities are presented in the following sections:

- Section 2 – Field Activities Summary
- Section 3 – Groundwater Sample Results
- Section 4 – Contaminant Trend and Plume Analysis
- Section 5 – Conclusions and Recommendations
- Section 6 – References

Supporting information can be found in the appendices listed below. Additional information, such as laboratory reports, is not provided in the hard copy but is provided in the Supplemental Information folder on the CD accompanying this report.

- Appendix A – Sample Summary and Analytical Results
- Appendix B – Chemical Data Quality Report (CDQR) and Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) Laboratory Data Review Checklists
- Appendix C – Field Forms and Notes
- Appendix D – Photograph Log

- Appendix E – Long-Term Monitoring Optimization (LTMO) Results

1.2 OU6 Source Area Tracking

The OU6 source area is tracked in the ADEC Contaminated Sites database, which is maintained by the ADEC project manager assigned to the source area and by the Army in the Headquarters Army Environmental System (HQAES) for funding purposes. Source area identification and historical spill numbers are presented in Table 1-1.

Table 1-1 Summary of OU6 Source Area Tracking Numbers

SOURCE AREA NAME ¹	ADEC FILE NUMBER ²	ADEC SPILL NUMBERS	ADEC HAZARD ID	ARMY HQAES NUMBER ²
OU6 Former Communications Site (Taku Gardens)	108.38.085	05309914702 05309914703 06309911001 06309931201	4140	02871.1088

Notes:

For definitions, refer to the Acronyms and Abbreviations section.

¹ The Former Communications Site source area is designated as OU7 in the EPA Superfund Enterprise Management System.

² Based on information from the ADEC Contaminated Sites Database available at http://dec.alaska.gov/spar/csp/db_search.htm and the Army HQAES.

1.3 Project Location and Background

1.3.1 Site History

The OU6 FCS is commonly referred to as the Tanana Trails Family Housing Development, formerly known as Taku Gardens Housing Development. This site is located on Fort Wainwright, an active U.S. Army installation occupying a 911,604-acre military reservation east of Fairbanks, Alaska (Figure 1-1). The OU6 FCS is located between Alder and Neely Roads, south of the Bassett Army Hospital. OU6 previously contained or was used for barracks, company headquarters, communications and radar systems, salvage/reclamation yard activities, debris disposal, firefighting training, and possible ammunition storage. The site was selected for construction of future military housing in 2002/2003, and construction began in 2005.

During construction of the housing development in 2005, buried debris of munitions-related items and contamination of soil and groundwater was discovered (Oasis Environmental Inc. [Oasis] 2007). Review of historical documents and characterization of remedial activities conducted between 2005 and 2013 identified five source areas. Contamination found in these areas included polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), petroleum compounds, chlorinated compounds, volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), metals, and discarded military munitions and munitions debris. Two of the VOCs that were found to persist in groundwater plumes were trichloroethene (TCE) and 1,2,3-trichloropropane (TCP). The TCE and TCP plumes were likely related to historical salvage and waste operations at the FCS between 1942 and 1962 (USACE 2010).

1.3.2 Investigation Summary

Groundwater monitoring to assess contaminant levels and contaminant trends began at OU6 in 2005 and continued through the Remedial Investigation (RI; USACE 2010). Based on this data, MNA was the chosen

remedy for the site. The effectiveness of the ROD-selected remedy continues to be assessed through ongoing groundwater monitoring. There are no data from 2013 to 2015, either because data were not accepted or because sampling did not occur during these years. Since 2005, 96 monitoring wells have been installed at the FCS. The following is a summary of the investigation history at the FCS:

- Initially, 13 temporary monitoring wells (wells generally used to aid in determining the optimal locations for the permanent wells) were installed and sampled during Preliminary Source Evaluations (PSEs) that were conducted between 2005 and 2006.
- An RI was conducted between 2007 and 2010 (USACE 2010):
 - In 2007, 64 monitoring wells were installed to investigate and delineate potential groundwater contamination and to collect data for use in a risk assessment.
 - In 2008, five additional monitoring wells were installed to delineate the boundaries of the contaminated groundwater plumes.
 - In 2009, nine additional monitoring wells were installed as part of the TCP investigation to delineate TCE and diesel range organics (DRO) plume boundaries.
- Post-RI activities were conducted between 2010 and 2017 (USACE 2012a; USACE 2013; USACE 2014; and USACE 2018)
 - In 2010, two deep monitoring wells (sentry wells) were installed outside of the fence on the northeast boundary of the FCS to determine whether TCP contamination threatened the FWA drinking water supply wells.
 - In 2012, one deep monitoring well (sentry well) was installed between the TCP plume and the FWA drinking water supply wells within the capture zone of the FWA drinking water supply wells.
 - In 2013, two unusable wells were decommissioned, and two permanent monitoring wells were installed to serve as replacement monitoring wells.
 - In 2016, 57 monitoring wells were decommissioned or abandoned in place with the approval and guidance of ADEC.
 - In 2017, six additional monitoring wells and one temporary well were decommissioned.
- In 2020, a post-wide preliminary assessment (PA) and site inspection (SI) for per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) was conducted, which included the OU6 source areas (USACE 2022).

1.3.3 Remedial Summary

Debris, drums, munitions-related items, and contaminated soil encountered during the series of investigation activities were removed to the greatest extent practical and properly disposed of, including an estimated 3,368 cubic yards (cy) of PCB-contaminated soil; 66 cy of pesticide-contaminated soil; and 3,354 cy of petroleum, oil, and lubricants (POL)/solvent-contaminated soil (USACE 2014). In addition, 2,934 items of munitions-related debris and 1,061 drums were disposed of. Some residual debris could not be removed from the site because of concerns about the structural stability of nearby buildings. Buildings where debris appeared to continue beneath the foundation and could not be removed are shown on Figure 2-1. Soil contaminated with POL and residual concentrations of VOCs, SVOCs, pesticides, and explosive compounds remains in the subsurface between 5 and 15 feet below ground surface (bgs).

1.3.4 Long-Term Monitoring

Between 2005 and 2013, a total of 96 monitoring wells were installed, including three deep monitoring wells (sentry wells) on the northeast boundary of the site to determine whether contamination threatened the Fort Wainwright drinking water supply wells (USACE 2012a, 2013). Five groundwater plumes have been identified: one TCE plume; one TCP plume; one main DRO plume; and two smaller DRO plumes associated with wells MW62 and MW77.

Since 2010, several wells have been removed from the sampling program and have been decommissioned (USACE 2018). In 2019, the sampling frequency was decreased from semi-annual to annual, and an additional seven wells were removed from the sampling program. Presently, 28 wells exist at the site, 18 of which were included in the 2020 annual monitoring program to assess remaining contaminant levels and trends.

1.4 Regulatory Considerations

Remedial Action Objectives (RAOs) and RGs for groundwater were identified in the OU6 ROD (USAG Alaska 2014) and are summarized below.

1.4.1 Remedial Action Objectives

The OU6 ROD established the following RAOs for groundwater COCs at the OU6 FCS:

- Protect against human exposure to COCs in groundwater. This RAO will be attained if the exposure pathway to human receptors is limited or eliminated through administrative processes, or if COC concentrations in groundwater are reduced to meet RGs.
- Return groundwater to its beneficial use as a drinking water source. VOCs are expected to reach RGs within 25 years; it is expected that remediation of DRO and residual range organics (RRO) will take longer. This RAO will be achieved when groundwater COCs meet RGs.

1.4.2 Project Remedial Goals

Based on the results of the baseline risk assessment for current and projected land use at the site, COCs were identified and RGs were established. Table 1-2 presents the RGs for the OU6 FCS COCs identified in the ROD.

Table 1-2 OU6 Remedial Goals for Groundwater

COCs	ROD RGs ¹ (µg/L)
1,2,3-TCP	0.12
TCE	5
DRO	1,500
RRO	1,100

Notes:

For definitions, refer to the Acronyms and Abbreviations section.

¹ RGs are established in 18 AAC 75.345, Table C (ADEC 2021).

2.0 FIELD ACTIVITIES SUMMARY

This section describes the groundwater sampling activities, investigation-derived waste (IDW) handling activities, and a summary of the annual IC inspections at the OU6 site.

2.1 Groundwater Sampling and Analysis

Groundwater samples were collected from 18 monitoring wells on 4-6 August 2021. Groundwater monitoring was conducted in accordance with the procedures detailed in the 2021 CERCLA Sites Work Plan (Brice 2021) and Postwide UFP-QAPP (Brice 2020). The general contaminant plume areas and associated monitoring wells sampled during the 2021 monitoring event are depicted on Figure 2-1.

Prior to sampling, the condition of each well was inspected. All wells were found to be in satisfactory condition for continued use in monitoring the site. The static water level was measured to the nearest 0.01 foot, relative to the top of the monitoring well casing. Water levels and total depths were measured using an electronic water level probe. The water level was within the well screen interval for all wells sampled, with three exceptions: MW78, MW80, and MW91. Sentry wells MW78 and MW91 were intentionally screened below the water table to monitor potential diving of the contaminant plume towards the pump intake of the nearby Water Supply Well (Building 3559), which is also screened deep; and MW80, located within the TCE plume, was also intentionally screened below the water table to evaluate the vertical extent of contamination. Water level measurements were recorded on groundwater sampling forms (provided in Appendix C) and groundwater elevations were calculated, as further discussed in Section 3.1.

Samples were collected with submersible pumps using dedicated tubing for each monitoring well. The pump intake was placed approximately 1 foot below the water table when the water level was within the screened interval, or within the top foot of the screened interval when the water level was above the screen. Groundwater was purged at a rate between 0.03 and 0.15 gallons per minute. Water quality measurements were recorded every 5 minutes and monitoring wells were purged until water quality parameters stabilized, per ADEC guidance (ADEC 2019b). Field parameters were measured using YSI water quality meters installed in a flow through cell and a turbidity meter. The instruments were calibrated at the beginning of each day according to the manufacturer's instructions. Parameters measured included pH, temperature, specific conductivity, dissolved oxygen (DO), oxidation-reduction potential (ORP), and turbidity, which were recorded on groundwater sample forms.

Groundwater samples were shipped to SGS North America, Inc. (SGS) of Anchorage, Alaska, for analysis on 9 August 2021. Groundwater samples were submitted for the analyses as indicated in Table 2-1 on the following page.

Table 2-1 OU6 Groundwater Sampling Summary

CONTAMINANT AREA	NUMBER OF WELLS	MONITORING WELLS	ANALYTICAL PARAMETERS
Background	2	MW03	DRO, RRO, Dissolved Iron and Manganese, Sulfate
		MW13	VOC-LL, Dissolved Iron and Manganese, Sulfate
DRO Plumes	9	MW06A, MW12R, MW33, MW37, MW58, MW62, MW64, MW77, MW82	DRO, RRO, Dissolved Iron and Manganese, Sulfate
1,2,3-TCP Plume	3	MW08, MW47, MW79	VOC-LL, Dissolved Iron and Manganese, Sulfate
TCE Plume	2	MW61, MW80	VOC, VOC-LL, Dissolved Iron and Manganese, Sulfate
Sentry Wells	2	MW78, MW91	VOC-LL

Notes:

For definitions, refer to the Acronyms and Abbreviations section.

The sample summary and analytical results tables are presented in Appendix A. An evaluation of data quality is detailed in the CDQR and provided in Appendix B. Groundwater sampling and calibration forms, and a summary of the field parameters (Table C-1) are presented in Appendix C. A photo log of groundwater sampling activities is provided in Appendix D. The laboratory deliverables and additional photographs not included in the report are provided electronically on CD in Supplemental Information. Groundwater sample results are discussed in Section 3.

2.2 Decontamination

Reusable sampling equipment consisted of a water level meter and submersible pumps, which were decontaminated between every well. The decontamination procedure consisted of an Alconox detergent wash followed by a potable water rinse. The decontamination water generated during groundwater sampling was containerized and treated using granular activated carbon (GAC). The treated water was discharged at the OU6 source area, at a location shown in Figure 2-1 that was vegetated and at least 100 feet from any surface water body source, as specified in the 2021 CERCLA Sites Work Plan (Brice 2021).

2.3 Investigation-Derived Waste Handling and Disposal

IDW generated during OU6 field activities in 2021 included purge water and general refuse (nitrile gloves, paper towels, etc.) from groundwater monitoring activities. All IDW and other waste streams were managed according to the procedures outlined in the 2021 CERCLA Sites Work Plan (Brice 2021).

Purge water was containerized at the time of sampling in 15-gallon poly drums. The drums were labeled with a unique ID and a form was completed documenting the well ID, container ID, and purge volume from each well. The drums were taken to the Fort Wainwright Hazardous Waste Consolidation Facility (Building 3489) for temporary storage since the Defense Environmental Restoration Account (DERA) building was closed for building upgrades. Since the OU6 purge water may potentially be contaminated from PFAS, the water was then pumped from the 15-gallon poly drums and treated with granular activated carbon (GAC), per the Work Plan. Following treatment, the water was consolidated into a 275-gallon intermediate bulk container (IBC).

The water was characterized using the laboratory results from the individual wells. Sample results and the IDW storage forms were provided to U.S. Ecology for proper manifesting and disposal in accordance with the CERCLA Off-Site Rule. The non-hazardous solid wastes, including disposable tubing, nitrile gloves, paper towels, etc., were disposed of at the Fairbanks North Star Landfill. Complete documentation of IDW disposal, including purge water from OU6, will be included in a forthcoming 2021 IDW Management Technical Memorandum (anticipated Spring 2022).

2.4 Institutional Control Inspections

IC inspections were conducted at OU6 during August 2021. A summary of the IC objectives and 2021 inspection findings are presented below. Complete inspection results are presented in the 2021 Fort Wainwright IC Inspection Report (anticipated Spring 2022).

The purpose of the inspection was to evaluate the implementation and effectiveness of ICs, to verify that ICs continue to function as intended, and to identify corrective actions based on findings of the site inspection. The 2021 IC inspections were conducted at the OU6 FCS in accordance with the Institutional Controls Implementation Action Plan (ICIAP), which was included in the 2015 Remedial Design/Remedial Action (RD/RA) Work Plan (USACE 2015). The specific objectives of the ICs at OU6 are as follows:

- Prevent access to or use of the groundwater beneath OU6 until RGs are met.
- Maintain the effectiveness of the MNA remedy for groundwater by developing specific operation and maintenance activities for the monitoring well network, which will remain in place until RGs are met.
- Prevent unauthorized access to soil greater than 6 inches bgs until RGs are met.

In addition to an on-site inspection, reviews of the Fort Wainwright IC geographic information system (GIS) layer and the site-specific information in the ADEC Contaminated Sites database were conducted.

At the approval of the Remedial Project Managers (RPMs), IC inspection of residences were reduced from 100% to 20% beginning in 2019. In 2021, 11 residential units (22 individual yards) were inspected in accordance with the 2021 CERCLA Sites Work Plan (Brice 2021). In addition, the two residences where IC deficiencies were noted during the 2020 IC inspection were included in the 2021 IC inspection. All public use areas (i.e., playgrounds, open area/play areas, summer lawn, and pavilion area) and the two mechanical buildings continue to be inspected annually.

A summary of the 2021 IC inspection findings is presented below, and the complete inspection results are presented in the 2021 Fort Wainwright IC Inspection Report (anticipated Spring 2022).

- Soil disturbances greater than 6 inches bgs were not observed. The two IC deficiencies (observations of soil disturbances caused by dogs) noted during the 2020 IC inspections were not observed during the 2021 IC inspections.
- Unauthorized installation of water wells was not observed.
- Unauthorized use of the groundwater beneath OU6 was not observed.
- All 28 wells were secured and undamaged except for minor damage to an overcasing lid on well MW90. The overcasing lid was replaced and the well was properly secured.

Based on the findings from the source area inspections, it was determined that OU6 ICs are being implemented and are effective.

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3.0 GROUNDWATER SAMPLE RESULTS

This section presents the 2021 groundwater monitoring results for OU6. Groundwater monitoring was completed in accordance with the 2021 CERCLA Sites Work Plan (Brice 2021) and Postwide UFP-QAPP (Brice 2020). Current and historical data were used to support statistical and geochemical assessments of natural attenuation of groundwater contaminated with DRO, RRO, TCP, and TCE within the OU6 source area. The general locations of the contaminant plumes are depicted on Figure 2-1. Monitoring wells with current and/or historical DRO/RRO, TCP, and TCE results exceeding RGs are shown on Figures 3-2, 3-3, and 3-4, respectively. Complete 2021 analytical results are presented in Appendix A.

3.1 Groundwater Elevations

Groundwater levels were measured for the purposes of mapping groundwater elevation contours on 13 July 2021. Due to the flat hydraulic gradient on Fort Wainwright, slight variabilities in water levels over the course of a sampling event (commonly 2 to 3 days at this site) often has an impact on the contours. Therefore, a separate groundwater level measurement event for contours was conducted over the course of a few hours by one person, using the same water level indicator. The contours constructed from these measurements are depicted on Figure 3-1 and indicate that the groundwater flow direction is towards the northwest, consistent with the regional groundwater flow direction. The groundwater levels measured in 2019, 2020, and 2021 for depicting contours are also shown in Table 3-1 (located at the end of Section 3) for comparison.

Groundwater levels were measured again in each well during the sampling event on 4-6 August 2021. Groundwater elevations measured in August 2021 were approximately 2.2 feet lower than the August 2020 elevations, and similar in elevation to those measured in May 2019. In general, higher contaminant concentrations were observed in 2021 and 2019 in areas with residual non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL) due to the lower groundwater elevations, as further discussed in the following sample results sections.

3.2 DRO Plume Sample Results

Ten monitoring wells are currently monitored for DRO and RRO: four wells (MW06A, MW12R, MW33, and MW58) located within the main DRO plume; two wells (MW62 and MW77) located within two smaller isolated DRO plumes; three wells (MW37, MW64, and MW82) located downgradient of the main and isolated DRO plumes; and one well (MW03) located upgradient that serves as a background well. Although not analyzed for DRO and RRO, MNA results for background well MW13 is also included in Table 3-2 (located at the end of Section 3) for comparison. DRO and RRO results between 2007 and 2021 are presented on Figure 3-2; and DRO, RRO, and MNA parameters for 2018 through 2021 sampling events are presented in Table 3-2 (located at the end of Section 3).

In general, DRO concentrations in 2021 were higher than the concentrations observed in 2020. This may have been a result of the lower groundwater elevations (approximately 2.2 feet) at the time of the 2021 sampling event. Typically, in areas where residual NAPL exists, highest contaminant concentrations are measured when groundwater elevations are lowest as NAPL is allowed to drain from soil onto the groundwater surface.

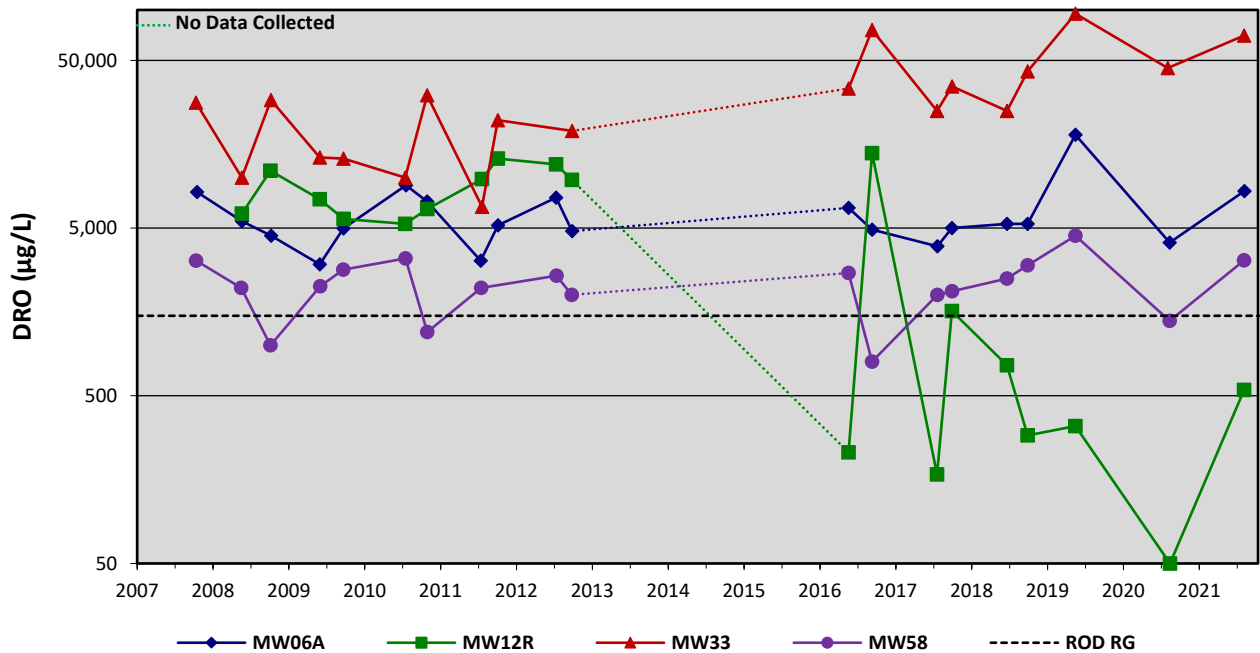
3.2.1 DRO and RRO in the Main DRO Plume

DRO concentrations exceeded the RG in main DRO plume wells MW06A, MW33, and MW58 in 2021. DRO has consistently exceeded the RG (1,500 micrograms per liter [$\mu\text{g/L}$]) in wells MW06A and MW33 since sampling began in 2007, with the highest concentrations observed in MW33 ranging between 6,700 and 95,000 $\mu\text{g/L}$. DRO concentrations in MW58 (located downgradient of MW06A and MW33) have also exceeded the RG in nearly every sampling event, with highest concentration observed in 2019 at 4,500 $\mu\text{g/L}$. DRO periodically exceeds the RG in MW12R, with the last exceedance shown in 2017 at a concentration of 1,600 $\mu\text{g/L}$.

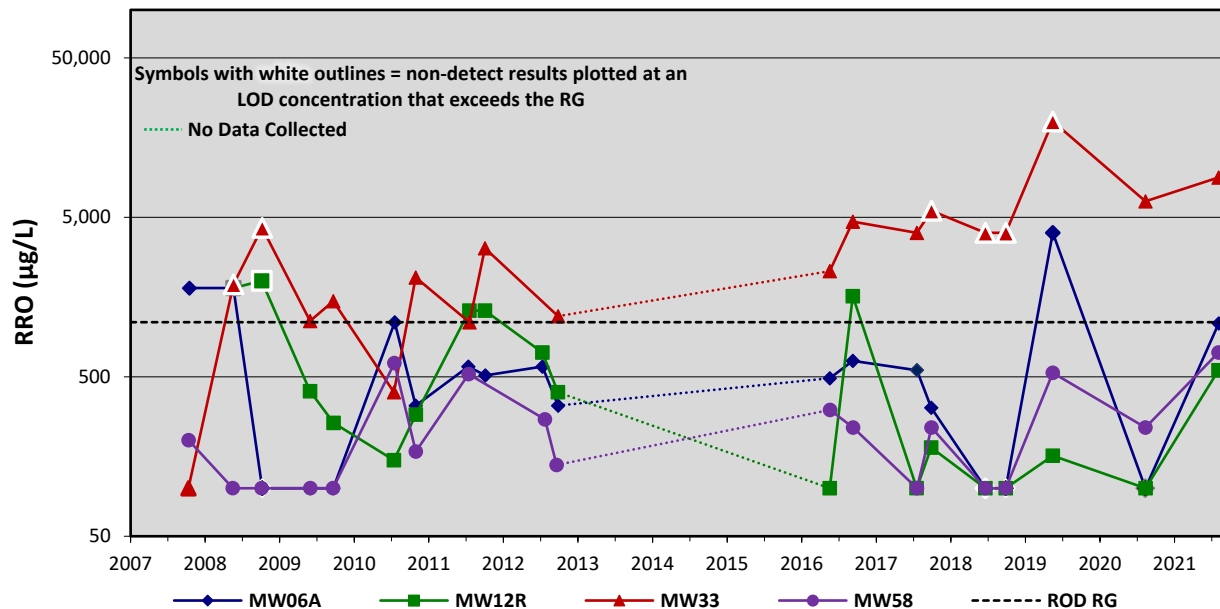
RRO exceeded the RG (1,100 $\mu\text{g/L}$) in one well, MW33, at a concentration of 8,890 $\mu\text{g/L}$ in 2021. RRO detections have been shown to sporadically exceed the RG in the four main DRO plume wells, with the majority of the exceedances observed in MW33.

Graphs 3-1 and 3-2 show time-series plots of DRO and RRO concentrations, respectively, for the four main DRO plume wells. Note that RRO has periodically not been detected in the main DRO plume wells; however, several limits of detection (LODs) were elevated above the RG. The elevated LODs are predominately observed in MW33 due to matrix interference and/or sample dilutions caused by high levels of petroleum contamination. These data points are depicted with white outlines on Graph 3-2.

Graph 3-1 DRO Concentrations in the Main DRO Plume



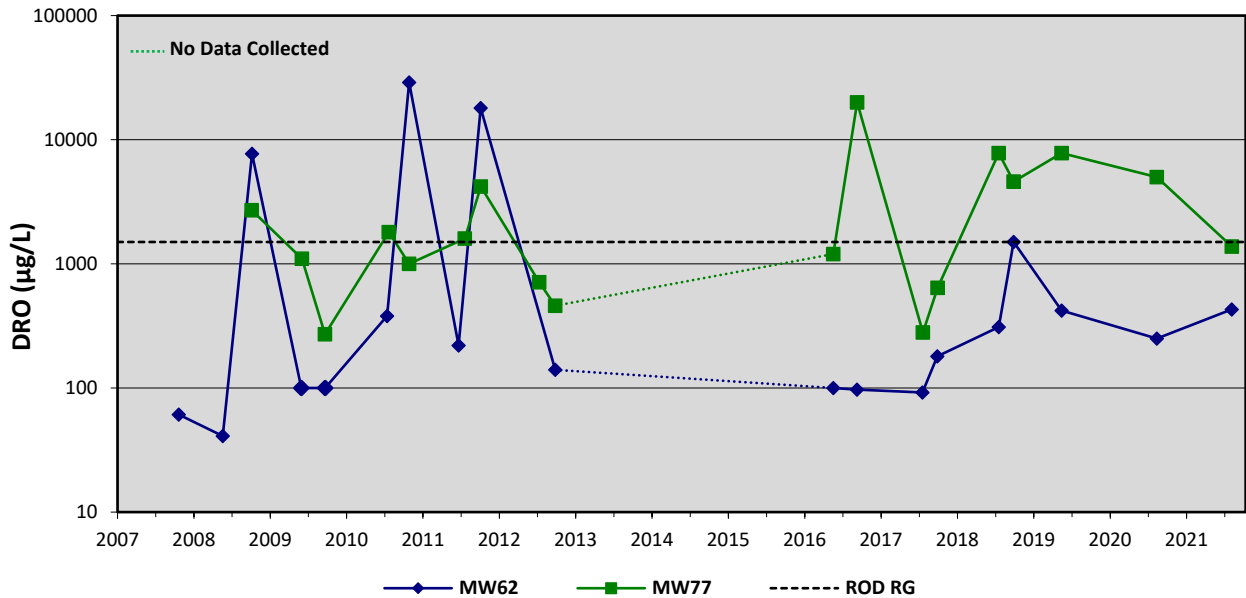
Graph 3-2 RRO Concentrations in the Main DRO Plume



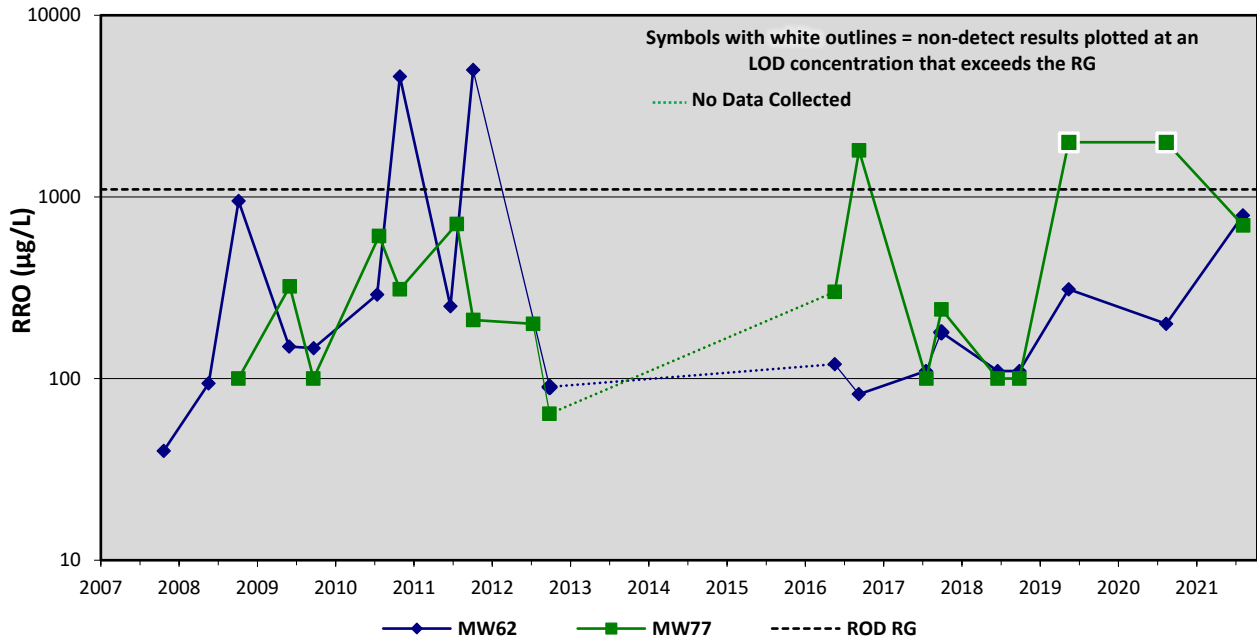
3.2.2 DRO and RRO in the Two Isolated DRO Plumes

Monitoring wells MW62 and MW77 are located within isolated DRO plumes positioned approximately 150 and 400 feet, respectively, north-northeast of the main DRO plume. The DRO concentration did not exceed the RG in MW77 in 2021. However, well MW77 has exceeded the RG in four of the five most recent sampling events. The DRO concentration in MW62 equaled the RG during the September 2018 sampling event, but has been below the RG for the last three sampling events. Prior to 2018, the last DRO exceedance observed in MW62 was in 2011. RRO was below the RG but detected in 2021 in both wells. RRO last exceeded in wells MW62 and MW77 in 2011 and 2016, respectively, and since then RRO has been detected at concentrations approximately an order of magnitude below the RG or has not been detected. However, the non-detects in well MW77 during 2019 and 2020 had LODs above the RG. Graphs 3-3 and 3-4 present historical data collected at monitoring wells MW62 and MW77 for DRO and RRO, respectively, and the non-detect RRO results in MW77 during for the 2019 and 2020 sampling events are depicted with white outlines on Graph 3-4.

Graph 3-3 DRO Concentrations in Isolated Plumes MW62 and MW77



Graph 3-4 RRO Concentrations in Isolated Plumes MW62 and MW77



3.2.3 DRO and RRO in Downgradient Wells

Three monitoring wells located downgradient of the DRO plumes were sampled. The well locations relative to the main and isolated DRO plumes are as follows and are shown on Figure 3-2.

- MW37 is located downgradient of the main DRO plume.
- MW64 is located downgradient of the isolated MW62 DRO plume.

- MW82 is located downgradient of the isolated MW77 DRO plume.

None of the wells have had DRO or RRO concentrations exceeding the RG in any sampling event.

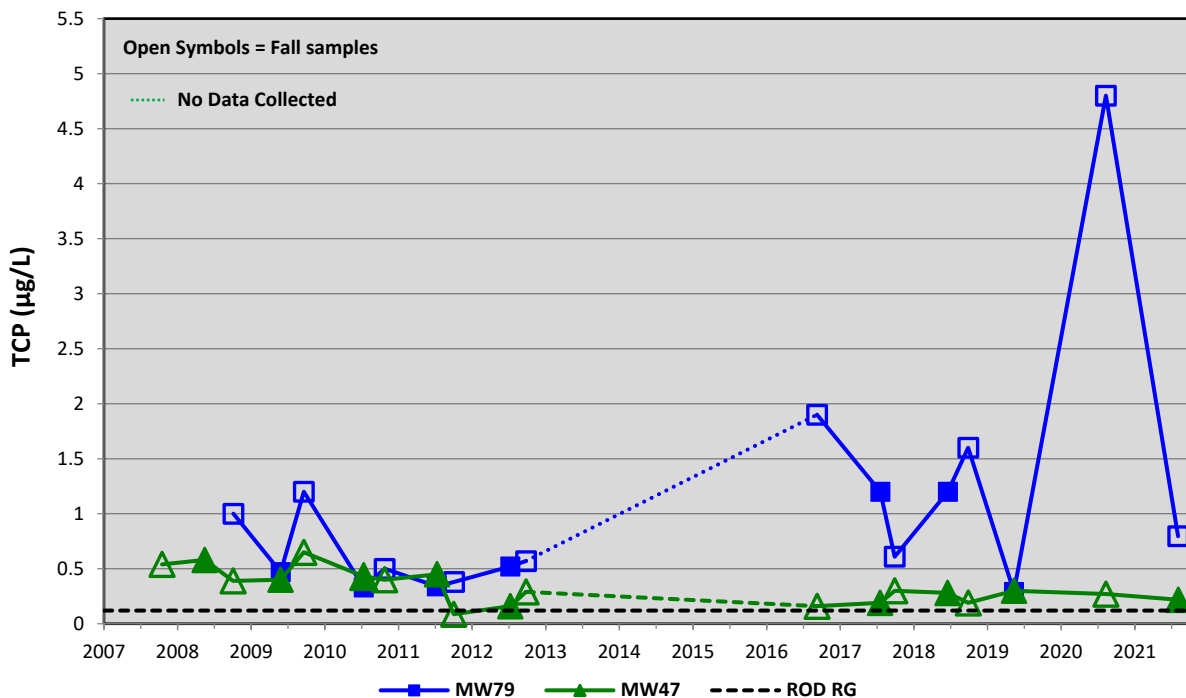
3.3 TCP Plume Sample Results

The TCP plume is characterized by two main source area wells (MW47 and MW79) and one upgradient well (MW08). In addition, one further upgradient background well (MW13) and two downgradient sentry wells (MW78 and MW91) are being monitored for potential TCP contamination. The sentry wells are screened below the water table to evaluate potential diving contaminants that may impact the deep-screened Water Supply Wells (Building 3559). The locations of these wells are shown on Figure 3-3.

TCP has exceeded the RG (0.12 µg/L) in source area well MW79 during every sampling event since 2008 and in MW47 during every sampling event except in 2011, as shown on Graph 3-5. TCP exceeded the RG in MW79 and MW47 at concentrations of 0.80 µg/L and 0.22 µg/L, respectively. Although TCP exceeds the RG in MW79 and MW47 in nearly all sampling events, the TCP concentrations in downgradient well MW47 has a decreasing trend, as further discussed in Section 4.3. TCP was not detected in upgradient well MW08 in 2021 and last exceeded the RG in 2012. TCP has never been detected in downgradient sentry wells MW78 and MW91.

TCP results between 2007 and 2021 are presented on Figure 3-3; and TCP and MNA parameters for 2018 through 2021 sampling events are presented in Table 3-3 (located at the end of Section 3).

Graph 3-5 TCP Concentrations in MW47 and MW79



3.4 TCE Plume Sample Results

Two monitoring wells (MW61 and MW80) were sampled to evaluate the TCE and other chlorinated solvents within the FCS. Well MW80 was screened below the water table to evaluate the vertical profile of TCE contamination. The well locations and TCE results for 2008 through 2021 sampling events are presented on Figure 3-4; and TCE (and associated daughter products) and MNA parameters for 2018 through 2021 sampling events are summarized in Table 3-3 (located at the end of Section 3).

TCE concentrations in MW61 have steadily declined since 2007 and last exceeded the RG (5 µg/L) in October 2010. TCE has never exceeded the RG in MW80 and was last detected in this well in October 2010, indicating there is not a diving plume present in this area.

TCE reductive dechlorination daughter products, cis-1,2-dichloroethene (DCE), trans-1,2-DCE, and vinyl chloride, were not identified as COCs in the OU6 ROD since groundwater samples did not exceed the Federal Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) (EPA 2009) in pre-ROD investigations. These daughter products have previously been detected in well MW61, including detections of both DCE compounds in 2021. However, all detections have remained below MCLs by approximately an order of magnitude.

3.5 Natural Attenuation Evaluation

The OU6 ROD selected MNA (with ICs) as the remedy for contaminated groundwater at the FCS. To address MNA, groundwater geochemistry has been evaluated to assess the potential for biodegradation of groundwater contaminants. Fuel contaminants such as DRO are more rapidly degraded under aerobic conditions, while chlorinated contaminants like TCP and TCE are more effectively degraded under reduced conditions. Groundwater at Fort Wainwright is generally slightly aerobic with background DO concentrations typically around 2 milligrams per liter (mg/L).

The natural attenuation evaluation included analysis of field and laboratory data. Field parameters, most importantly DO and ORP, are summarized in Tables 3-2 and 3-3 (located at the end of Section 3). All field parameter results are presented on groundwater sampling forms and Table C-1 included in Appendix C. Laboratory analyses conducted in 2021 included dissolved iron, dissolved manganese, and sulfate. Analysis of methane, alkalinity, ammonium, nitrate-nitrite, potassium, and phosphate was discontinued in 2019 since the concentrations of these analytes have been established for the site and there is not significant value in further assessment of natural attenuation at the site.

3.5.1 Geochemical Conditions within the DRO Plumes

Geochemical data associated with the DRO plumes is presented in Table 3-2 (located at the end of Section 3). For comparison purposes, data associated with background well MW13 is included. Data for background well MW03 is also summarized in the table; however, the data (elevated dissolved iron) suggests that the well does not represent background conditions. The geochemical data indicate that groundwater near MW33 has the strongest reducing conditions, consistent with having the highest DRO concentrations. A summary of the interpretations of the 2021 geochemical data is presented below.

- DO concentrations were relatively low (0.01 to 0.92 mg/L) in DRO plume wells with three exceptions: MW58 (9.42 mg/L), MW62 (8.24 mg/L), and MW82 (10.90 mg/L). The high DO value for well MW58 (located in the main DRO plume) is likely due to the presence of excessive air bubbles in the YSI instrument flow cell caused by a kink in the pump tubing. For wells MW62 and MW82 (located in the isolated DRO plume areas), excessive air bubbles in the flow cell were not observed; however, it is possible that an air bubble was trapped on the tip of the DO probe that

went unnoticed. DO results for other wells generated by the same instrument were less than 1 mg/L; therefore, the three elevated DO results were believed to be caused by operator error (i.e., air bubbles) and not instrument malfunction. Based on historical low DO results in wells site-wide, aerobic biodegradation would be anticipated to be limited.

- ORP values measured in all main DRO plume source area wells were negative, ranging from -106.0 to -133.3 millivolts (mV). ORP values in the other (less contaminated) DRO plume wells across the site range from +139.6 to -109.2 mV (only two of the seven wells not located in the main DRO plume had negative values). The greater negative ORP values within the main DRO plume are consistent with the conversion of oxygen and other electron acceptors to their reduced forms during biodegradation.
- Ferrous iron (identified by the dissolved [field-filtered] iron analysis) is a soluble redox indicator produced under reducing conditions. Background dissolved iron concentrations at Fort Wainwright are typically around 1 mg/L. Dissolved iron in main DRO plume wells ranged between 11.5 to 55.6 mg/L. The highest dissolved iron concentrations are consistently measured in MW33, corresponding to the highest DRO concentration. Elevated ferrous iron concentrations indicate iron reduction is likely due to biodegradation of fuel constituents (Wiedemeier 1999).
- Manganese, a soluble redox indicator produced under reducing conditions, ranged between 1.07 and 4.47 mg/L in the four main DRO plume wells, while the manganese concentration in background well MW13 was 0.846 mg/L. The highest manganese concentrations were detected in MW33, corresponding to the highest DRO concentration. Elevated manganese concentrations indicate manganese reduction has occurred likely due to biodegradation of DRO and RRO, although to a lesser extent than iron reduction (Wiedemeier 1999).
- Sulfate, an electron acceptor utilized under strongly reducing conditions, ranged in concentration between 6.12 and 31.3 mg/L in the four main DRO plume wells, compared to 49.1 mg/L in background well MW13. The lowest sulfate concentration of 6.12 mg/L was detected in MW33. Low in-plume sulfate concentrations likely reflect its conversion to sulfide during anaerobic biodegradation after consumption of the other electron acceptors (Wiedemeier 1999).

3.5.2 Geochemical Conditions in the TCP Plume

Geochemical data for wells associated with the TCP Plume (MW47, MW79, and MW08) are similar to background well MW13, except that DO concentrations in wells MW47 (1.62 mg/L) and MW08 (2.69 mg/L) are slightly higher, but are within values that are typically observed in these wells. Other geochemical parameters such as ORP, dissolved iron and manganese, and sulfate did not indicate reductive dechlorination within the TCP plume.

TCP is a persistent groundwater pollutant that has low abiotic and biotic degradation rates (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency [EPA] 2014a). No microbes capable of using TCP as a carbon source for growth under aerobic conditions have been isolated, but TCP may serve as an electron acceptor under anaerobic conditions (Yan et al. 2009). Data are limited, so it is unclear if any biological processes are contributing to the attenuation of the TCP plume. Physical processes that might lead to observed decreases in TCP concentration include advection, dispersion, and dilution.

3.5.3 Geochemical Conditions in the TCE Plume

Elevated dissolved iron and manganese in the two TCE Plume wells (MW61 and MW80) indicate that groundwater in this area is reduced, creating a favorable environment for reductive dechlorination of TCE.

The presence of daughter products cis-1,2-DCE and trans-1,2-DCE in MW61 demonstrate that reductive dechlorination is occurring.

3.6 Groundwater Sample Data Quality

Project and quality control (QC) analytical data were reviewed to assess whether the data met the designated quality objectives and were acceptable for project use. The project data were reviewed for deviations to the requirements presented in the CERCLA Sites Work Plan (Brice 2021); Postwide UFP-QAPP (Brice 2020); ADEC Minimum Quality Assurance Requirements for Sample Handling, Reports, and Laboratory Data Technical Memo (ADEC 2019a); and U.S. Department of Defense (DoD) Quality Systems Manual for Environmental Laboratories (QSM), Version 5.3 (DoD 2019).

Several results were qualified as potential estimates during the data review process; however, no data were rejected. In all cases, the impact to the overall project due to the data qualifications was minor. The specific data quality issues found during the review are presented in the CDQR and ADEC Laboratory Data Review Checklists in Appendix B. The reviewed data are presented in Appendix A, Table A-2, and are used in tables and figures throughout the report.

Table 3-1 Well Information and Groundwater Elevations

WELL ID	WELL LOCATION RELATIVE TO CONTAMINANT SOURCE	TOTAL WELL DEPTH (feet btoc)	SCREENED INTERVAL (feet btoc)	TOP OF CASING (NAVD88 feet) (surveyed 2019)	MAY-2019		AUG-2020		JULY-2021	
					WATER LEVEL (feet btoc)	WATER ELEVATION (NAVD88 feet)	WATER LEVEL (feet btoc)	WATER ELEVATION (NAVD88 feet)	WATER LEVEL (feet btoc)	WATER ELEVATION (NAVD88 feet)
BACKGROUND WELLS										
MW03	Background	22.3	12.3-22.3	450.61	16.17	434.44	13.11	437.50	15.30	435.31
MW13	Background	19.2	9.2-19.2	452.05	16.95	435.10	13.83	438.22	15.92	436.13
DRO PLUME WELLS										
MW06A	Source Area	22.7	12.5-22.5	450.73	16.55	434.18	13.55	437.18	15.82	434.91
MW12R	Source Area	22.5	12.4-22.4	447.66	13.39	434.27	10.30	437.36	12.59	435.07
MW33	Source Area	20.9	10.8-20.8	450.64	16.42	434.22	13.36	437.28	15.65	434.99
MW37	Downgradient	19.4	9.3-19.3	449.94	16.02	433.92	13.60	436.34	15.41	434.53
MW58	Source Area	18.3	8.2-18.2	447.96	13.82	434.14	11.30	436.66	13.12	434.84
MW62	Source Area	20.1	10.0-20.0	449.02	14.76	434.26	11.64	437.38	13.97	435.05
MW64	Downgradient	20.1	10.0-20.0	449.58	15.33	434.25	12.30	437.28	14.59	434.99
MW77	Source Area	22.7	12.6-22.6	452.62	18.61	434.01	15.63	436.99	17.96	434.66
MW82	Downgradient	21.8	11.7-21.7	451.74	17.99	433.75	15.10	436.64	17.47	434.27
1,2,3-TCP PLUME WELLS										
MW08	Upgradient	22.2	12.1-22.1	453.61	18.77	434.84	15.70	437.91	17.90	435.71
MW47	Source Area	19.8	9.8-19.8	451.27	16.72	434.55	13.68	437.59	15.64	435.63
MW79	Source Area	21.6	11.5-21.5	453.45	18.79	434.66	15.77	437.68	18.05	435.40
TCE PLUME WELLS										
MW61	Source Area	20.2	10.1-20.1	449.88	15.46	434.42	12.46	437.42	14.72	435.16
MW80	Upgradient	46.8	26.8-46.8	449.43	14.99	434.44	11.96	437.47	14.25	435.18
SENTRY WELLS										
MW78	Sentry	37.2	27.2-37.2	451.66	17.31	434.35	14.27	437.39	16.58	435.08
MW91	Sentry	76.1	56.0-76.0	451.77	17.45	434.32	14.37	437.40	16.83	434.94

Notes:

For definitions, refer to the Acronyms and Abbreviations section.

Table 3-2 2018-2021 Groundwater Sample Results - Background and DRO Plume Wells

PLUME/ LOCATION	WELL ID	DATE	GEOCHEMICAL PARAMETERS					ROD ANALYTES		
			DISSOLVED OXYGEN (mg/L)	ORP (mv)	DISSOLVED IRON (mg/L)	DISSOLVED MANGANESE (mg/L)	SULFATE (mg/L)	DRO (µg/L)	RRO (µg/L)	
ROD RGs ¹			NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	1,500	1,100	
Background	MW03	6/20/2018	0.61	-74.3	14.1	0.916	43.0	230	ND(200)	
		9/21/2018	1.42	-92.0	12.5	0.798	44.2	270	ND(200)	
		5/13/2019	0.55	-63.9	12.7	0.745	50.7	300 B	180 J,B	
		8/11/2020	0.65	41.2	13.4	0.763	14.4	ND(50)	ND(200)	
		8/6/2021	0.24	-109.2	13.6	0.804	43.8	276 J,B	281 J,B	
	MW13 ³	6/25/2018	2.32	31.6	1.00	0.323	39.8	NA	NA	
		9/21/2018	0.60	57.2	0.455	0.0851	57.0	NA	NA	
		5/13/2019	0.72	32.9	1.86	0.744	41.1	NA	NA	
		8/12/2020	0.91	198.9	0.238	0.110	41.3	NA	NA	
		8/5/2021	0.67	22.9	0.988	0.846	49.1	NA	NA	
Main DRO Plume	MW12R	6/20/2018	1.15	-152.3	11.2	1.02	30.1	760	ND(200)	
		9/26/2018	1.51	-109.0	9.32	0.897	33.4	290	ND(200)	
		5/14/2019	0.33	-104.1	9.90	0.906	35.4	330 B	160 J,B	
		8/13/2020	2.87	109.3	9.55	0.916	8.5	ND(50)	ND(200)	
		8/5/2021	0.01	-132.2	11.5	1.07	31.3	542 J,B	549 B	
	MW33	6/20/2018	0.54	-132.0	45.9	3.17	4.0	25,000	ND(4,000)	
		6/20/2018 ²			43.8	2.96	4.0	25,000	ND(4,000)	
		9/26/2018	1.30	-109.0	43.9	3.58	6.8	39,000	ND(4,000)	
		9/26/2018 ²			42.7	3.38	7.0	43,000	ND(4,000)	
		5/14/2019	0.41	-109.4	43.4	2.88	4.5	69,000 J	ND(20,000)	
		5/14/2019 ⁴			45.0	3.06	4.1	95,000 J	ND(20,000)	
		8/12/2020	0.39	-29.7	59.8	5.69	2.9	45,000	5,700 J	
		8/12/2020 ⁴			58.7	5.62	5.8	55,000	6,300 J	
		8/5/2021			55.1	4.47	6.12	70,300 J-	8,890	
	8/5/2021 ⁴	0.33	-133.3	55.6	4.47	6.12	58,900 J-	8,160		
	MW06A	6/20/2018	0.81	-153.2	20.2	1.37	16.6	5,300	ND(1,000)	
		9/26/2018	1.19	-60.4	15.2	1.03	16.4	5,300	ND(400)	
		5/16/2019	0.39	-86.5	19.5	1.18	12.5	18,000	ND(4,000)	
		8/12/2020	1.28	134.1	17.7	1.18	4.9	4,100	ND(1,000)	
		8/6/2021	0.16	-118.2	24.2	1.51	8.64	8,320	1,080 B	
	MW58	6/21/2018	1.63	-68.5	14.0	1.13	16.8	2,300	ND(400)	
		6/21/2018 ²			12.4	1.10	17.3	2,500	ND(400)	
		9/27/2018	1.60	-108.5	15.9	1.13	19.2	3,000	ND(200)	
		9/27/2018 ²			16.0	1.14	19.2	3,600	ND(200)	
		5/16/2019	0.68	-67.5	17.5	1.10	15.8	4,500	320 J,B	
		5/16/2019 ⁴			17.4	1.06	15.7	4,500	530 J,J+,B	
		8/12/2020	7.04 ⁴	140.7	5.07	0.692	7.5	1,400	240 J	
	8/5/2021	9.42 ⁵	-106.9	21.0	1.37	15.2	3,210 B	710 B		
	MW37 (downgradient)	6/21/2018	1.17	97.70	ND(0.03)	0.159	29.1	1,000	ND(200)	
		9/26/2018	1.34	68.10	ND(0.03)	0.255	32.3	950	ND(200)	
		5/14/2019	0.70	66.90	0.0774 B	1.11	27.9	1,400	210 J,B	
		8/12/2020	6.33 ⁴	140.8	0.0585 B	0.0380	32.2	290	ND(200)	
		8/6/2021	0.92	117.7	ND(0.3)	0.1110	12.6	236 J,B	ND(250)	
	Isolated DRO Plumes	MW62	6/21/2018	0.38	14.5	1.46	1.39	46.0	310	ND(200)
			9/27/2018	0.55	18.2	1.54	1.27	48.5	1,500	ND(200)
			5/14/2019	0.63	165.1	0.127	1.43	79.5	450	310 J,B
			8/12/2020	0.95	100.1	0.026 J,B	0.832	27.8	250	ND(200)
			8/5/2021	8.24 ⁵	83.9	ND(0.3)	1.37	67.1	429 J,B	791 B
		MW64 (downgradient of MW62)	6/21/2018	2.38	-15.70	2.78	0.415	12.8	ND(50)	ND(200)
			9/27/2018	1.81	-28.50	1.59	0.359	18.4	ND(50)	ND(200)
5/16/2019			0.47	-37.4	2.92	0.423	9.4	ND(50)	ND(200)	
8/13/2020			10.9 ⁴	123.7	0.0585 B	0.0379	32.2	290	ND(200)	
8/6/2021		0.20	-71.3	2.43	0.322	11.1	ND(306)	325 J,B		
MW77		6/21/2018	0.42	47.6	0.251	1.11	64.3	7,800	ND(1,000)	
		9/27/2018	0.10	19.9	ND(0.03)	0.667	53.9	4,600	ND(200)	
		5/15/2019	NM	NM	0.0767 B	0.956	55.7	7,800	ND(2,000)	
		8/12/2020	2.74	155.7	0.0214 B,J	0.617	45.9	5,000	ND(2,000)	
		8/6/2021	0.23	119.4	ND(0.3)	0.583	42.1	1,380 B	696 B	
MW82 (downgradient of MW77)		6/21/2018	1.87	126.1	ND(0.03)	0.0875	33.2	140	ND(200)	
		9/27/2018	1.57	61.10	ND(0.03)	0.0244	43.0	ND(50)	ND(200)	
		5/14/2019	0.68	102.0	0.0244 J,B	0.265	13.7	210 B	130 J,B	
		8/12/2020	5.16 ⁴	148.8	0.0607 B	0.0250	11.2	ND(50)	ND(200)	
		8/6/2021	10.9 ⁵	139.6	ND(0.3)	0.079	24.9	ND(300)	367 J,B	

Notes:

For definitions, refer to Acronyms and Abbreviations section

Red and bold results exceed RGs

Gray shaded results are non-detect with LODs that exceed the RG

¹ RG established in the OU6 ROD

² Sample is a field duplicate of the sample immediate above.

³ Background well MW13 is included with the DRO plume wells for comparison of background geochemical parameters.

⁴ Elevated DO concentrations in select wells in 2020 were due to a malfunctioning DO probe isolated to a single instrument.

⁵ Elevated DO concentrations in select wells in 2021 was due to the presence of air bubbles in the purge water caused by operator error.

Data Qualifiers:

B - result may be due to cross-contamination

J - result qualified as estimate because it is less than the LOQ or due to a QC failure. If result is biased low or high, it is specified as "J-" and "J+".

ND - not detected (LOD presented in parentheses)

Table 3-3 2018-2021 Groundwater Sample Results - TCP and TCE Plume Wells

PLUME/ LOCATION	WELL ID	DATE	GEOCHEMICAL PARAMETERS					ROD ANALYTES		NON-ROD ANALYTES (TCE DEGRADATION PRODUCTS)			
			DISSOLVED OXYGEN (mg/L)	ORP (mv)	DISSOLVED IRON (mg/L)	DISSOLVED MANGANESE (mg/L)	SULFATE (mg/L)	TCP (µg/L)	TCE (µg/L)	CIS-1,2-DCE (µg/L)	TRANS-1,2-DCE (µg/L)	VINYL CHLORIDE (µg/L)	
ROD RG ^{1,2}			NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.0075	5	70 ²	100 ²	2 ²	
Background	MW13	6/25/2018	2.32	31.6	1.00	0.323	39.8	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	NA	
		9/21/2018	0.60	57.2	0.455	0.0851	57.0	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	NA	
		5/13/2019	0.72	32.9	1.86	0.744	41.1	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	NA	
		8/12/2020	0.91	198.9	0.238	0.110	41.3	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	NA	
		8/5/2021	0.67	22.9	0.988	0.846	49.1	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	NA	
TCP Plume	MW47	6/22/2018	1.94	81.8	0.0380 J	0.0211	37.1	0.28	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		6/22/2018 ³			ND(0.04)	0.0189	35.9	0.28	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		9/21/2018	4.23	53.2	ND(0.03)	0.0295 J+	39.5	0.19	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		9/21/2018 ³			ND(0.03)	0.0311 J+	39.4	0.20	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		5/13/2019	1.01	144.1	0.0483 J	0.148	36.7	0.30	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		5/13/2019 ³			0.0353 J	0.146	32.6	0.31	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		8/11/2020			6.88 ⁴	114.8	ND(0.03) J-	0.004	39.9	0.27	NA	NA	NA
		8/5/2021	1.62	39.0	ND(0.3)	0.031	36.2	0.22	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	MW79	6/20/2018	1.40	-21.2	3.34	0.612	30.9	1.2	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		9/26/2018	1.51	-8.7	1.88	0.496	42.3	1.6	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		5/14/2019	0.82	-55.8	10.6	0.793	29.2	0.29	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		8/11/2020	3.30	130.6	0.682	0.446	57.6	4.8	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		8/4/2021	0.45	0.646	3.49	0.509	33.3	0.80	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	MW08	6/20/2018	1.39	117.1	ND(0.03)	0.0047 J	31.8	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		9/26/2018	1.66	123.6	ND(0.03)	0.0026 J,B	31.9	0.062	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		5/13/2019	2.21	141.8	0.0146 J	0.0141	40.0	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		8/11/2020	1.92	140.2	ND(0.03) J-	0.0081	42.7	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		8/5/2021	2.69	71.7	ND(0.3)	0.716 J	54.5	0.016	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	TCE Plume	MW61	6/22/2018	0.84	26.9	12.2	1.87	40.5	ND(1.0)	0.73 J	5.0	5.9	ND(0.3)
			6/22/2018 ³			NA	NA	NA	ND(1.0)	0.79 J	4.5	6.2	ND(0.3)
9/21/2018			1.58	-58.5	9.19	2.07	44.5	ND(1.0)	1.0 J-	6.7 J-	6.2 J-	ND(0.3)	
9/21/2018 ³					NA	NA	NA	ND(1.0)	0.99 J	5.9	5.5	ND(0.3)	
5/14/2019					10.5	1.44	40.2	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	0.42	
5/14/2019 ³			0.43	-68.4	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	0.40	
8/27/2019					NA	NA	NA	ND(1.0)	ND(0.3)	6.1 J+	6.5 J+	ND(0.3)	
8/27/2019 ³					0.75	-56.6	NA	NA	NA	ND(1.0)	0.67 J,J+	6.9 J+	7.0 J+
8/11/2020			0.90	131.1	6.21	1.11	46.9	ND(0.005)	ND(0.3)	4.5	4.8	ND(0.02)	
8/11/2020 ³					6.37	1.12	42.1	ND(0.005)	1.3	4.6	5.0	ND(0.02)	
8/5/2021		9.01 J+			1.57	41.0	ND(0.005)	1.1	7.5	7.1	ND(0.08)		
8/5/2021 ³		0.28	-106.4	9.00 J+	1.58	40.8	ND(0.005)	1.1	7.8	7.5	ND(0.08)		
MW80		6/21/2018	0.40	-5.80	10.3	0.833	29.2	ND(1.0)	ND(0.3)	ND(0.3)	ND(0.3)	ND(0.3)	
		9/27/2018	1.33	-119.1	9.91	0.801	31.3	ND(1.0)	ND(0.3)	ND(0.3)	ND(0.3)	ND(0.3)	
		5/15/2019	0.24	-100.4	10.6	0.812	31.8	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		8/27/2019	0.38	-112.1	NA	NA	NA	ND(1.0)	ND(0.3)	ND(0.3)	ND(0.3)	ND(0.02)	
		8/11/2020	0.65	109.0	9.30	0.754	32.1	ND(0.005)	ND(0.3)	ND(0.3)	ND(0.3)	ND(0.02)	
		8/5/2021	0.07	-130.1	10.1	0.919	31.2	ND(0.005)	ND(0.5)	ND(0.5)	ND(0.5)	ND(0.08)	
Sentry Wells		MW78	6/22/2018	0.94	-150.2	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)
			9/20/2018	1.51	-127.6	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)
	5/13/2019		0.37	-110.0	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
	8/11/2020		0.89	135.4	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
	8/4/2021		0.12	-115.5	NA	NA	NA	0.00418 J	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	MW91	6/25/2018	0.63	-159.2	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		9/21/2018	0.55	-118.9	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		5/13/2019	0.73	-120.2	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		8/11/2020	0.90	122.5	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.02)	
		8/4/2021	0.11	-137.5	NA	NA	NA	ND(0.005)	NA	NA	NA	NA	

Notes:

For definitions, refer to Acronyms and Abbreviations section

Red and bold results exceed RGs

Gray shaded results are non-detect with LODs that exceed the RG

Data Qualifiers:

B - result may be due to cross-contamination

J - result qualified as estimate because it is less than the LOQ or due to a QC failure. If result is biased low or high, it is specified as "J-" and "J+".

ND - not detected (LOD presented in parentheses)

¹ RG established in the OU6 ROD

² Non-ROD analytes (vinyl chloride; cis-1,2-DCE; and trans-1,2-DCE) are TCE reductive dechlorination daughter products and are compared to EPA MCLs

³ Sample is a field duplicate of the sample immediate above.

⁴ Elevated DO concentrations in select wells in 2020 were due to a malfunctioning DO probe isolated to a single instrument.

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4.0 CONTAMINANT TREND AND PLUME ANALYSIS

This section presents a summary of the contaminant trends and plume analysis. Current and historical data were used to support statistical analysis using the Monitoring and Remediation Optimization System (MAROS) software along with geometric regression plots. The complete results of the statistical analysis are presented in Appendix E.

4.1 Statistical Evaluation of Contaminant Concentration Trends

Groundwater monitoring data collected between 2007 and 2021 were used to conduct a statistical evaluation of groundwater contamination in the FCS. This evaluation builds on the results of previous analyses, and documents the progress towards achieving the RAOs described in the OU6 ROD (USAG Alaska 2014). The analysis tools and decision criteria are consistent with the previous analyses and recommendations from the RD/RA Work Plan for OU6 (USACE 2015).

The statistical tests used in this evaluation for individual wells include the nonparametric Mann-Kendall trend test, and a geometric (lognormal) regression plot for those wells statistically demonstrating a decreasing trend. Statistical tests for plume-wide evaluation included spatial moment analysis (for plume stability), sampling location optimization (for well redundancy), and sampling frequency optimization. The Mann-Kendall trends, spatial moment analysis, sampling location optimization, and sampling frequency optimization were calculated using the MAROS software developed by the Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence (AFCEE; AFCEE 2006).

The Groundwater Statistics Tool developed by the EPA (EPA 2014b) was used to evaluate whether or not a cleanup level has been met for a particular COC by calculating the 95% upper confidence limit (UCL) on the mean. For wells with decreasing trends, the tool can predict when to expect the cleanup level may be achieved. EPA recommends a minimum of eight data points should be used for these calculations to provide confidence that the cleanup level has been met and is expected to continue to be met (EPA 2014b). If a well has achieved the cleanup level for all COCs at this level of confidence, it may be recommended for removal from the monitoring program and decommissioning. Geometric regression plots were completed using Microsoft Excel, and the plots provided a visual representation of the trends and another estimate of the time anticipated to achieve the RG based on the 95% UCL. The complete analysis results are presented in Appendix E.

4.2 DRO and RRO Trend and Plume Analysis

4.2.1 DRO and RRO Trend Analysis

The DRO evaluation in the main DRO plume included several elements from the MAROS software: Mann Kendall trends of contaminant concentrations in individual wells, Mann-Kendall trends for contaminant plume stability (spatial moment analysis), sampling location optimization, and sampling frequency optimization. The evaluation of RRO consisted of Mann-Kendall trends in individual wells only, since RRO has been detected above the RG in only two wells and there was not sufficient information to conduct a plume-wide evaluation. The Mann-Kendall trends for DRO and RRO concentrations in individual wells within the DRO plumes are presented in Table 4-1. The results are associated with wells that have had RG exceedances of DRO and/or RRO since 2007.

Table 4-1 Mann-Kendall Trend Results for the DRO Plumes

WELL ID	RELATIVE PLUME LOCATION	ANALYTE	MANN-KENDALL STATISTIC	COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION	TREND CONFIDENCE	MANN-KENDALL TREND ¹
MAIN DRO PLUME WELLS						
MW12R	Upgradient	DRO	-63	0.90	98.6%	Decreasing
		RRO	-13	1.14	66.1%	No Trend
MW33	Source Area	DRO	85	0.72	99.9%	Increasing
		RRO	64	1.16	98.7%	Increasing
MW06A	Downgradient	DRO	13	0.52	65.0%	No Trend (Stable)
MW58	Downgradient	DRO	17	0.39	71.0%	No Trend
ISOLATED DRO PLUME WELLS						
MW62	Source Area	DRO	40	2.45	91.3%	Probably Increasing (No Trend)
		RRO	32	2.22	85.9%	No Trend
MW77	Source Area	DRO	30	1.38	86.2%	No Trend
		RRO	-20	1.23	76.2%	No Trend (Probably Decreasing)

Notes:

For definitions, refer to the Acronyms and Abbreviations section.

BOLD indicates the concentration was above the RG in 2021 (or 2020).

¹ The previous year trend is shown in parenthesis if there was a change.

The Mann-Kendall trend results in the main DRO plume wells show a decreasing trend for DRO in the upgradient well (MW12R), an increasing trend in the main source area well (MW33), and no trend in the downgradient wells (MW06A and MW58). MW33 has had the highest DRO concentrations within the main DRO plume, with concentrations consistently more than an order of magnitude higher than the RG. This suggests that the well is located in an area with residual NAPL in the soil that continues to be solubilized in the groundwater. MW06A, located immediately downgradient of MW33, had no trend (change from a stable trend the previous year) with DRO concentrations consistently above the RG. MW58 is downgradient from MW06A, and the DRO concentrations exhibit no trend, with variable detections above and below the RG since 2007 (the 2021 result was above the RG). Although not shown in Table 4-1, the DRO detections in further downgradient well MW37 are consistently below the RG. This provides evidence that the main DRO plume is not expanding.

The RRO concentration trends in the main DRO plume wells are similar to the DRO trends, with an increasing trend observed in source area well MW33. RRO also consistently exceeds the RG in this well, with the highest concentration to date observed in the 2021 sampling event. RRO is either not detected or detected at trace concentrations in the upgradient and downgradient wells, with the exception of downgradient well MW06A. In 2021, RRO was just below the RG at 1,080 B µg/L in MW06A. The last sampling event where the RRO concentration was at a concentration near the RG in this well was in July 2010 at 1,100 µg/L. However, the 2021 result was qualified “B” as potential cross-contamination due to an elevated RRO result in the associated submersible pump equipment blank sample.

The DRO concentrations within the isolated DRO plumes exhibit no trend in well MW77 and a probably increasing trend in MW62. In MW62, DRO and RRO have been detected at or below the RG in ten consecutive sampling events (including 2021). Although the DRO and RRO concentrations have shown wide variation in the past, sampling results since 2012 have been generally consistent which indicates the

residual NAPL in the surrounding soil may be depleted. DRO and RRO concentrations in downgradient well MW64 have also remained below the RG, indicating natural attenuation may have reduced groundwater contamination to below the RG upgradient of this well.

The DRO concentrations in MW77 exhibit no trend and were above the RG for four consecutive sampling events between 2018 and 2020, but marginally below the RG in 2021. The sampling events between 2018 and 2020 were the longest string of consecutive sampling events with DRO exceedances; however, the DRO concentrations in downgradient well MW82 remain below the RG.

Since RRO is not typically detected in MW62 and MW77, the Mann-Kendall analysis did not identify a trend.

4.2.2 DRO Trend Analysis Using EPA Groundwater Statistics Tool

Geometric regression analysis and estimation of the time to cleanup using the EPA statistics tool was completed for DRO in MW12R, since this was the only well within the DRO plumes with a decreasing trend based on Mann-Kendall trend analysis. The results of the analysis are summarized in Table 4-2, and the complete results are presented in Appendix E.

Table 4-2 Statistical Evaluation of DRO in MW12R

WELL ID	TREND RESULT	NUMBER OF DATA POINTS	95% UCL (mg/L)	HAS RG BEEN ACHIEVED?	YEAR EXPECTED TO ACHIEVE RG BASED ON 95% UCL? ("ATTAINMENT COMPLETE") ¹
MW12R	Decreasing	19	10.5	No	2020

Notes:

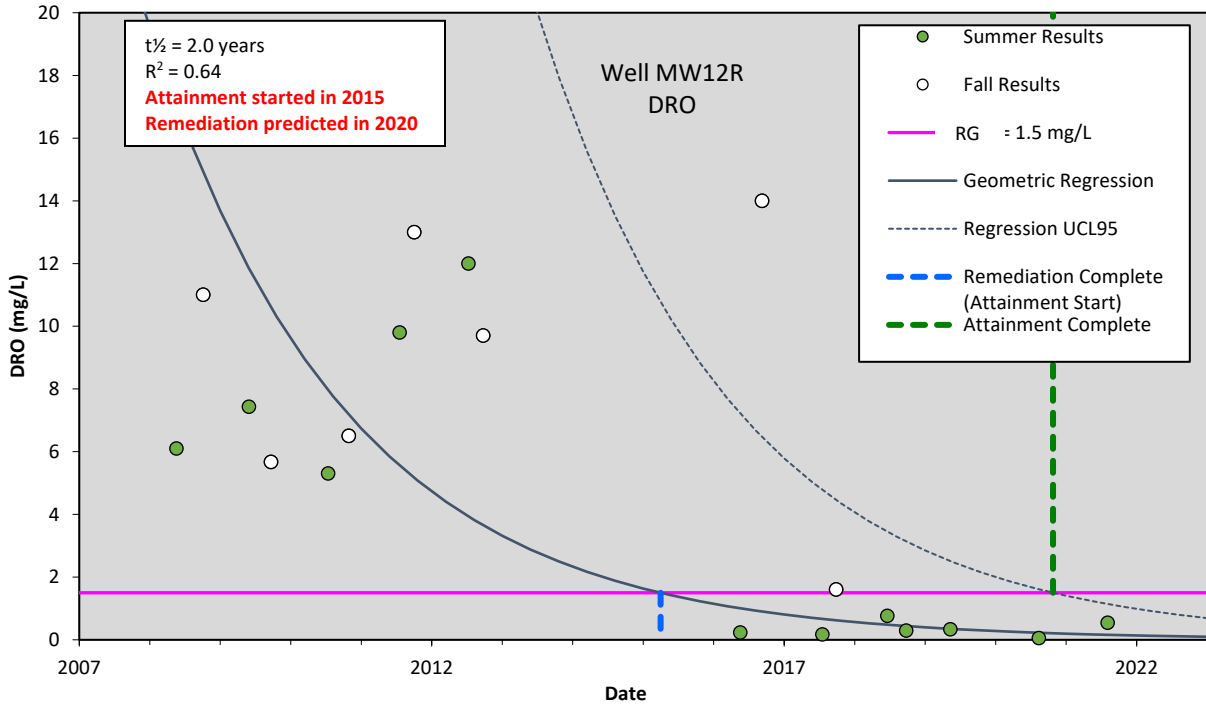
For definitions, refer to the Acronyms and Abbreviations section.

The analysis is based on the EPA Groundwater Statistics Tool, available from <https://www.epa.gov/superfund/superfund-groundwater-groundwater-response-completion>.

¹ The Attainment Complete date was determined from the geometric regression plot (Graph 4-1).

The geometric regression plot is presented on Graph 4-1 and shows that DRO concentrations were expected to achieve the RG in 2015 (identified in the graph as “Remediation Complete”, also defined by EPA as “Attainment Start”). The geometric regression plot for MW12R based on the 95% UCL indicates that statistical attainment (defined by EPA as “Attainment Complete”) of the RG was achieved in 2020. This is an estimated date based on the data collected after remediation was completed in 2015. However, the EPA statistics tool shows that the RG has not been achieved (Table 4-2) and is most likely caused by the high concentration observed during the September 2016 sampling event. Although the RG has not been achieved under the EPA statistics tool, all samples collected after the September 2016 event were below or just marginally above the RG. In addition, the EPA statistics tool requires at least eight data points to run the analysis; therefore, beginning in 2022 the analyses could be conducted with the data collected beginning in 2017 to evaluate the time to achieve the RG.

Graph 4-1 Geometric Regression of DRO Concentrations in MW12R



4.2.3 DRO and RRO Plume Analysis

Further evaluation of the stability of the main DRO plume was conducted using the spatial moment analysis tools associated with the MAROS software. The analysis consisted of the zeroth moment (estimate of contaminant dissolved mass), first moment (estimate of the location of the center of mass relative to the source), and the second moment (estimate of plume spread in the direction of and perpendicular to groundwater flow). One of the most important input parameters for this analysis is the makeup of the monitoring network. The results can be easily biased if different wells or different numbers of wells are included in the various monitoring events associated with the analysis. For consistency with this assumption, the monitoring well network used for the 2021 sampling event was used to evaluate plume trends. This includes the main DRO plume wells (MW06A, MW12R, MW33, and MW58) and surrounding wells (MW37, MW64, and MW82). A summary of the plume stability results for the main DRO plume network is presented in Table 4-3. The complete results are presented in Appendix E.

Table 4-3 Plume Stability Results for the Main DRO Plume Network

PLUME STABILITY PARAMETER	MANN-KENDALL DRO TREND ¹
Zeroth Moment (Dissolved Mass)	No Trend
First Moment (Distance from the Source to the Center of Mass)	No Trend
Second Moment (Plume Spread) <i>Parallel to Groundwater Flow</i> <i>Perpendicular to Groundwater Flow</i>	Stable Stable

Notes:

For definitions, refer to the Acronyms and Abbreviations section.

¹ Based on monitoring results between 2016 and 2021.

The plume stability results indicate there is no trend for the dissolved DRO mass since 2016. There has been wide variation in DRO concentrations over time in several wells due to fluctuations in groundwater elevations and residual NAPL remaining in source area soils; however, this has not resulted in a significant change in overall dissolved mass within the DRO plume. The first moment results indicate there is no trend in the distance from the source to the center of mass since 2016. This trend appears to be significantly influenced by the estimate of the center of mass location based on the September 2016 results. Between 2017 and 2021 the center of mass has varied between 142 and 214 feet from the source.

The second moment results indicate stable trends in the plume spread parallel and perpendicular to groundwater flow. These results suggest there is no downgradient migration of DRO above the RG from the source area, since no exceedances of the RG for DRO have been observed outside of the four wells that are associated with the main DRO plume. This trend will continue to be evaluated in future monitoring events.

4.2.4 DRO Plume Redundancy and Sample Frequency Analysis

In addition to stability of the DRO plume, potential redundancy of the monitoring network and sampling frequency were evaluated using the MAROS software. The complete analysis results are presented in Appendix E and are summarized in this section. Results from the monitoring well redundancy evaluation showed that the DRO plume is primarily characterized by a moderate level of uncertainty, and suggests the DRO plume has been adequately delineated. In addition, the redundancy evaluation did not recommend removal of any wells from the monitoring network. This is supported by the qualitative observation that the wells surrounding the main DRO plume area are the most immediate downgradient wells for the main DRO plume and/or the MW62 and MW77 DRO plumes.

The sampling frequency evaluation showed that annual sampling would be sufficient to monitor DRO concentration changes over time in the main DRO plume in all wells but MW33, for which quarterly sampling was recommended. Previous analysis has shown that there is not a strong seasonal effect on DRO concentration in the main DRO plume area, with the exception of concentrations in MW33 (USACE 2018). In areas where residual NAPL exists, typically highest contaminant concentrations are measured when groundwater elevations are lowest as NAPL is allowed to drain from soils onto the groundwater surface. The groundwater elevations in 2021 were lower than the 2020 sampling event, and in general, DRO concentrations were higher in 2021. Despite seasonal effects on DRO in MW33, continued annual sampling for all wells is recommended and will be sufficient for decision making at the site.

4.3 TCP Trend Analysis

4.3.1 TCP Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis

The TCP plume was evaluated using Mann-Kendall concentration trends from the MAROS software, and geometric regression for wells with a decreasing trend. The Mann-Kendall trends for the TCP concentration in each of the wells is presented in Table 4-4. Complete results of the trend analysis are presented in Appendix E.

Table 4-4 Mann-Kendall Trend Results for the TCP Plume, MW47 and MW79

WELL ID	RELATIVE PLUME LOCATION	ANALYTE	MANN-KENDALL STATISTIC	COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION	TREND CONFIDENCE	TREND
MW47	Downgradient	TCP	-57	0.57	98.4%	Decreasing
MW79	Source Area	TCP	40	1.09	94.6%	Probably Increasing

Notes:

For definitions, refer to the Acronyms and Abbreviations section.

BOLD indicates the concentration was above the RG in 2021 (or 2020).

The trend results show the TCP concentration is decreasing in downgradient well MW47 and exhibits a probably increasing trend in well MW79. Concentrations were above the RG in both wells during 2021, and have been consistently detected above the RG since analysis began in 2007. However, TCP has remained below the RG outside of the TCP plume (including upgradient wells, and wells that are in the downgradient, but slightly crossgradient direction), suggesting minimal plume spread from the source area.

4.3.2 TCP Trend Analysis Using EPA Groundwater Statistics Tool

The TCP concentrations in MW47 were further evaluated using the EPA Groundwater Statistics tool since the concentrations exhibited a decreasing trend. MW79 was not evaluated since the well does not have a decreasing TCP trend. The TCP concentration in MW08 was also evaluated, since this upgradient well has had several RG exceedances since 2007 (most recently in July 2012) and has a visually obvious trend (Mann-Kendall analysis was not performed due to the inconsistent detections). The results of the analysis are summarized in Table 4-5, and the complete results are presented in Appendix E.

Table 4-5 Statistical Evaluation of TCP in MW47 and MW08

WELL ID	TREND RESULT	NUMBER OF DATA POINTS	95% UCL (µg/L)	HAS RG BEEN ACHIEVED?	YEAR EXPECTED TO ACHIEVE RG BASED ON 95% UCL? ("Attainment Complete") ¹
MW47	Decreasing	18	0.49	No	2038
MW08	Decreasing	16	0.11	No	2024

Notes:

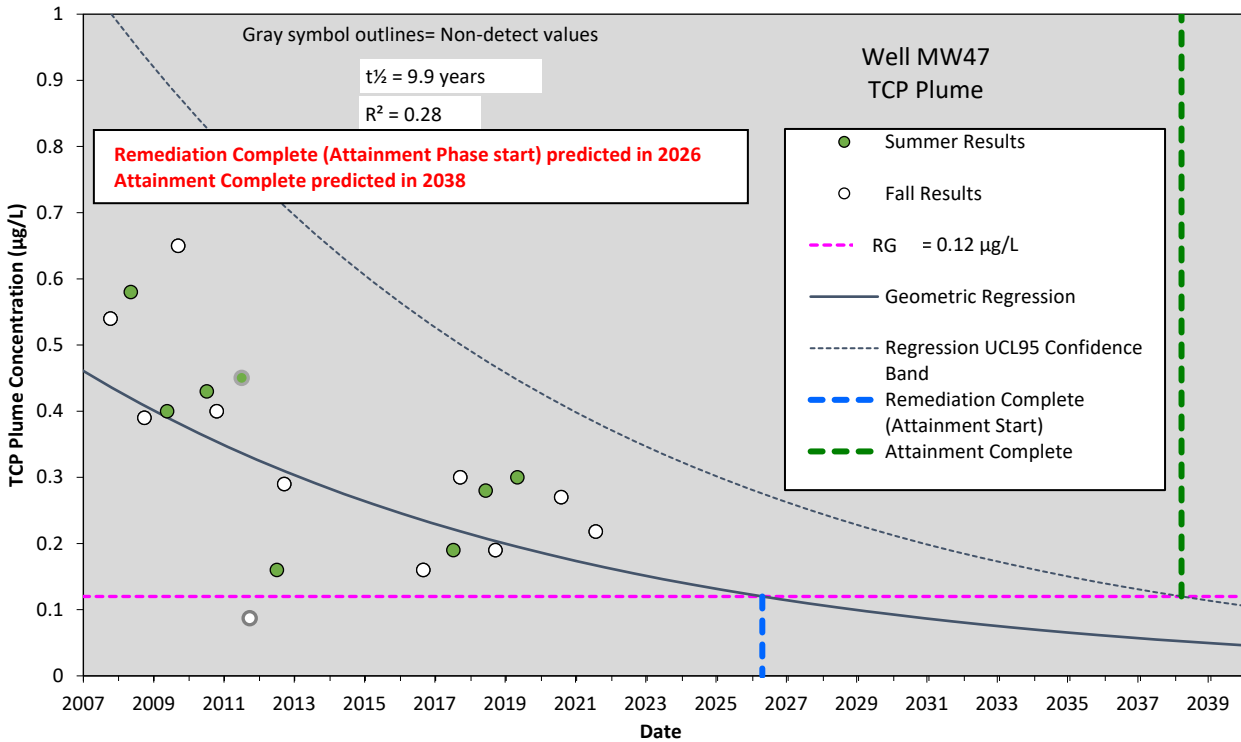
For definitions, refer to the Acronyms and Abbreviations section.

The analysis is based on the EPA Groundwater Statistics Tool, available from <https://www.epa.gov/superfund/superfund-groundwater-groundwater-response-completion>.

¹ The Attainment Complete date was determined from the geometric regression plot (Graph 4-2) for MW47. The plot for MW08 was constructed but not shown for simplicity.

The geometric regression plot for MW47 (Graph 4-2) shows that TCP exhibits a decreasing trend and that TCP concentrations are expected to achieve the RG in 2038 (identified in the graph as "Remediation Complete", also defined by EPA as "Attainment Start"). The geometric regression plot for MW47 based on the 95% UCL indicates that statistical attainment (defined by EPA as "Attainment Complete") of the RG could be achieved by 2038 if the present trend continues. A decreasing trend is also observed in MW08, and the concentration is expected to achieve the RG based on the 95% UCL in 2024 (geometric regression plot not shown).

Graph 4-2 Geometric Regression of TCP Concentrations in MW47



4.4 TCE Trend Analysis

TCE concentration trends were evaluated using the Mann-Kendall test from the MAROS software, and the cleanup complete evaluation was completed using geometric regression and the EPA Statistics Tool. Complete results of the trend analysis are presented in Appendix E.

4.4.1 TCE Mann-Kendall Trend Analysis

The Mann-Kendall trend analysis for MW61 is summarized in Table 4-6. A trend for MW80 was not determined since TCE has not been detected in this well since 2010. The Mann-Kendall trend results in Table 4-6 show TCE concentrations are decreasing with 100 percent confidence.

Table 4-6 Mann-Kendall Trend Results for the TCE Plume, MW61

WELL ID	ANALYTE	MANN-KENDALL STATISTIC	COEFFICIENT OF VARIATION	TREND CONFIDENCE	TREND
MW61	TCE	-126	1.01	100.0%	Decreasing

Notes:

For definitions, refer to the Acronyms and Abbreviations section.

4.4.2 TCE Trend Analysis Using EPA Groundwater Statistics Tool

Based on the Mann-Kendall result, the TCE concentrations were further evaluated using the EPA Groundwater Statistics tool, and the results are summarized in Table 4-7.

Table 4-7 Cleanup Complete Evaluation for TCE in MW61

WELL ID	TREND RESULT	NUMBER OF DATA POINTS ¹	95% UCL (µg/L)	ACHIEVE RG?
MW61	Decreasing	13	2.69	Yes

Notes:

For definitions, refer to the Acronyms and Abbreviations section.

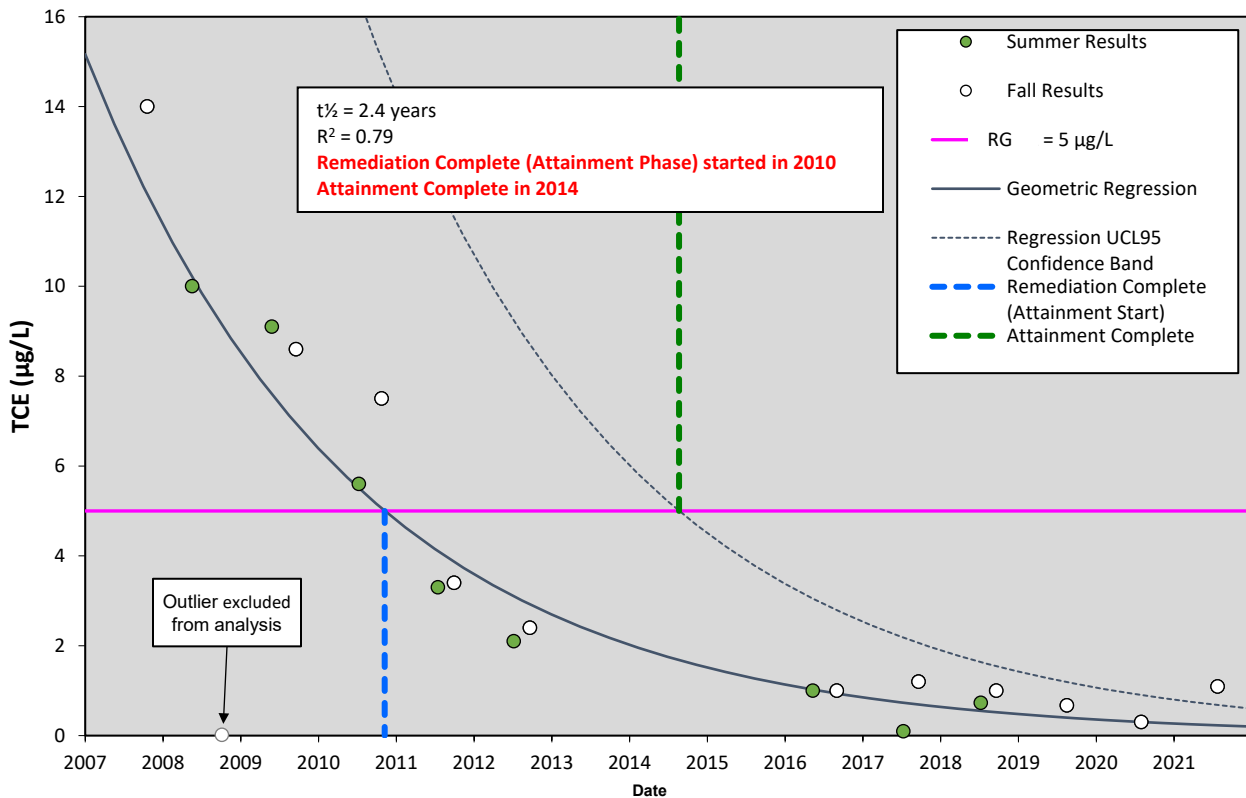
The analysis is based on the EPA Groundwater Statistics Tool, available from <https://www.epa.gov/superfund/superfund-groundwater-groundwater-response-completion>.

Gray shading indicates the RG has been achieved and will continue to achieve at a 95% confidence limit

¹ Number of data points represents the attainment phase.

The Cleanup Complete evaluation was completed using results from the attainment phase, or when TCE concentrations remained below the RG beginning in 2011. The results show the 95% UCL is less than the RG and a decreasing trend is observed. The time-series results from MW61 are reasonably described by a first-order decay regression curve with a half-life of 2.4 years (Graph 4-3). The 95% UCL of the regression curve suggests that remedial goals were met in 2014 at MW61. This indicates that the TCE RG has been achieved in accordance with EPA requirements (EPA 2014b).

Graph 4-3 Geometric Regression of TCE Concentrations in MW61



5.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Historical data have defined five groundwater plumes in the OU6 FCS: the main DRO plume, the isolated MW62 and MW77 DRO plumes, the TCP plume, and the TCE plume. Groundwater monitoring results between 2007 and 2021 were used to conduct an evaluation of the groundwater contaminant plumes in the OU6 FCS. In general, the results showed the contaminant plumes are adequately delineated and are not expanding. The following sections summarize the condition of the OU6 FCS plumes and discuss recommendations for future groundwater sampling activities.

5.1 DRO Plume Summary

In general, DRO concentrations within the main DRO plume were higher in 2021 compared to 2020, most likely the result of lower groundwater elevations encountered during the 2021 groundwater sampling event. An evaluation of the DRO contaminant trends shows that DRO concentrations at the edges of the main plume are stable. DRO and RRO concentrations in the interior of the plume are expected to persist above the RG, due to residual NAPL remaining in the soils that continues to be solubilized in the groundwater. Higher concentrations of dissolved iron and manganese, and lower concentrations of sulfate, are evidence that metal and sulfate reduction are significant biodegradation processes in the main DRO plume source area. An estimation of the time to cleanup could only be determined for slightly upgradient well MW12R (met in 2020 based on geometric regression) as it was the only well associated with the main DRO plume that had a decreasing trend. When NAPL within the main DRO plume is depleted and no longer generates dissolved contaminant concentrations, decreasing trends in other wells should become apparent.

The two outlying plumes that are identified by single monitoring wells, MW62 and MW77, appear to represent smaller, lower concentration source areas. The DRO concentration in MW62 did not exceed the RG in 2021 and has only exceeded the RG once since 2012. Assuming DRO remains below the RG in MW62 in 2022, the cleanup attainment timeframe could be calculated following the EPA guidance (EPA 2014b). DRO concentrations in MW77, while highly variable, exceeded the RG from the 2018 through 2020 sampling events, but did not exceed the RG in the 2021 sampling event.

5.2 TCP Plume Summary

TCP concentrations in MW47 and MW79 have consistently (with the exception of the 2011 sampling events of MW47) exceeded the RG. TCP concentrations in MW47 have a decreasing Mann-Kendall trend while MW79 has a probably increasing trend. The probably increasing between 2019 and 2021 was a result of the significantly elevated 2020 TCP concentration. The TCP concentration in 2020 was more than two times higher than the maximum detection between 2008 and 2019. Although the TCP trend in MW79 remains as a probably increasing trend in 2021, the TCP concentration was lower in 2021 than in 2020, and was similar to concentrations observed in past sampling events. TCP has remained below the RG in surrounding wells, suggesting minimal plume spread from the source area has occurred. Natural attenuation processes are expected to reduce concentrations in downgradient monitoring well MW47, and the 95% UCL is predicted to be below the RG in 2038. In contrast, exceedances will likely continue at monitoring well MW79 until the suspected TCP soil source is depleted.

5.3 TCE Plume Summary

TCE concentrations at MW61 have been less than the RG since 2011, and TCE has never exceeded the RG in MW80 and has not been detected since 2010. Statistical analysis shows a continued decreasing trend at MW61, and the 95% UCL of the regression curve suggests that remedial goals were met in 2014. This indicates that the TCE RG has been achieved in accordance with EPA requirements (EPA 2014b).

5.4 Recommendations

It is recommended that consideration be made to remove the wells listed below from the OU6 monitoring well program.

- TCE plume wells MW61 and MW80: Although TCE is typically detected in well MW61, it has remained below the RG for 11 years, over 13 sampling events. Statistical analysis shows the remedial goal was achieved in 2014. Moreover, TCE daughter products have not exceeded EPA MCLs. TCE in well MW80 has never exceeded the RG since its installation and has not been detected for 11 years.
- Background wells MW03 and MW13: Background concentrations at this site have been well established and continued sampling of these wells does not provide additional benefit to the monitoring program.

No other changes to the monitoring program are recommended at this time.

6.0 REFERENCES

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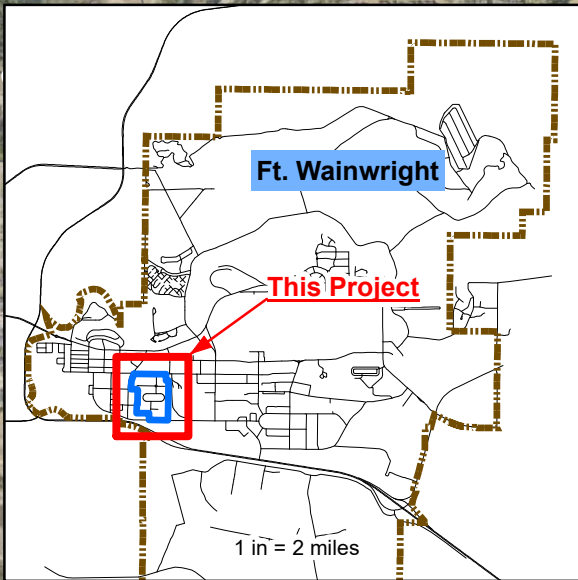
EPA. 2014b. *Recommended Approach for Evaluating Completion of Groundwater Restoration Remedial Actions at a Groundwater Monitoring Well*. OSWER 9283.1-44. August.

Wiedemeier, T.H, J.T, Wilson, D.H. Kampbell, R.N. Miller, J.E. Hansen. 1999. *Technical Protocol for Implementing Intrinsic Remediation with Long-Term Monitoring for Natural Attenuation of Fuel Contamination Dissolved in Groundwater*. Air Force Center for Environmental Excellence. March.

Yan J, Rash BA, Rainey FA, Moe WM. 2009. *Isolation of novel bacteria within the Chloroflexi capable of reductive dechlorination of 1,2,3-trichloropropane*. Environ Microbiol 11:833–843.

FIGURES

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Note:
 1. Coordinate Systems: Horizontal - World Geodetic System of 1984 (WGS84), Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 6N, U.S. Survey in Meters (displayed in feet). Vertical (where applicable) - North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88) in meters.

Source:
 1. Aerial imagery (dated 2020) obtained from the Fairbanks North Star Borough GIS (Geographic Information System) Department (Pictometry_2020_4in_Fairbanks.SID).



2021 OPERABLE UNIT 6 MONITORING REPORT
 U.S. ARMY GARRISON ALASKA

SITE LOCATION AND VICINITY

DATE:
 6/17/2022

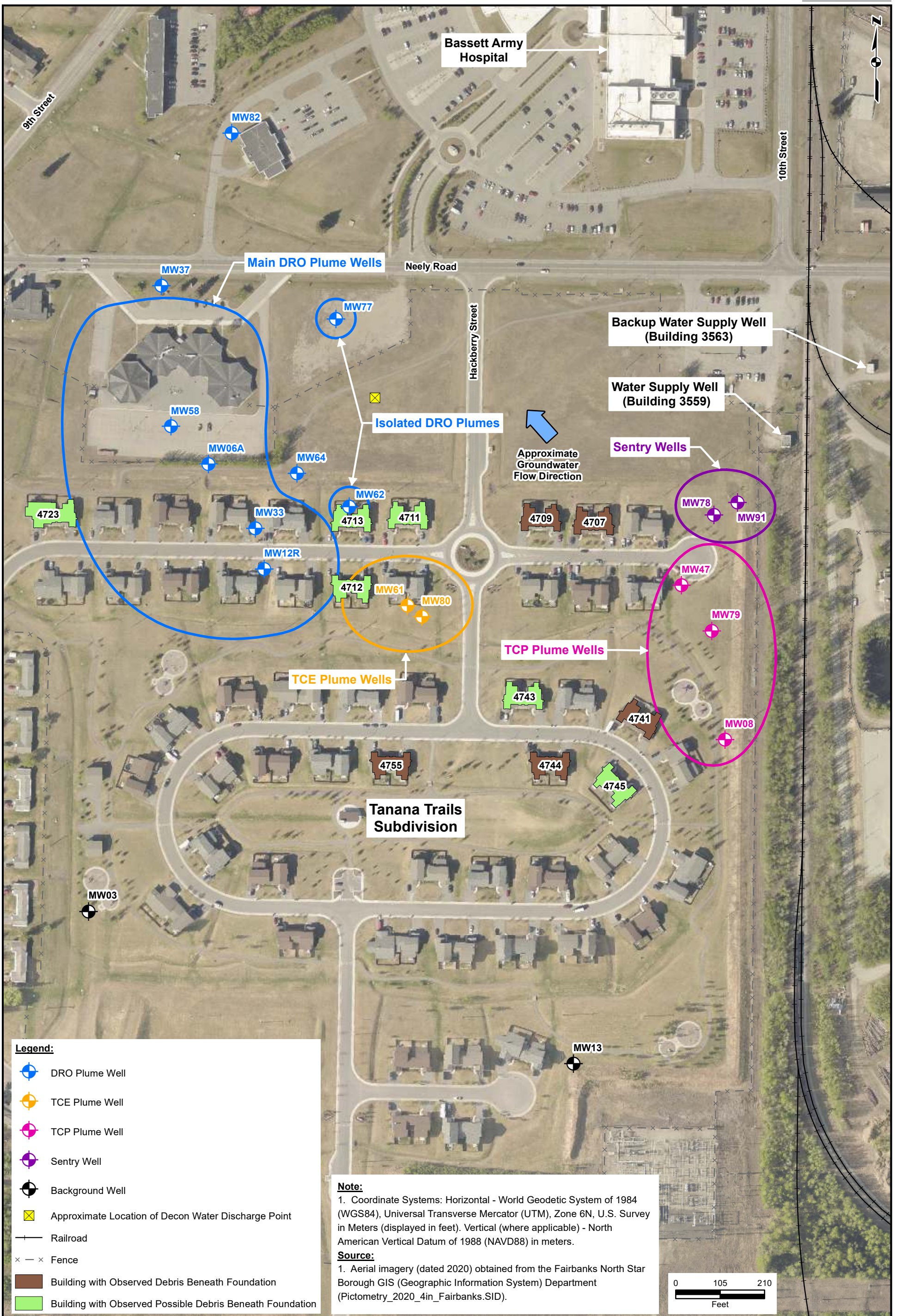
Project No.:
 551229

P.M. / DRAWN
 V.R. / C.B.

FIGURE:

1-1

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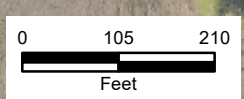


Legend:

- DRO Plume Well
- TCE Plume Well
- TCP Plume Well
- Sentry Well
- Background Well
- Approximate Location of Decon Water Discharge Point
- Railroad
- Fence
- Building with Observed Debris Beneath Foundation
- Building with Observed Possible Debris Beneath Foundation

Note:
 1. Coordinate Systems: Horizontal - World Geodetic System of 1984 (WGS84), Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 6N, U.S. Survey in Meters (displayed in feet). Vertical (where applicable) - North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88) in meters.

Source:
 1. Aerial imagery (dated 2020) obtained from the Fairbanks North Star Borough GIS (Geographic Information System) Department (Pictometry_2020_4in_Fairbanks.SID).



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2021 OPERABLE UNIT 6 MONITORING REPORT
 U.S. ARMY GARRISON ALASKA






GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS SAMPLED IN 2021

PROJECT No.:	551229
DATE:	10/26/2021
P.M./DRAWN:	V.R. / C.B.

FIGURE:
2-1



Legend:

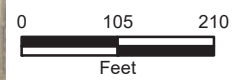
-  Monitoring Well Sampled in 2021 - Groundwater Elevation in NAVD88, Feet
-  Groundwater Monitoring Well Groundwater Elevation was not used in Contour Calculation
-  Groundwater Elevation Contour - 13 July 2021, Contour Interval = 0.2 feet
-  Railroad
-  Fence

Notes:

1. Coordinate Systems: Horizontal - World Geodetic System of 1984 (WGS84), Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 6N, U.S. Survey in Meters (displayed in feet). Vertical (where applicable) - North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88) in feet.

Source:

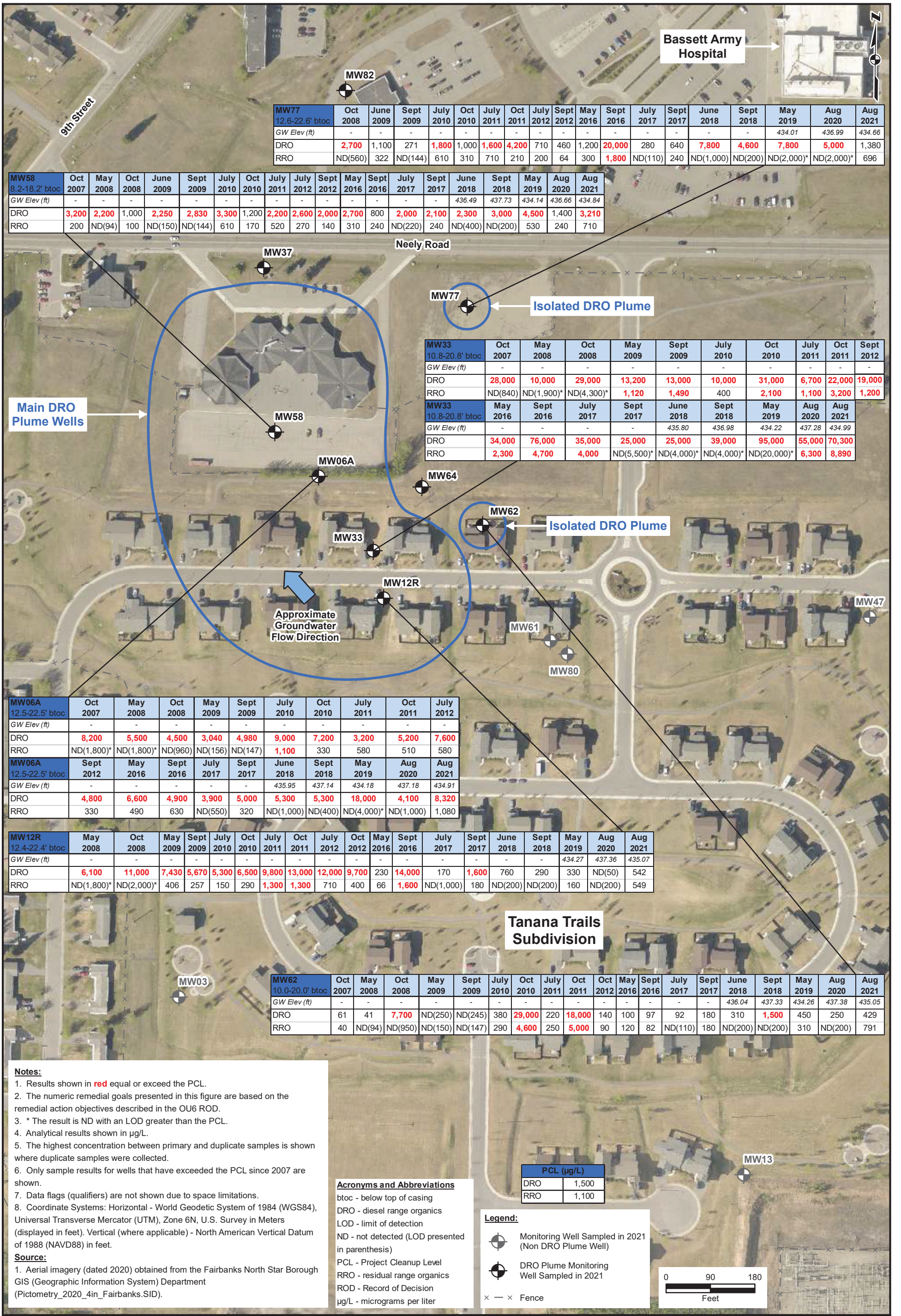
1. Aerial imagery (dated 2020) obtained from the Fairbanks North Star Borough GIS (Geographic Information System) Department (Pictometry_2020_4in_Fairbanks.SID).



2021 OPERABLE UNIT 6 MONITORING REPORT
 U.S. ARMY GARRISON ALASKA
GROUNDWATER ELEVATION CONTOURS

PROJECT No.:	551229
DATE:	10/22/2021
P.M./DRAWN:	V.R. / C.B.

FIGURE:
3-1



MW77 12.6-22.6' btoc	Oct 2008	June 2009	Sept 2009	July 2010	Oct 2010	July 2011	Oct 2011	July 2012	Sept 2012	May 2016	Sept 2016	July 2017	Sept 2017	June 2018	Sept 2018	May 2019	Aug 2020	Aug 2021	
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	434.01	436.99	434.66
DRO	2,700	1,100	271	1,800	1,000	1,600	4,200	710	460	1,200	20,000	280	640	7,800	4,600	7,800	5,000	1,380	
RRO	ND(560)	322	ND(144)	610	310	710	210	200	64	300	1,800	ND(110)	240	ND(1,000)	ND(200)	ND(2,000)*	ND(2,000)*	696	

MW58 8.2-18.2' btoc	Oct 2007	May 2008	Oct 2008	June 2009	Sept 2009	July 2010	Oct 2010	July 2011	July 2012	Sept 2012	May 2016	Sept 2016	July 2017	Sept 2017	June 2018	Sept 2018	May 2019	Aug 2020	Aug 2021
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	436.49	437.73	434.14	436.66	434.84
DRO	3,200	2,200	1,000	2,250	2,830	3,300	1,200	2,200	2,600	2,000	2,700	800	2,000	2,100	2,300	3,000	4,500	1,400	3,210
RRO	200	ND(94)	100	ND(150)	ND(144)	610	170	520	270	140	310	240	ND(220)	240	ND(400)	ND(200)	530	240	710

MW33 10.8-20.8' btoc	Oct 2007	May 2008	Oct 2008	May 2009	Sept 2009	July 2010	Oct 2010	July 2011	Oct 2011	Sept 2012
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DRO	28,000	10,000	29,000	13,200	13,000	10,000	31,000	6,700	22,000	19,000
RRO	ND(840)	ND(1,900)*	ND(4,300)*	1,120	1,490	400	2,100	1,100	3,200	1,200

MW33 10.8-20.8' btoc	May 2016	Sept 2016	July 2017	Sept 2017	June 2018	Sept 2018	May 2019	Aug 2020	Aug 2021
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	-	435.80	436.98	434.22	437.28	434.99
DRO	34,000	76,000	35,000	25,000	39,000	95,000	55,000	70,300	
RRO	2,300	4,700	4,000	ND(5,500)*	ND(4,000)*	ND(4,000)*	ND(20,000)*	6,300	8,890

MW06A 12.5-22.5' btoc	Oct 2007	May 2008	Oct 2008	May 2009	Sept 2009	July 2010	Oct 2010	July 2011	Oct 2011	July 2012
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DRO	8,200	5,500	4,500	3,040	4,980	9,000	7,200	3,200	5,200	7,600
RRO	ND(1,800)*	ND(1,800)*	ND(960)	ND(156)	ND(147)	1,100	330	580	510	580

MW06A 12.5-22.5' btoc	Sept 2012	May 2016	Sept 2016	July 2017	Sept 2017	May 2019	Aug 2020	Aug 2021		
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	-	-	435.95	437.14	434.18	437.18	434.91
DRO	4,800	6,600	4,900	3,900	5,000	5,300	18,000	4,100	8,320	
RRO	330	490	630	ND(550)	320	ND(1,000)	ND(4,000)*	ND(1,000)	1,080	

MW12R 12.4-22.4' btoc	May 2008	Oct 2008	May 2009	Sept 2009	July 2010	Oct 2010	July 2011	Oct 2011	July 2012	Oct 2012	May 2016	Sept 2016	July 2017	Sept 2017	June 2018	Sept 2018	May 2019	Aug 2020	Aug 2021
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DRO	6,100	11,000	7,430	5,670	5,300	6,500	9,800	13,000	12,000	9,700	230	14,000	170	1,600	760	290	330	ND(50)	542
RRO	ND(1,800)*	ND(2,000)*	406	257	150	290	1,300	1,300	710	400	66	1,600	ND(1,000)	180	ND(200)	ND(200)	160	ND(200)	549

MW62 10.0-20.0' btoc	Oct 2007	May 2008	Oct 2008	May 2009	Sept 2009	July 2010	Oct 2010	July 2011	Oct 2011	Oct 2012	May 2016	Sept 2016	July 2017	Sept 2017	June 2018	Sept 2018	May 2019	Aug 2020	Aug 2021
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DRO	61	41	7,700	ND(250)	ND(245)	380	29,000	220	18,000	140	100	97	92	180	310	1,500	450	250	429
RRO	40	ND(94)	ND(950)	ND(150)	ND(147)	290	4,600	250	5,000	90	120	82	ND(110)	180	ND(200)	ND(200)	310	ND(200)	791

Notes:

- Results shown in red equal or exceed the PCL.
- The numeric remedial goals presented in this figure are based on the remedial action objectives described in the OU6 ROD.
- * The result is ND with an LOD greater than the PCL.
- Analytical results shown in µg/L.
- The highest concentration between primary and duplicate samples is shown where duplicate samples were collected.
- Only sample results for wells that have exceeded the PCL since 2007 are shown.
- Data flags (qualifiers) are not shown due to space limitations.
- Coordinate Systems: Horizontal - World Geodetic System of 1984 (WGS84), Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 6N, U.S. Survey in Meters (displayed in feet). Vertical (where applicable) - North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88) in feet.

Source:

- Aerial imagery (dated 2020) obtained from the Fairbanks North Star Borough GIS (Geographic Information System) Department (Pictometry_2020_4in_Fairbanks.SID).

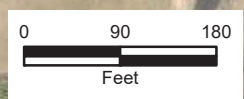
Acronyms and Abbreviations

btoc - below top of casing
 DRO - diesel range organics
 LOD - limit of detection
 ND - not detected (LOD presented in parenthesis)
 PCL - Project Cleanup Level
 RRO - residual range organics
 ROD - Record of Decision
 µg/L - micrograms per liter

PCL (µg/L)	
DRO	1,500
RRO	1,100

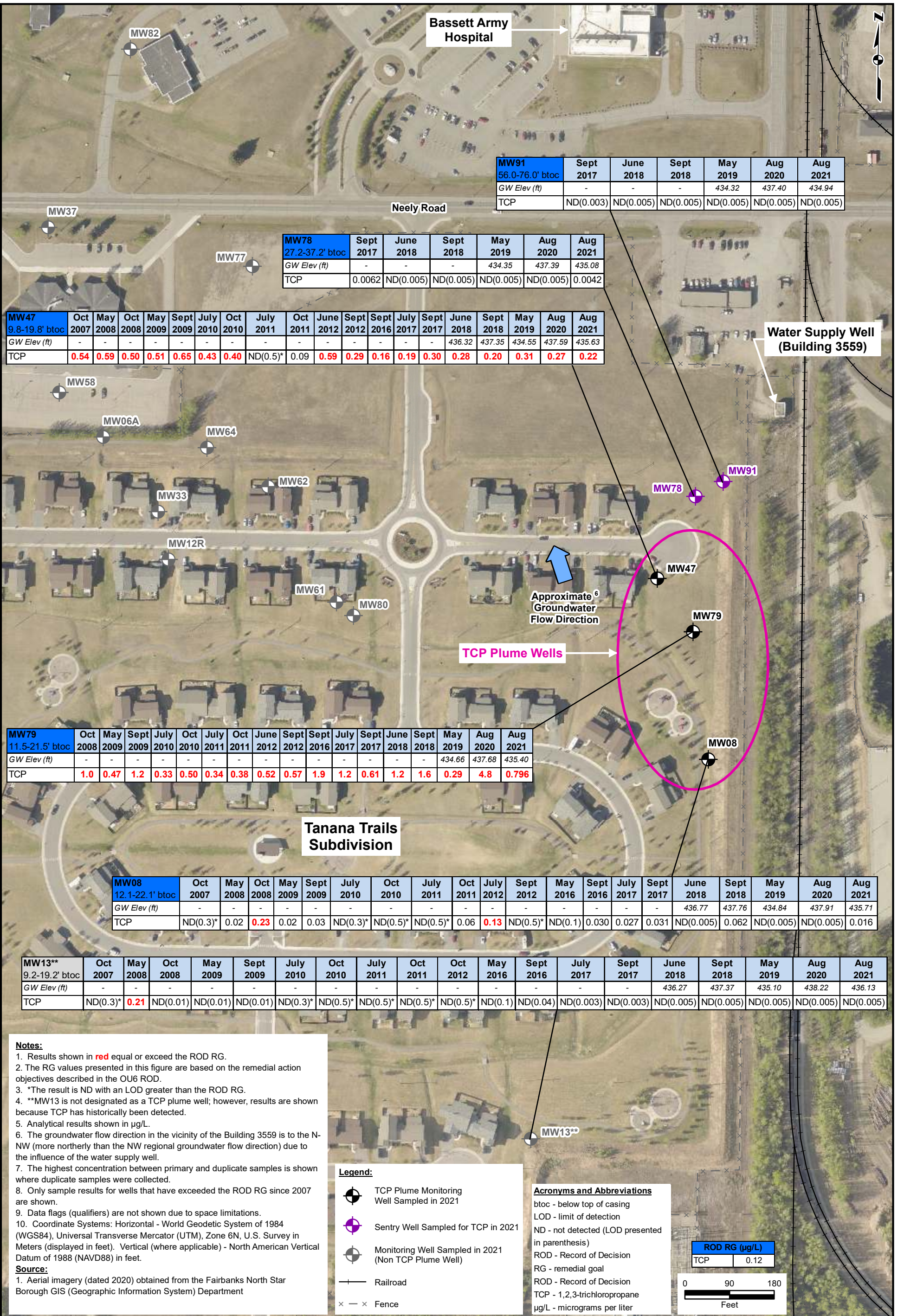
Legend:

- Monitoring Well Sampled in 2021 (Non DRO Plume Well)
- DRO Plume Monitoring Well Sampled in 2021
- Fence



2021 OPERABLE UNIT 6 MONITORING REPORT
 U.S. ARMY GARRISON ALASKA
DRO PLUME GROUNDWATER SAMPLE RESULTS

PROJECT No.: 551229	FIGURE: 3-2
DATE: 10/22/2021	
P.M./DRAWN: V.R. / C.B.	



MW91 56.0-76.0' btoc	Sept 2017	June 2018	Sept 2018	May 2019	Aug 2020	Aug 2021
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	434.32	437.40	434.94
TCP	ND(0.003)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)

MW78 27.2-37.2' btoc	Sept 2017	June 2018	Sept 2018	May 2019	Aug 2020	Aug 2021
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	434.35	437.39	435.08
TCP	0.0062	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	0.0042

MW47 9.8-19.8' btoc	Oct 2007	May 2008	Oct 2008	May 2009	Sept 2009	July 2010	Oct 2010	July 2011	Oct 2011	June 2012	Sept 2012	Sept 2016	July 2017	Sept 2017	June 2018	Sept 2018	May 2019	Aug 2020	Aug 2021
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	436.32	437.35	434.55	437.59	435.63
TCP	0.54	0.59	0.50	0.51	0.65	0.43	0.40	ND(0.5)*	0.09	0.59	0.29	0.16	0.19	0.30	0.28	0.20	0.31	0.27	0.22

MW79 11.5-21.5' btoc	Oct 2008	May 2009	Sept 2009	July 2010	Oct 2010	July 2011	Oct 2011	June 2012	Sept 2012	Sept 2016	July 2017	Sept 2017	June 2018	Sept 2018	May 2019	Aug 2020	Aug 2021
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	434.66	437.68	435.40
TCP	1.0	0.47	1.2	0.33	0.50	0.34	0.38	0.52	0.57	1.9	1.2	0.61	1.2	1.6	0.29	4.8	0.796

MW08 12.1-22.1' btoc	Oct 2007	May 2008	Oct 2008	May 2009	Sept 2009	July 2010	Oct 2010	July 2011	Oct 2011	July 2012	Sept 2012	May 2016	Sept 2016	July 2017	Sept 2017	June 2018	Sept 2018	May 2019	Aug 2020	Aug 2021	
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	436.77	437.76	434.84	437.91	435.71	
TCP	ND(0.3)*	0.02	0.23	0.02	0.03	ND(0.3)*	ND(0.5)*	ND(0.5)*	ND(0.5)*	0.06	0.13	ND(0.5)*	ND(0.1)	0.030	0.027	0.031	ND(0.005)	0.062	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	0.016

MW13** 9.2-19.2' btoc	Oct 2007	May 2008	Oct 2008	May 2009	Sept 2009	July 2010	Oct 2010	July 2011	Oct 2011	Oct 2012	May 2016	Sept 2016	July 2017	Sept 2017	June 2018	Sept 2018	May 2019	Aug 2020	Aug 2021	
GW Elev (ft)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	436.27	437.37	435.10	438.22	436.13	
TCP	ND(0.3)*	0.21	ND(0.01)	ND(0.01)	ND(0.01)	ND(0.3)*	ND(0.5)*	ND(0.5)*	ND(0.5)*	ND(0.5)*	ND(0.1)	ND(0.04)	ND(0.003)	ND(0.003)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)	ND(0.005)

Notes:

1. Results shown in red equal or exceed the ROD RG.
2. The RG values presented in this figure are based on the remedial action objectives described in the OUG6 ROD.
3. *The result is ND with an LOD greater than the ROD RG.
4. **MW13 is not designated as a TCP plume well; however, results are shown because TCP has historically been detected.
5. Analytical results shown in µg/L.
6. The groundwater flow direction in the vicinity of the Building 3559 is to the N-NW (more northerly than the NW regional groundwater flow direction) due to the influence of the water supply well.
7. The highest concentration between primary and duplicate samples is shown where duplicate samples were collected.
8. Only sample results for wells that have exceeded the ROD RG since 2007 are shown.
9. Data flags (qualifiers) are not shown due to space limitations.
10. Coordinate Systems: Horizontal - World Geodetic System of 1984 (WGS84), Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 6N, U.S. Survey in Meters (displayed in feet). Vertical (where applicable) - North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88) in feet.

Source:

1. Aerial imagery (dated 2020) obtained from the Fairbanks North Star Borough GIS (Geographic Information System) Department

Legend:

- TCP Plume Monitoring Well Sampled in 2021
- Sentry Well Sampled for TCP in 2021
- Monitoring Well Sampled in 2021 (Non TCP Plume Well)
- Railroad
- Fence

Acronyms and Abbreviations

- btoc - below top of casing
- LOD - limit of detection
- ND - not detected (LOD presented in parenthesis)
- ROD - Record of Decision
- RG - remedial goal
- ROD - Record of Decision
- TCP - 1,2,3-trichloropropane
- µg/L - micrograms per liter

ROD RG (µg/L)
TCP 0.12

0 90 180 Feet

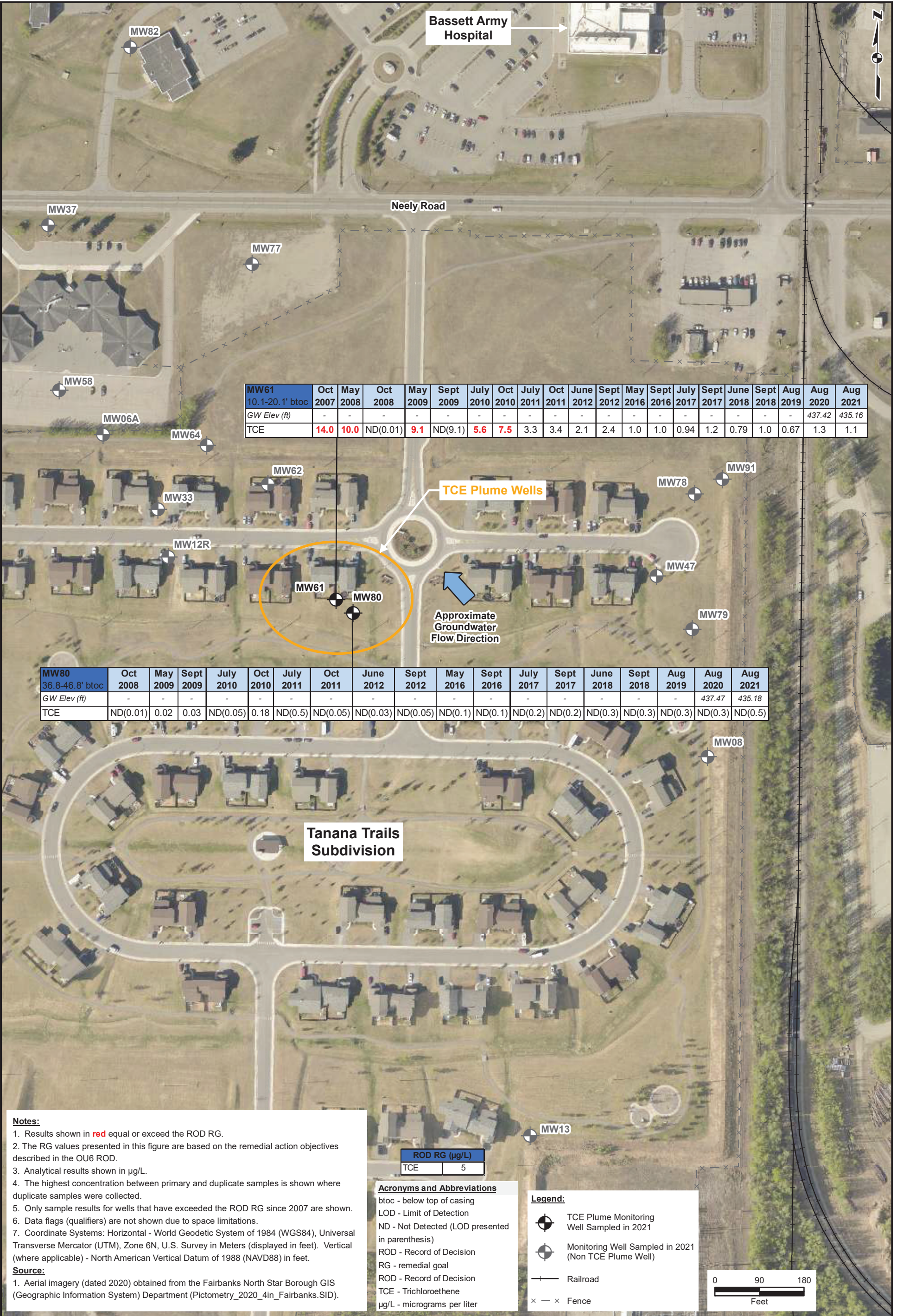
2021 OPERABLE UNIT 6 MONITORING REPORT
U.S. ARMY GARRISON ALASKA

TCP PLUME GROUNDWATER SAMPLE RESULTS

PROJECT No.:	551229
DATE:	6/29/2022
P.M./DRAWN:	V.R. / C.B.

FIGURE:

3-3



2021 OPERABLE UNIT 6 MONITORING REPORT
U.S. ARMY GARRISON ALASKA

TCE PLUME GROUNDWATER SAMPLE RESULTS

PROJECT No.:
551209

DATE:
1/27/2022

P.M./DRAWN:
V.R. / C.B.

FIGURE:

3-4

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APPENDIX A
SAMPLE SUMMARY AND ANALYTICAL RESULTS

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TABLE A-1 GROUNDWATER SAMPLE SUMMARY
OU6, Former Communications Site - Fort Wainwright, Alaska

Sample ID	Location	Sample Type	Matrix	Sample Depth (feet btoc)	Sample Date & Time	Sampler	SDG	Lab	Cooler(s)	DRO (AK102)	RRO (AK103)	Dissolved Iron and Manganese	Sulfate (E300.0)	VOCs (SW8260D)	Low-Level VOCs (SW8260DSIM)
21FWOU601WG	MW78	N	GW	28.0	08/04/21 13:45	CB	1215046	SGS	080901						X
21FWOU602WG	MW91	N	GW	56.9	08/04/21 15:10	CB	1215046	SGS	080901						X
21FWOU603WG	MW47	N	GW	17.0	08/04/21 16:55	CB	1215046	SGS	080901			X	X		X
21FWOU604WG	MW79	N	GW	19.1	08/04/21 18:20	CB	1215046	SGS	080901			X	X		X
21FWOU605WG	MW58	N	GW	14.2	08/05/21 11:10	JS	1215007	SGS	Brice05	X	X	X	X		
21FWOU606WG	MW33	N/MS/MSD	GW	16.8	08/05/21 12:30	JS	1215007	SGS	Brice05	X	X	X	X		
21FWOU607WG	AP-1010	FD of 21FWOU606WG	GW	16.8	08/05/21 12:45	JS	1215007	SGS	Brice05	X	X	X	X		
21FWOU608WG	MW62	N	GW	15.1	08/05/21 14:15	JS	1215007	SGS	Brice05	X	X	X	X		
21FWOU609WG	MW12R	N	GW	13.7	08/05/21 15:25	JS	1215007	SGS	Brice05	X	X	X	X		
21FWOU610WG	MW13	N	GW	17.1	08/05/21 10:55	CB/TA	1215046	SGS	080901			X	X		X
21FWOU611WG	MW80	N	GW	37.7	08/05/21 12:40	CB/TA	1215046	SGS	080901			X	X	X	X
21FWOU612WG	MW61	N/MS/MSD	GW	15.8	08/05/21 13:50	CB/TA	1215046	SGS	080901			X	X	X	X
21FWOU613WG	AP-2020	FD of 21FWOU612WG	GW	15.8	08/05/21 14:05	CB/TA	1215046	SGS	080901			X	X	X	X
21FWOU614WG	MW08	N	GW	19.0	08/05/21 15:35	CB/TA	1215046	SGS	080901			X	X		X
21FWOU615WG	MW06A	N	GW	16.9	08/06/21 10:15	JS	1215007	SGS	Brice05	X	X	X	X		
21FWOU616WG	MW77	N	GW	19.1	08/06/21 11:25	JS	1215007	SGS	Brice05	X	X	X	X		
21FWOU617WG	MW82	N	GW	18.6	08/06/21 12:45	JS	1215007	SGS	Brice05	X	X	X	X		
21FWOU618WG	MW64	N	GW	15.8	08/06/21 10:45	TA	1215007	SGS	Brice05	X	X	X	X		
21FWOU619WG	MW37	N	GW	16.5	08/06/21 13:10	TA	1215007	SGS	Brice05	X	X	X	X		
21FWOU620WG	MW03	N	GW	16.5	08/06/21 14:25	JS/TA	1215007	SGS	Brice05	X	X	X	X		
21FWOU6EB01WQ	OU6-EB01	EB	WQ	--	08/05/21 17:00	CB	1215046	SGS	080901			X	X	X	X
21FWOU6EB02WQ	OU6-EB02	EB	WQ	--	08/06/21 17:30	JS	1215007	SGS	Brice05	X	X	X	X		
21FWOU6TB01WQ	OU6-TB01	TB	WQ	--	08/04/21 08:00	JS	1215046	SGS	080901					X	X

Notes:

All samples are associated with NPD L 21-088.

All sample results were submitted to SGS of Anchorage, AK analyzed on standard turnaround time.

btoc - below top of casing

CB - Chris Boese

DRO - diesel range organics

EB - equipment blank

FD - field duplicate

GW - groundwater

HCl - hydrochloric acid

HDPE - high density polyethylene

HNO3 - nitric acid

ID - identification

JS - Jill Stockbridge

mL - milliliter

MS/MSD - matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate

N - normal environmental sample

NPD L - North Pacific Division Laboratory

RRO - residual range organics

SDG - sample delivery group

SGS - SGS North America, Inc

TA - Tracy Asicksik

TB - trip blank

VOA - volatile organic analysis

VOC - volatile organic compounds

WQ - water QC

Water Sample Collection (all samples were field-preserved at 0 to 6 °C)

DRO/RRO - two HCl-preserved, 250 mL amber bottles

Dissolved Iron and Manganese - one HNO3-preserved, 125 mL HDPE bottle

Sulfate - one non-preserved, 125 mL HDPE bottle

VOC - three HCl-preserved, 40 mL VOA vials

Low-Level VOC - three HCl-preserved, 40 mL VOA vials

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TABLE A-2 GROUNDWATER SAMPLE RESULTS
OU6, Former Communication Site - Fort Wainwright, Alaska

		Sample ID	21FWOU601WG	21FWOU602WG	21FWOU603WG	21FWOU604WG	21FWOU605WG	21FWOU606WG	21FWOU607WG	21FWOU608WG	21FWOU609WG		
		Location ID	MW78	MW91	MW47	MW79	MW58	MW33	AP-1010	MW62	MW12R		
		Lab SDG	1215046	1215046	1215046	1215046	1215007	1215007	1215007	1215007	1215007		
		Collection Date	8/4/2021 1:45:00 PM	8/4/2021 3:10:00 PM	8/4/2021 4:55:00 PM	8/4/2021 6:20:00 PM	8/5/2021 11:10:00 AM	8/5/2021 12:30:00 PM	8/5/2021 12:45:00 PM	8/5/2021 2:15:00 PM	8/5/2021 3:25:00 PM		
		Matrix	Groundwater	Groundwater	Groundwater	Groundwater	Groundwater	Groundwater	Groundwater	Groundwater	Groundwater		
		QC Type	Primary	Primary	Primary	Primary	Primary	Primary	Duplicate	Primary	Primary		
Method	Analyte1	ROD RG ¹	EPA MCL ²	Units	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	
AK102	Diesel Range Organics	1500	NE	µg/L	--	--	--	--	3210 [294] B	70300 [294] J-	58900 [300] J-	429 [300] J,B	542 [294] J,B
AK103	Residual Range Organics	1100	NE	µg/L	--	--	--	--	710 [245] B	8890 [245]	8160 [250]	791 [250] B	549 [245] B
E300.0	Sulfate	NE	NE	µg/L	--	--	36200 [1000]	33300 [1000]	15200 [1000]	6120 [1000]	6120 [1000]	67100 [2500]	31300 [1000]
SW6020B	Iron	NE	NE	µg/L	--	--	ND [250]	3490 [250]	21000 [250]	55100 [1250]	55600 [1250]	ND [250]	11500 [250]
SW6020B	Manganese	NE	NE	µg/L	--	--	31.2 [1.00]	509 [1.00]	1370 [1.00]	4470 [5.00]	4470 [5.00]	1370 [1.00]	1070 [1.00]
SW8260D	1,1-Dichloroethene	NE	7	µg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
SW8260D	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	NE	70	µg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
SW8260D	Tetrachloroethene	NE	5	µg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
SW8260D	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	NE	100	µg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
SW8260D	Trichloroethene	5	5	µg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
SW8260D	Vinyl chloride	NE	2	µg/L	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
SW8260DSIM	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	0.0075	NE	µg/L	0.00418 [0.00500] J	ND [0.00500]	0.218 [0.00500]	0.796 [0.00500]	--	--	--	--	--

Notes:

¹ **OU6 ROD analytes are identified in blue bold text.** The ROD analytes are compared against the OU6 ROD RGs.

² The EPA MCLs are listed in the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations, EPA 816-F-09-004 (May 2009). Non-ROD analytes are compared against MCLs.

ROD RG exceedances are identified in RED text.

B - the result is biased high due to contamination present in a blank sample.

FD - field duplicate

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

J/J+ - the result is an estimated value based on an QAQC issue and/or is less than the LOQ. Where possible,

LOD - limit of detection

LOQ - limit of quantitation

MCL - maximum contaminant level

MS/MSD - matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate

µg/L - micrograms per liter

ND - not detected

NE - not established

OU6 - Operable Unit 6

QA - quality assurance

QC - quality control

RG - remedial goal

ROD - Record of Decision

TABLE A-2 GROUNDWATER SAMPLE RESULTS
 OU6, Former Communication Site - Fort Wainwright, Alaska

		Sample ID Location ID Lab SDG Collection Date Matrix QC Type	21FWOU610WG MW13 1215046 8/5/2021 10:55:00 AM Groundwater Primary	21FWOU611WG MW80 1215046 8/5/2021 12:40:00 PM Groundwater Primary	21FWOU612WG MW61 1215046 8/5/2021 1:50:00 PM Groundwater Primary	21FWOU613WG AP-2020 1215046 8/5/2021 2:05:00 PM Groundwater Duplicate	21FWOU614WG MW08 1215046 8/5/2021 3:35:00 PM Groundwater Primary	21FWOU615WG MW06A 1215007 8/6/2021 10:15:00 AM Groundwater Primary	21FWOU616WG MW77 1215007 8/6/2021 11:25:00 AM Groundwater Primary	21FWOU617WG MW82 1215007 8/6/2021 12:45:00 PM Groundwater Primary		
Method	Analyte1	ROD RG ¹	EPA MCL ²	Units	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	
AK102	Diesel Range Organics	1500	NE	µg/L	--	--	--	--	8320 [294]	1380 [300] B	ND [300]	
AK103	Residual Range Organics	1100	NE	µg/L	--	--	--	--	1080 [245] B	696 [250] B	367 [250] J,B	
E300.0	Sulfate	NE	NE	µg/L	49100 [1000]	31200 [500]	41000 [500]	40800 [1000]	54500 [1000]	8640 [1000]	42100 [1000]	24900 [1000]
SW6020B	Iron	NE	NE	µg/L	988 [250]	10100 [250]	9010 [250] J+	9000 [250] J+	ND [250]	24200 [250]	ND [250]	ND [250]
SW6020B	Manganese	NE	NE	µg/L	846 [1.00]	919 [1.00]	1570 [1.00]	1580 [1.00]	0.716 [1.00] J	1510 [1.00]	583 [1.00]	78.6 [1.00]
SW8260D	1,1-Dichloroethene	NE	7	µg/L	--	ND [0.500]	ND [0.500]	ND [0.500]	--	--	--	--
SW8260D	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	NE	70	µg/L	--	ND [0.500]	7.48 [0.500]	7.79 [0.500]	--	--	--	--
SW8260D	Tetrachloroethene	NE	5	µg/L	--	ND [0.500]	ND [0.500]	ND [0.500]	--	--	--	--
SW8260D	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	NE	100	µg/L	--	ND [0.500]	7.13 [0.500]	7.49 [0.500]	--	--	--	--
SW8260D	Trichloroethene	5	5	µg/L	--	ND [0.500]	1.07 [0.500]	1.09 [0.500]	--	--	--	--
SW8260D	Vinyl chloride	NE	2	µg/L	--	ND [0.0750]	ND [0.0750]	ND [0.0750]	--	--	--	--
SW8260DSIM	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	0.0075	NE	µg/L	ND [0.00500]	ND [0.00500]	ND [0.00500]	ND [0.00500]	0.0163 [0.00500]	--	--	--

Notes:

¹ **OU6 ROD analytes are identified in blue bold text.** The ROD analytes are compared against the OU6 ROD RGs.

² The EPA MCLs are listed in the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations, EPA 816-F-09-004 (May 2009). Non-ROD analytes are compared against MCLs.

ROD RG exceedances are identified in RED text.

B - the result is biased high due to contamination present in a blank sample.

FD - field duplicate

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

J/J-/J+ - the result is an estimated value based on a QAQC issue and/or is less than the LOQ. Where possible,

LOD - limit of detection

LOQ - limit of quantitation

MCL - maximum contaminant level

MS/MSD - matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate

µg/L - micrograms per liter

ND - not detected

NE - not established

OU6 - Operable Unit 6

QA - quality assurance

QC - quality control

RG - remedial goal

ROD - Record of Decision

TABLE A-2 GROUNDWATER SAMPLE RESULTS
OU6, Former Communication Site - Fort Wainwright, Alaska

Sample ID Location ID Lab SDG Collection Date Matrix QC Type					21FWOU618WG MW64 1215007 8/6/2021 10:45:00 AM Groundwater Primary	21FWOU619WG MW37 1215007 8/6/2021 1:10:00 PM Groundwater Primary	21FWOU620WG MW03 1215007 8/6/2021 2:25:00 PM Groundwater Primary	21FWOU6EB01WQ OU6-EB01 1215046 8/5/2021 5:00:00 PM Water QC Equipment Blank	21FWOU6EB02WQ OU6-EB02 1215007 8/6/2021 5:30:00 PM Water QC Equipment Blank	21FWOU6TB01WQ OU6-TB01 1215046 8/4/2021 8:00:00 AM Water QC Trip Blank
Method	Analyte1	ROD RG ¹	EPA MCL ²	Units	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier	Result [LOD] Qualifier
AK102	Diesel Range Organics	1500	NE	µg/L	ND [306]	236 [300] J,B	276 [283] J,B	--	329 [294] J	--
AK103	Residual Range Organics	1100	NE	µg/L	325 [255] J,B	ND [250]	281 [236] J,B	--	333 [245] J	--
E300.0	Sulfate	NE	NE	µg/L	11100 [1000]	12600 [1000]	43800 [1000]	ND [100]	ND [100]	--
SW6020B	Iron	NE	NE	µg/L	2430 [250]	ND [250]	13600 [250]	ND [250]	ND [250]	--
SW6020B	Manganese	NE	NE	µg/L	322 [1.00]	111 [1.00]	804 [1.00]	ND [1.00]	ND [1.00]	--
SW8260D	1,1-Dichloroethene	NE	7	µg/L	--	--	--	ND [0.500]	--	ND [0.500]
SW8260D	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	NE	70	µg/L	--	--	--	ND [0.500]	--	ND [0.500]
SW8260D	Tetrachloroethene	NE	5	µg/L	--	--	--	ND [0.500]	--	ND [0.500]
SW8260D	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	NE	100	µg/L	--	--	--	ND [0.500]	--	ND [0.500]
SW8260D	Trichloroethene	5	5	µg/L	--	--	--	ND [0.500]	--	ND [0.500]
SW8260D	Vinyl chloride	NE	2	µg/L	--	--	--	ND [0.0750]	--	ND [0.0750]
SW8260DSIM	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	0.0075	NE	µg/L	--	--	--	ND [0.00500]	--	ND [0.00500]

Notes:

¹ **OU6 ROD analytes are identified in blue bold text.** The ROD analytes are compared against the OU6 ROD RGs.

² The EPA MCLs are listed in the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations, EPA 816-F-09-004 (May 2009). Non-ROD analytes are compared against MCLs.

ROD RG exceedances are identified in RED text.

B - the result is biased high due to contamination present in a blank sample.

FD - field duplicate

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

J/J+ - the result is an estimated value based on an QAQC issue and/or is less than the LOQ. Where possible,

LOD - limit of detection

LOQ - limit of quantitation

MCL - maximum contaminant level

MS/MSD - matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate

µg/L - micrograms per liter

ND - not detected

NE - not established

OU6 - Operable Unit 6

QA - quality assurance

QC - quality control

RG - remedial goal

ROD - Record of Decision

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APPENDIX B
CDQR AND ADEC LABORATORY DATA REIVIEW CHECKLISTS

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ATTACHMENTS

Attachment B-1 ADEC Laboratory Data Review Checklists

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

°C	degrees Celsius
%	percent
µg/L	micrograms per liter
AAC	Alaska Administrative Code
ADEC	Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation
Brice	Brice Engineering, LLC
CDQR	chemical data quality review
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
CoC	chain-of-custody
DL	detection limit
DoD	Department of Defense
DQO	data quality objective
DRO	diesel range organics
EB	equipment blank
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
FD	field duplicate
GC	gas chromatography
GC/MS	gas chromatography/mass spectrometry
GRO	gasoline range organics
LCL	lower control limit
LCS	laboratory control sample
LCSD	laboratory control sample duplicate
LOD	limit of detection
LOQ	limit of quantitation
MB	method blank
mg/L	milligrams per liter
MPC	measurement performance criteria
MS	matrix spike
MSD	matrix spike duplicate
ND	non-detect
OU6	Operable Unit 6
QA	quality assurance
QC	quality control
QSM	Quality Systems Manual
RG	remedial goal(s)
ROD	Record of Decision
RPD	relative percent difference
RSD	relative standard deviation
SDG	sample delivery group

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS (CONTINUED)

SGS	SGS Environmental Services, Inc.
SOP	standard operating procedure
SVOC	semi-volatile organic compound
TB	trip blank
UCL	upper control limit
UFP-QAPP	Unified Federal Policy-Quality Assurance Project Plan
UST	underground storage tank
VOC	volatile organic compound

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Chemical Data Quality Report (CDQR) summarizes the quality assurance (QA)/quality control (QC) evaluation of laboratory data collected during groundwater sampling activities at Operable Unit 6 (OU6) Former Communications Site, located at Fort Wainwright, Alaska, during August 2021. These data have been reviewed to evaluate compliance with QA/QC criteria based on data quality objectives (DQOs) specified in the approved *Final 2021 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Sites Work Plan Operable Units 1 Through 6* (Brice Engineering [Brice] 2021), hereafter referred to as the Work Plan, and *Final Postwide Uniform Federal Policy for Quality Assurance Project Plan* (UFP-QAPP), hereafter referred to as the QAPP (Brice 2020).

The associated Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) Laboratory Data Review Checklist is included as Attachment B-1. Complete analytical results in crosstab format and a sample summary are presented in Appendix A to the Monitoring Report.

2.0 DATA VERIFICATION, DATA QUALITY REVIEW, AND QUALIFICATION

All samples were shipped to SGS Environmental Services, Inc. (SGS) of Anchorage, Alaska, which was identified in the Work Plan (Brice 2021) as the backup laboratory for the project. Agriculture & Priority Pollutants Laboratories (APPL) of Clovis, California was identified as the primary laboratory; however, it was decided to not ship APPL any OU6 samples due to overall poor performance and substantial quality control issues observed for a different Brice project right around the time the OU6 field activities were being planned. SGS holds current ADEC laboratory approval and Department of Defense (DoD) Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program certifications for all requested analyses, and chemical analyses for all parameters were performed in accordance with the DoD Quality Systems Manual (QSM) for Environmental Laboratories, Version 5.3 (DoD 2019a). Samples were prepared and analyzed in accordance with analytical methods specified in *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste SW-846* (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency [EPA] 2015); *Underground Storage Tanks (USTs) Procedures Manual* (ADEC 2017); and laboratory standard operating procedures (SOPs).

The data quality review and assessment were performed by an experienced QA chemist independent of the analytical laboratory. This evaluation included completion of the ADEC Laboratory Data Review Checklist and review of analytical data including QC sample results, field and laboratory documentation, and all data submittals for each sample delivery group (SDG).

Groundwater analytical results were compared to the OU6 Record of Decision (ROD) remedial goals (RGs) and EPA maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) for the purpose of this review. The screening levels used for each analyte are presented along with analytical results in the results tables (Appendix A).

All project data were reviewed on an analytical-batch basis by assessing QC samples and associated field sample results. Data quality review and usability assessment were performed using the QC criteria defined in DoD QSM (DoD 2019a); DoD General Data Validation Guidelines (DoD 2019b); ADEC technical memorandum *Minimum Quality Assurance Requirements for Sample Handling, Reports, and Laboratory Data* (ADEC 2019a); specific method guidance, such as the ADEC *Underground Storage Tanks Procedures Manual* (ADEC 2017); *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste SW-846* (EPA 2015); and the laboratory SOPs, in that order.

The following information was reviewed as part of the data quality review and assessment:

- Sample handling and chain-of-custody (CoC)
- Sample preservation and holding time compliance
- Field QC samples, including trip blanks (TBs), equipment blanks (EBs), and field duplicates (FDs)
- Laboratory reporting limits, including limits of detection (LODs) and limits of quantitation (LOQs)
- Method blanks (MBs)
- Laboratory control sample (LCS) and laboratory control sample duplicate (LCSD) recoveries
- Surrogate spike recoveries
- Matrix spike (MS) and matrix spike duplicate (MSD) recoveries
- Initial and continuing calibration summary information
- Internal standards performance (gas chromatography/mass spectrometry [GC/MS])
- Precision, including relative percent difference (RPD) values for duplicate analyses
- Case narrative review, laboratory flagging review, and other analytical method-specific criteria

The data quality review and assessment identified results requiring qualification and potential effects on data usability based on the measurement performance criteria (MPC) defined in the Work Plan. The following MPC were used for this data quality review and assessment:

- *Precision* is a measure of the reproducibility of measurements, which can be used to verify laboratory procedures, determine matrix effect, or sample homogeneity. Precision was measured by the RPD between LCS and LCSDs, MS and MSDs, or primary and FD results.
- *Accuracy* is a measure of the correctness or closeness to the true value. Accuracy was evaluated by reviewing the following elements: calibrations, surrogates, LCS, LCSD, MS, MSD, MBs, relative response factors and relative standard deviations (RSD), tune criteria, second column confirmations, and internal standards.
- *Representativeness* is a measure of the degree to which the samples reflect the site characteristics. Representativeness was measured by reviewing sampling design, sampling procedures, sample documentation, holding times, and preservations.
- *Completeness* is a measure of the amount of valid data obtained compared to the amount that was expected to be obtained under correct, normal conditions. For completeness requirements, valid results were all results not rejected and determined to be usable in the context of the DQOs. Completeness was evaluated for each analytical method for a particular sampling event with respect to each DQO or end data use. The completeness goal is 90 percent (%) for this project.
- *Comparability* is a measure of the confidence with which one data set can be compared to another. The following were reviewed to ensure comparability: use of standard methods for sampling and analysis, reporting in standard units, operating instruments within calibrated ranges, and using standard and comprehensive reporting formats.
- *Sensitivity* is a measure of the ability of a method or instrument to detect the target analyte at the level of interest. The laboratory-specific limits were evaluated against the OU6 ROD RGs and EPA MCLs to determine whether the analytical methods and/or laboratory procedures were able to meet the project DQOs.

The qualifiers listed in Table B-1 were applied to the analytical data set, as appropriate.

Table B-1 Data Qualifiers

QUALIFIER	DESCRIPTION
ND [LOD]	Analyte is not detected above the DL [LOD is presented in brackets].
J	The reported result was an estimated value with an unknown bias.
J+	The result was an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased high.
J-	The result was an estimated quantity, but the result may be biased low.
B	Analyte result is considered a high estimated value due to contamination present in an associated blank (e.g., MB or TB).
R	Analyte result is rejected – result is not usable. Note that R replaces the chemical result (no result shall be reported with an R flag).

Notes:

For definitions, refer to the Acronyms and Abbreviations section.

Qualification was not required in the following circumstances:

- Surrogate or MS recoveries were outside QC limits, and dilution of the sample resulted in surrogate or spike dilution to a level beyond quantitation.
- MS recoveries were outside QC limits, and the spiked concentration was less than that of the parent sample.
- An analyte was detected in the associated blank, but there was no detection in the associated sample.
- MS/MSD or LCS/LCSD recoveries exceeded upper control limits (UCLs) and there was no detection in the sample(s).

Data were considered for rejection on the following grounds:

- Initial calibration (per compound) criteria not met
- Continuing calibration (per compound) not verified
- All non-detects with the continuing calibration recovery less than control limits
- All non-detects with the LCS recovery less than control limits
- Any compound with LCS recovery less than 10%
- Missed holding times greater than two times the method-specified holding time
- Surrogate recovery of less than 10% and a dilution factor of 5 or less

Data quality exceptions that do not result in qualifications are not discussed in this report and are addressed in the associated ADEC Laboratory Data Review Checklists (Attachment B-1).

3.0 CHEMICAL DATA QUALITY REVIEW

The data verification and CDQR were performed to assess the overall quality and usability of the data collected to support sampling activities at OU6.

Complete details for the review and evaluation of field samples and associated QC samples are included in this CDQR and in the ADEC Laboratory Data Review Checklists (Attachment B-1). During the data quality review, analytical results or recoveries that fell outside acceptance criteria were identified and qualifiers were applied to the results, where appropriate, in accordance with the project Work Plan. Qualified results are considered estimated, and whenever possible, direction of potential bias was assigned and effects on usability are discussed.

The following sections describe the results of the review and assessment of data for each analytical method. QC parameters met DoD QSM vs 5.3 criteria except where noted. A complete summary of qualified results is presented in Table B-3, located at the end of this report.

3.1 Analytical Sample and Field Quality Control Sample Summary

A total of 18 primary groundwater samples, two FD groundwater samples, two EBs, and one TB were collected and analyzed in support of project activities. The sample summary table in Appendix A includes all field samples submitted to the analytical laboratory.

The overall project-required frequency of one FD for every 10 or fewer primary samples, per analyte, per matrix, was met. MS/MSDs were collected and submitted to the laboratory at the project-required frequency of one set for every 20 or fewer project samples (5%) and one for every preparatory batch (designated MS/MSD samples were included with each shipment). EBs were collected and submitted to the laboratory at the project required frequency of 5% for non-dedicated sampling equipment. A TB was included in the cooler containing samples for volatile analyses (SW8260D and SW8260D selected ion monitoring (SIM)).

3.2 Sample Collection

All monitoring wells were purged and sampled with submersible pumps, and groundwater sampling activities were recorded on the groundwater sample forms provided in Appendix C. Groundwater sample forms were reviewed to ensure that well drawdown and groundwater parameters met the stabilization criteria identified in the ADEC *Field Sampling Guidance* (ADEC 2019b) and the Work Plan (Brice 2021), that low-flow sampling criteria was employed (EPA 1996), and that all groundwater levels were within the screened intervals at the time of sampling, as appropriate.

All samples were collected as presented in the Work Plan, all monitoring wells met stabilization criteria prior to sample collection, and all water levels were within the screened interval at the time of sampling, with the exceptions noted below. Also summarized below are any notable observations discovered during sampling activities or during review of the groundwater sampling forms.

- Free product was not measured in any well during the 2020 sampling event. Petroleum odor and was observed on purge water from wells MW06A, MW33, and MW77.
- All wells were found screened across the water table during purging and sampling activities, with three exceptions: MW78, MW91, and MW80. Groundwater samples from these wells were collected from within the well screen in order to obtain a representative sample of the aquifer at depth.

- Both sentry wells, MW78 and MW91, were screened below the water table to monitor potential diving of the contaminant plume towards the pump intake of the nearby Water Supply Well (Building 3559), which is also screened deep.
- Monitoring well MW80, located within the trichloroethene (TCE) plume area, was intentionally screened below the water table to evaluate the vertical extent of contamination.
- Persistent air bubbles were noted in purge water inside the tubing and flow-through cell on well MW58.

3.3 Sample Handling and Chain-of-Custody

CoC forms and laboratory case narratives were reviewed to assess sample handling procedures that may affect the integrity of the samples and quality of the resulting data. Copies of CoCs and cooler receipt forms are included in the final laboratory report. Samples were required to be maintained at 0 to 6 degrees Celsius (°C) following collection, during storage, and upon receipt at the laboratory.

Samples were packed with frozen gel packs in accordance with the Work Plan and the packaging and shipping SOP, BE-SOP-03 Labeling, Packaging, and Shipping Samples. Groundwater samples were hand-delivered to SGS in Fairbanks, Alaska for transfer to their Anchorage laboratory via Lynden Transport. All sample coolers were received with temperature blank and ambient cooler temperatures between 0 and 6°C.

No discrepancies were noted upon receipt of samples at the laboratory.

3.4 Sample Preservation and Holding Time Compliance

All samples were extracted and/or analyzed within the recommended holding times and were properly preserved for the analytical procedures used for this project.

3.5 Sample Limits of Detection and Limits of Quantitation

To determine whether the laboratory data met measurement performance criteria (MPC) for sensitivity, sample LODs for non-detects were compared to OU6 ROD RGs, and the LODs for non-detect non-ROD analytes were compared to the EPA MCLs. All analytes had LODs for non-detect results that met the MPC for sensitivity.

3.6 Blanks

MBs, TBs, and EBs were reviewed to detect potential cross-contamination. MB detections are indicative of laboratory cross-contamination, TBs measure shipment and storage cross-contamination, and EBs are reviewed to assess potential cross-contamination between samples where non-dedicated sampling equipment is used.

3.6.1 Method Blanks

A MB was included with each preparatory batch of 20 or fewer samples, as required. No target analytes were detected in the MBs associated with this project.

3.6.2 Trip Blanks

A TB was included with each cooler containing volatile samples, as required. No target analytes were detected in the TBs associated with this project.

3.6.3 Equipment Blanks

EBs were collected at the required project frequency of 5% for groundwater samples collected using non-dedicated sampling equipment.

The following analytes were detected above the DL in the EBs and had associated project sample detections less than 10 times the blank concentration:

AK102 analyte diesel range organics (DRO) was detected in the EB for SDG 1215007 at a concentration greater than the LOD but less than the LOQ. The associated sample results for DRO were qualified B for potential high bias:

- DRO: 21FWOU605WG, 21FWOU608WG, 21FWOU609WG, 21FWOU616WG, 21FWOU619WG and 21FWOU620WG.

AK103 analyte residual range organics (RRO) was detected in the EB for SDG 1215007 at a concentration greater than the LOD but less than the LOQ. The associated sample results for RRO were qualified B for potential high bias:

- RRO: 21FWOU605WG, 21FWOU608WG, 21FWOU609WG, 21FWOU615WG, 21FWOU616WG, 21FWOU617WG, 21FWOU618WG, and 21FWOU620WG

Affected results were either significantly above or significantly below the OU6 ROD RGs so data usability was not affected, with the following exceptions:

- The DRO result in sample 21FWOU616WG was only slightly less than the RG and potentially biased high, so the data usability was not affected.
- The RRO result in sample 21FWOU615WG was only slightly less than the RG and potentially biased high, so the data usability was not affected.

Equipment blank detections with no related sample detections that required qualification are discussed in the ADEC Laboratory Data Review Checklists in Attachment B-1

3.7 Laboratory Control Samples

An LCS or LCS/LCSD pair was included with each preparatory batch, as required. LCS and LCSD percent recovery and LCS/LCSD RPD were compared to the project MPC. All LCS/LCSD recoveries were within control limits and LCS/LCSD precision was within the RPD limit.

3.8 Matrix Spike Samples and Duplicates

An MS/MSD was included with each analytical batch, except as noted below:

- AK102/103 batch XXX45397 did not include an MS/MSD. This batch did include an LCS/LCSD, which met precision criteria.

- SW8260D-SIM batch VXX37653 did not include a MS/MSD. This batch did include an LCS/LCSD, which met precision criteria.

MS/MSD recoveries and MS/MSD RPD were compared to project MPCs and met acceptance criteria, with following exceptions:

AK102 analyte DRO was recovered less than the lower control limit (LCL) in the MS/MSD performed for project sample 21FWOU606WG. The sample results in project samples 21FWOU606WG and associated FD 21FWOU607WG for DRO were qualified J- for estimated potential low bias. The affected results were significantly greater than the OU6 ROD RGs so data usability was not affected.

SW6020B analyte iron was recovered greater than the upper control limit (UCL) in the MS/MSD performed for project sample 21FWOU612WG. The sample results in project samples 21FWOU612WG and associated FD 21FWOU613WG for iron were qualified J+ for estimated potential high bias. The affected results have no established screening level, so data usability was not affected.

All other MS/MSD failures with no related sample detections that required qualification are discussed in the ADEC Laboratory Data Review Checklist in Attachment B-1.

3.9 Surrogates

Surrogates were included with all laboratory QC and field samples, as required. Surrogate recoveries were reviewed and compared to project MPC. All surrogate recoveries were within control limits for laboratory QC and field samples.

3.10 Field Duplicate Precision

FD precision was evaluated by calculating the RPD between the parent sample result and the FD result when both results were above the LOQ, and when one result fell between the LOD and the LOQ. Acceptance criteria were less than 30% for water results.

Two FD samples were submitted and analyzed for 18 primary groundwater locations included in the OU6 monitoring event. FD pairs were analyzed for the following methods: AK102, AK103, E300.0, SW6020B, SW8260D, and SW8260D-SIM. The RPD for all pairs was less than the recommended 30% for water.

Table B-2, on the following page, summarizes the FD detections that were included in precision evaluations.

Table B-2 Field Duplicate Precision Summary

SDG	METHOD	ANALYTE	PRIMARY SAMPLE	RESULT	UNITS	FIELD DUPLICATE	RESULT	UNITS	RPD	QUALIFIER
1215007	AK102	DRO	21FWOU606WG	70,300 J-	µg/L	21FWOU607WG	58,900 J-	µg/L	17.65%	--
1215007	AK103	RRO	21FWOU606WG	8,890	µg/L	21FWOU607WG	8,160	µg/L	8.56%	--
1215007	SW6020B	Iron	21FWOU606WG	55,100	µg/L	21FWOU607WG	55,600	µg/L	0.90%	--
1215007	SW6020B	Manganese	21FWOU606WG	4,470	µg/L	21FWOU607WG	4,470	µg/L	0.00%	--
1215007	E300.0	Sulfate	21FWOU606WG	6,120	µg/L	21FWOU607WG	6,120	µg/L	0.00%	--
1215046	SW6020B	Iron	21FWOU612WG	9,010 J+	µg/L	21FWOU613WG	9,000 J+	µg/L	0.11%	--
1215046	SW6020B	Manganese	21FWOU612WG	1,570	µg/L	21FWOU613WG	1,580	µg/L	0.63%	--
1215046	SW8260D	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	21FWOU612WG	7.13	µg/L	21FWOU613WG	7.49	µg/L	4.92%	--
1215046	SW8260D	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	21FWOU612WG	7.48	µg/L	21FWOU613WG	7.79	µg/L	4.06%	--
1215046	SW8260D	Trichloroethene	21FWOU612WG	1.07	µg/L	21FWOU613WG	1.09	µg/L	1.85%	--
1215046	E300.0	Sulfate	21FWOU612WG	41,000	µg/L	21FWOU613WG	40,800	µg/L	0.49%	--

3.11 Additional Quality Control Discrepancies

Additional discrepancies not noted in the previous sections of this report that resulted in data qualification are discussed here. No additional QC items that required data qualification were identified.

4.0 COMPLETENESS

Completeness is a measure of the amount of valid data obtained compared with the amount that was expected to be obtained under correct, normal conditions. For completeness requirements, valid results are all results not rejected and determined to be usable in the context of project DQOs.

Completeness was evaluated using the formula below. The goal for completeness was 90% for all methods and matrices.

$$\% \text{ Completeness} = 100 \times \left(\frac{V}{n} \right)$$

Where: V = number of measurements judged valid
n = total number of measurements

No results were rejected, and all results were considered usable. The completeness goal of 90% for all methods and matrices was met.

5.0 OVERALL DATA QUALITY AND USABILITY ASSESSMENT

In general, the overall quality of the project data was acceptable and completeness goals were met. Qualified data are considered acceptable for use, with the limitations discussed within this QA/QC report and the ADEC Laboratory Data Review Checklists regarding the qualifiers applied to the results.

The following QC issues required qualification:

- EB contamination
- MS/MSD recovery failures

Table B-3 includes all qualified results and reasons for qualification.

6.0 REFERENCES

- Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC). 2017. *Underground Storage Tanks Procedures Manual, Guidance for Treatment of Petroleum-Contaminated Soil and Standard Sampling Procedures*. March.
- ADEC. 2019a. *Minimum Quality Assurance Requirements for Sample Handling, Reports, and Laboratory Data*. October.
- ADEC. 2019b. *Field Sampling Guidance*. October.
- ADEC. 2021. 18 Alaska Administrative Code (AAC) 75, *Oil and Other Hazardous Substances Pollution Control*. June.
- Brice Engineering, LLC (Brice). 2020. *Final Postwide Uniform Federal Policy for Quality Assurance Project Plan (UFP-QAPP) Various Sites – Fort Wainwright, Alaska*. June.
- Brice. 2021. *Final 2021 CERCLA Site Work Plan Operable Units 1 through 6 – Fort Wainwright, Alaska*. July.
- Department of Defense (DoD). 2019a. *Quality Systems Manual for Environmental Laboratories, Version 5.3*. May.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). 1996. *Low-Flow (Minimal Drawdown) Ground-Water Sampling Procedures*. EPA/540/S-95/504. R.W. Puls and M.J. Barcelona (authors). April.
- EPA. 2015. *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods, EPA publication SW-846, Third Edition, Final Updates I (1993), II (1995), IIA (1994), IIB (1995), III (1997), IIIA (1999), IIIB (2005), IV (2008), and V (2015)*.

Table B-3 Qualified Results Summary

LOCATION ID	SAMPLE ID	METHOD	ANALYTE	RESULT (µg/L)	QUAL	REASON FOR QUALIFICATION
SDG 1215007						
MW58	21FWOU605WG	AK102	Diesel Range Organics	3.21 [0.294]	B	EB<RL
MW58	21FWOU605WG	AK103	Residual Range Organics	0.710 [0.245]	B	EB<RL
MW33	21FWOU606WG	AK102	Diesel Range Organics	70.3 [0.294]	J-	MS<LCL, MSD<LCL
AP-1010	21FWOU607WG	AK102	Diesel Range Organics	58.9 [0.300]	J-	MS<LCL, MSD<LCL
MW62	21FWOU608WG	AK103	Residual Range Organics	0.791 [0.250]	B	EB<RL
MW12R	21FWOU609WG	AK103	Residual Range Organics	0.549 [0.245]	B	EB<RL
MW62	21FWOU608WG	AK102	Diesel Range Organics	0.429 [0.300]	J,B	EB<RL
MW12R	21FWOU609WG	AK102	Diesel Range Organics	0.542 [0.294]	J,B	EB<RL
MW77	21FWOU616WG	AK102	Diesel Range Organics	1.38 [0.300]	B	EB<RL
MW06A	21FWOU615WG	AK103	Residual Range Organics	1.08 [0.245]	B	EB<RL
MW37	21FWOU619WG	AK102	Diesel Range Organics	0.236 [0.300]	J,B	EB<RL
MW77	21FWOU616WG	AK103	Residual Range Organics	0.696 [0.250]	B	EB<RL
MW82	21FWOU617WG	AK103	Residual Range Organics	0.367 [0.250]	J,B	EB<RL
MW03	21FWOU620WG	AK102	Diesel Range Organics	0.276 [0.283]	J,B	EB<RL
MW64	21FWOU618WG	AK103	Residual Range Organics	0.325 [0.255]	J,B	EB<RL
MW03	21FWOU620WG	AK103	Residual Range Organics	0.281 [0.236]	J,B	EB<RL
SDG 1215046						
MW61	21FWOU612WG	SW6020B	Iron	9010 [250]	J+	MS>UCL, MSD>UCL
AP-2020	21FWOU613WG	SW6020B	Iron	9000 [250]	J+	MS>UCL, MSD>UCL

Notes:

For definitions, refer to the Acronyms and Abbreviations section.

B – Result is biased high due to contamination present in the equipment blank, method blank, or trip blank

EB<RL – Equipment blank concentration less than the reporting limit

J/J-/J+ – Result is an estimated value either because it is greater than or equal to the DL and below the LOQ or as the result of a QC failure.

When possible, direction of bias indicated.

MS<LCL – Matrix spike recovery less than the lower control limit

MS>UCL – Matrix spike recovery greater than the upper control limit

MSD<LCL – Matrix spike duplicate recovery less than the lower control limit

MSD>UCL – Matrix spike duplicate recovery greater than the upper control limit

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ATTACHMENT B-1
ADEC LABORATORY DATA REVIEW CHECKLISTS

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Laboratory Data Review Checklist

Completed By:

Travis Gouveia

Title:

Project Chemist

Date:

October 14, 2021

Consultant Firm:

Brice Engineering

Laboratory Name:

SGS Environmental Services of Anchorage, AK

Laboratory Report Number:

1215007

Laboratory Report Date:

September 10, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

ADEC File Number:

108.38.085

Hazard Identification Number:

4140

1215007

Laboratory Report Date:

September 10, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

Note: Any N/A or No box checked must have an explanation in the comments box.

1. Laboratory

a. Did an ADEC CS approved laboratory receive and perform all of the submitted sample analyses?

Yes No N/A Comments:

Samples were received and analyzed by SGS of Anchorage, AK. CS Approval 17-021

b. If the samples were transferred to another “network” laboratory or sub-contracted to an alternate laboratory, was the laboratory performing the analyses ADEC CS approved?

Yes No N/A Comments:

All analyses performed at SGS.

2. Chain of Custody (CoC)

a. CoC information completed, signed, and dated (including released/received by)?

Yes No N/A Comments:

b. Correct analyses requested?

Yes No N/A Comments:

3. Laboratory Sample Receipt Documentation

a. Sample/cooler temperature documented and within range at receipt (0° to 6° C)?

Yes No N/A Comments:

Cooler Brice05 was received at 1.5°C.

b. Sample preservation acceptable – acidified waters, Methanol preserved VOC soil (GRO, BTEX, Volatile Chlorinated Solvents, etc.)?

Yes No N/A Comments:

1215007

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September 10, 2021

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c. Sample condition documented – broken, leaking (Methanol), zero headspace (VOC vials)?

Yes No N/A Comments:

d. If there were any discrepancies, were they documented? For example, incorrect sample containers/preservation, sample temperature outside of acceptable range, insufficient or missing samples, etc.?

Yes No N/A Comments:

No discrepancies were noted.

e. Data quality or usability affected?

Comments:

N/A – no discrepancies

4. Case Narrative

a. Present and understandable?

Yes No N/A Comments:

b. Discrepancies, errors, or QC failures identified by the lab?

Yes No N/A Comments:

QC failures are identified in the case narrative and discussed in the applicable section of this checklist.

c. Were all corrective actions documented?

Yes No N/A Comments:

d. What is the effect on data quality/usability according to the case narrative?

Comments:

Effects on data quality and usability are discussed in the applicable sections of this checklist.

1215007

Laboratory Report Date:

September 10, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

5. Samples Results

a. Correct analyses performed/reported as requested on COC?

Yes No N/A Comments:

b. All applicable holding times met?

Yes No N/A Comments:

c. All soils reported on a dry weight basis?

Yes No N/A Comments:

No soil samples included with this SDG.

d. Are the reported LOQs less than the Cleanup Level or the minimum required detection level for the project?

Yes No N/A Comments:

Sample LODs for non-detects were compared to OU6 ROD RGs, and all LODs for non-detect results met MPC for sensitivity.

e. Data quality or usability affected?

No impact to data quality or usability.

6. QC Samples

a. Method Blank

i. One method blank reported per matrix, analysis and 20 samples?

Yes No N/A Comments:

ii. All method blank results less than limit of quantitation (LOQ) or project specified objectives?

Yes No N/A Comments:

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iii. If above LOQ or project specified objectives, what samples are affected?

Comments:

N/A – no analytes were detected in the method blanks

iv. Do the affected sample(s) have data flags? If so, are the data flags clearly defined?

Yes No N/A Comments:

N/A – no analytes were detected in the method blanks

v. Data quality or usability affected?

Comments:

Usability is not affected as no data were qualified.

b. Laboratory Control Sample/Duplicate (LCS/LCSD)

i. Organics – One LCS/LCSD reported per matrix, analysis and 20 samples? (LCS/LCSD required per AK methods, LCS required per SW846)

Yes No N/A Comments:

ii. Metals/Inorganics – one LCS and one sample duplicate reported per matrix, analysis and 20 samples?

Yes No N/A Comments:

- SW6020B: Analytical batch MXX34532 did not have a LCSD, however the lab analyzed a site-specific MS/MSD in order to meet batch QC criteria.
- E300.0: Analytical batch WXX13886 did not include a sample duplicate but is not required by the method. This batch did have a site-specific MS/MSD analyzed.
- E300.0: Analytical batch WXX13888 did not include a sample duplicate but is not required by the method.

iii. Accuracy – All percent recoveries (%R) reported and within method or laboratory limits and project specified objectives, if applicable? (AK Petroleum methods: AK101 60%-120%, AK102 75%-125%, AK103 60%-120%; all other analyses see the laboratory QC pages)

Yes No N/A Comments:

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- iv. Precision – All relative percent differences (RPD) reported and less than method or laboratory limits and project specified objectives, if applicable? RPD reported from LCS/LCSD, and or sample/sample duplicate. (AK Petroleum methods 20%; all other analyses see the laboratory QC pages)

Yes No N/A Comments:

- v. If %R or RPD is outside of acceptable limits, what samples are affected?

Comments:

N/A – all %R and RPD met acceptance criteria.

- vi. Do the affected sample(s) have data flags? If so, are the data flags clearly defined?

Yes No N/A Comments:

N/A – all %R and RPD met acceptance criteria.

- vii. Data quality or usability affected? (Use comment box to explain.)

Comments:

Usability is not affected as no data were qualified.

- c. Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD)

Note: Leave blank if not required for project

- i. Organics – One MS/MSD reported per matrix, analysis and 20 samples?

Yes No N/A Comments:

- AK102/103: Analytical batch XXX45397 did not contain a MS/MSD. This batch included an LCS/LCSD.

- ii. Metals/Inorganics – one MS and one MSD reported per matrix, analysis and 20 samples?

Yes No N/A Comments:

- E300.0: Analytical batch WXX13888 did not include a MSD but is not required by the method.

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iii. Accuracy – All percent recoveries (%R) reported and within method or laboratory limits and project specified objectives, if applicable?

Yes No N/A Comments:

- SW6020B: Iron was recovered (229%/313%) greater than upper control limit (UCL) of 118% in the MS and MSD performed on sample 21FWOU606WG. However, the native iron concentration in the parent sample was significantly greater than the spike concentration. No flags were applied to the data due to the high recoveries.
- SW6020B: Manganese was recovered outside of control limits in the MS and MSD performed on sample 21FWOU606WG. However, the native manganese concentration in the parent sample was significantly greater than the spike concentration. No flags were applied to the data due to the recoveries outside of control limits.
- AK102: Diesel range organics (DRO) was recovered (27%/64%) less than the lower control limit (LCL) of 75% in the MS and MSD performed on sample 21FWOU606WG. The associated DRO result in sample 21FWOU606WG and the field duplicate (FD) 21FWOU607WG were flagged J- due to possible low bias.

iv. Precision – All relative percent differences (RPD) reported and less than method or laboratory limits and project specified objectives, if applicable? RPD reported from MS/MSD, and or sample/sample duplicate.

Yes No N/A Comments:

v. If %R or RPD is outside of acceptable limits, what samples are affected?

Comments:

- AK102: 21FWOU606WG and the associated FD 21FWOU607WG

vi. Do the affected sample(s) have data flags? If so, are the data flags clearly defined?

Yes No N/A Comments:

- The DRO results in samples 21FWOU606WG and FD 21FWOU607WG were flagged J- due to possible low bias.

1215007

Laboratory Report Date:

September 10, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

vii. Data quality or usability affected? (Use comment box to explain.)

Comments:

The affected results are significantly greater than the RGs in the ROD, data usability was not affected.

d. Surrogates – Organics Only or Isotope Dilution Analytes (IDA) – Isotope Dilution Methods Only

i. Are surrogate/IDA recoveries reported for organic analyses – field, QC and laboratory samples?

Yes No N/A Comments:

ii. Accuracy – All percent recoveries (%R) reported and within method or laboratory limits and project specified objectives, if applicable? (AK Petroleum methods 50-150 %R for field samples and 60-120 %R for QC samples; all other analyses see the laboratory report pages)

Yes No N/A Comments:

iii. Do the sample results with failed surrogate/IDA recoveries have data flags? If so, are the data flags clearly defined?

Yes No N/A Comments:

N/A – no surrogates were recovered outside of control limits

iv. Data quality or usability affected?

Comments:

Usability is not affected as no data were qualified.

e. Trip Blanks

i. One trip blank reported per matrix, analysis and for each cooler containing volatile samples? (If not, enter explanation below.)

Yes No N/A Comments:

No volatile analyses were included with this SDG.

ii. Is the cooler used to transport the trip blank and VOA samples clearly indicated on the COC? (If not, a comment explaining why must be entered below)

Yes No N/A Comments:

No volatile analyses were included with this SDG.

1215007

Laboratory Report Date:

September 10, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

iii. All results less than LOQ and project specified objectives?

Yes No N/A Comments:

No volatile analyses were included with this SDG.

iv. If above LOQ or project specified objectives, what samples are affected?

Comments:

N/A - No volatile analyses were included with this SDG.

v. Data quality or usability affected?

Comments:

No impact to data quality or usability.

f. Field Duplicate

i. One field duplicate submitted per matrix, analysis and 10 project samples?

Yes No N/A Comments:

One FD pair, 21FWOU606WG/21FWOU607WG was submitted for ten primary field samples for AK102/103, SW6020B, and E300.0

ii. Submitted blind to lab?

Yes No N/A Comments:

1215007

Laboratory Report Date:

September 10, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

iii. Precision – All relative percent differences (RPD) less than specified project objectives? (Recommended: 30% water, 50% soil)

RPD (%) = Absolute value of: $\frac{(R_1-R_2)}{((R_1+R_2)/2)} \times 100$

Where R1 = Sample Concentration
R2 = Field Duplicate Concentration

Yes No N/A Comments:

Field duplicate pair 21FWOU606WG/21FWOU607WG was submitted and analyzed for AK102/103, E300.0, and SW6020B.

SPM_MethodID	ClientAnalyteName	PR	DUP	RPD
AK102	Diesel Range Organics (C10-C25)	70.3	58.9	17.65%
AK103	Residual Range Organics (C25-C36)	8.89	8.16	8.56%
6020B	Iron	55.1	55.6	0.90%
6020B	Manganese	4.47	4.47	0.00%
300.0	Sulfate	6.12	6.12	0.00%

All RPDs in N/FD pair 21FWOU606WG/21FWOU607WG were within the recommended limit of 30% RPD for water samples.

iv. Data quality or usability affected? (Use the comment box to explain why or why not.)

Comments:

Usability is not affected as no data were qualified.

g. Decontamination or Equipment Blank (If not applicable, a comment stating why must be entered below)?

Yes No N/A Comments:

Empty comment box for decontamination or equipment blank.

1215007

Laboratory Report Date:

September 10, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

i. All results less than LOQ and project specified objectives?

Yes No N/A Comments:

- AK102: DRO was detected in EB greater than the LOD but less than the LOQ in the equipment blank (EB) 21FWOU6EB02.
- AK103: RRO was detected in EB greater than the LOD but less than the LOQ in the EB 21FWOU6EB02.

ii. If above LOQ or project specified objectives, what samples are affected?

Comments:

- AK102: The DRO results in samples 21FWOU605WG, 21FWOU608WG, 21FWOU609WG, 21FWOU616WG, 21FWOU619WG, and 21FWOU620WG were less than 10x the EB concentration and were flagged B for potential high bias.
- AK103: The RRO results in samples 21FWOU605WG, 21FWOU608WG, 21FWOU609WG, 21FWOU615WG, 21FWOU616WG, 21FWOU617WG, 21FWOU618WG, and 21FWOU620WG were less than 10x the EB concentration and were flagged B for potential high bias.

iii. Data quality or usability affected?

Comments:

- Affected results were either significantly above or significantly below the ROD RGs so data usability was not affected, with the following exceptions:
- The DRO result in sample 21FWOU616WG was only slightly less than the RG and potentially biased high, so the data usability was not affected.
 - The RRO result in sample 21FWOU615WG was only slightly less than the RG and potentially biased high, so the data usability was not affected.

7. Other Data Flags/Qualifiers (ACOE, AFCEE, Lab Specific, etc.)

a. Defined and appropriate?

Yes No N/A Comments:

Laboratory Data Review Checklist

Completed By:

Travis Gouveia

Title:

Project Chemist

Date:

October 18, 2021

Consultant Firm:

Brice Engineering

Laboratory Name:

SGS Environmental Services of Anchorage, AK

Laboratory Report Number:

1215046

Laboratory Report Date:

September 09, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

ADEC File Number:

108.38.085

Hazard Identification Number:

4140

1215046

Laboratory Report Date:

September 09, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

Note: Any N/A or No box checked must have an explanation in the comments box.

1. Laboratory

a. Did an ADEC CS approved laboratory receive and perform all of the submitted sample analyses?

Yes No N/A Comments:

Samples were received and analyzed by SGS of Anchorage, AK. CS Approval 17-021

b. If the samples were transferred to another “network” laboratory or sub-contracted to an alternate laboratory, was the laboratory performing the analyses ADEC CS approved?

Yes No N/A Comments:

All analyses performed at SGS.

2. Chain of Custody (CoC)

a. CoC information completed, signed, and dated (including released/received by)?

Yes No N/A Comments:

b. Correct analyses requested?

Yes No N/A Comments:

3. Laboratory Sample Receipt Documentation

a. Sample/cooler temperature documented and within range at receipt (0° to 6° C)?

Yes No N/A Comments:

Cooler 080901 was received at 1.1°C.

b. Sample preservation acceptable – acidified waters, Methanol preserved VOC soil (GRO, BTEX, Volatile Chlorinated Solvents, etc.)?

Yes No N/A Comments:

1215046

Laboratory Report Date:

September 09, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

c. Sample condition documented – broken, leaking (Methanol), zero headspace (VOC vials)?

Yes No N/A Comments:

d. If there were any discrepancies, were they documented? For example, incorrect sample containers/preservation, sample temperature outside of acceptable range, insufficient or missing samples, etc.?

Yes No N/A Comments:

No discrepancies were noted.

e. Data quality or usability affected?

Comments:

N/A – no discrepancies

4. Case Narrative

a. Present and understandable?

Yes No N/A Comments:

b. Discrepancies, errors, or QC failures identified by the lab?

Yes No N/A Comments:

QC failures are identified in the case narrative and discussed in the applicable section of this checklist.

c. Were all corrective actions documented?

Yes No N/A Comments:

d. What is the effect on data quality/usability according to the case narrative?

Comments:

Effects on data quality and usability are discussed in the applicable sections of this checklist.

1215046

Laboratory Report Date:

September 09, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

5. Samples Results

a. Correct analyses performed/reported as requested on COC?

Yes No N/A Comments:

b. All applicable holding times met?

Yes No N/A Comments:

c. All soils reported on a dry weight basis?

Yes No N/A Comments:

No soil samples included with this SDG.

d. Are the reported LOQs less than the Cleanup Level or the minimum required detection level for the project?

Yes No N/A Comments:

Sample LODs for non-detects were compared to OU6 ROD RGs, and all LODs for non-detect results met MPC for sensitivity.

e. Data quality or usability affected?

No impact to data quality or usability.

6. QC Samples

a. Method Blank

i. One method blank reported per matrix, analysis and 20 samples?

Yes No N/A Comments:

ii. All method blank results less than limit of quantitation (LOQ) or project specified objectives?

Yes No N/A Comments:

1215046

Laboratory Report Date:

September 09, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

iii. If above LOQ or project specified objectives, what samples are affected?

Comments:

N/A – no analytes were detected in the method blanks

iv. Do the affected sample(s) have data flags? If so, are the data flags clearly defined?

Yes No N/A Comments:

N/A – no analytes were detected in the method blanks

v. Data quality or usability affected?

Comments:

Usability is not affected as no data were qualified.

b. Laboratory Control Sample/Duplicate (LCS/LCSD)

i. Organics – One LCS/LCSD reported per matrix, analysis and 20 samples? (LCS/LCSD required per AK methods, LCS required per SW846)

Yes No N/A Comments:

ii. Metals/Inorganics – one LCS and one sample duplicate reported per matrix, analysis and 20 samples?

Yes No N/A Comments:

- SW6020B: Analytical batch MXX34535 did not have a LCSD, however the lab analyzed a site-specific MS/MSD in order to meet batch QC criteria.
- E300.0: Analytical batch WXX13897 did not include a sample duplicate but is not required by the method. This batch did have a site-specific MS/MSD analyzed.

iii. Accuracy – All percent recoveries (%R) reported and within method or laboratory limits and project specified objectives, if applicable? (AK Petroleum methods: AK101 60%-120%, AK102 75%-125%, AK103 60%-120%; all other analyses see the laboratory QC pages)

Yes No N/A Comments:

1215046

Laboratory Report Date:

September 09, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

iv. Precision – All relative percent differences (RPD) reported and less than method or laboratory limits and project specified objectives, if applicable? RPD reported from LCS/LCSD, and or sample/sample duplicate. (AK Petroleum methods 20%; all other analyses see the laboratory QC pages)

Yes No N/A Comments:

v. If %R or RPD is outside of acceptable limits, what samples are affected?

Comments:

N/A – all %R and RPD met acceptance criteria.

vi. Do the affected sample(s) have data flags? If so, are the data flags clearly defined?

Yes No N/A Comments:

N/A – all %R and RPD met acceptance criteria.

vii. Data quality or usability affected? (Use comment box to explain.)

Comments:

Usability is not affected as no data were qualified.

c. Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD)

Note: Leave blank if not required for project

i. Organics – One MS/MSD reported per matrix, analysis and 20 samples?

Yes No N/A Comments:

• SW8260D-SIM: Batch VXX37653 did not contain a MS/MSD, but did contain a LCS/LCSD.

ii. Metals/Inorganics – one MS and one MSD reported per matrix, analysis and 20 samples?

Yes No N/A Comments:

1215046

Laboratory Report Date:

September 09, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

iii. Accuracy – All percent recoveries (%R) reported and within method or laboratory limits and project specified objectives, if applicable?

Yes No N/A Comments:

- SW6020B: Batch MXX34535 had two MS/MSDs performed. Manganese was recovered less than the lower control limit (LCL) in the MSD performed on a sample that was not a project sample. No flags were applied to the data since the parent sample was not a project sample.
- SW6020B: Iron was recovered (132%/132%) greater than upper control limit (UCL) of 118% in the MS and MSD performed on parent sample 21FWOU612WG. The associated iron results in samples 21FWOU612WG and the field duplicate (FD) 21FWOU613WG were flagged J+ due to possible high bias.

iv. Precision – All relative percent differences (RPD) reported and less than method or laboratory limits and project specified objectives, if applicable? RPD reported from MS/MSD, and or sample/sample duplicate.

Yes No N/A Comments:

v. If %R or RPD is outside of acceptable limits, what samples are affected?

Comments:

- SW6020B: 21FWOU612WG and FD 21FWOU613WG

vi. Do the affected sample(s) have data flags? If so, are the data flags clearly defined?

Yes No N/A Comments:

- The iron results in samples 21FWOU612WG and FD 21FWOU613WG DRO were flagged J+ due to possible high bias.

vii. Data quality or usability affected? (Use comment box to explain.)

Comments:

The affected iron results have no established screening criteria, so data usability was not affected.

d. Surrogates – Organics Only or Isotope Dilution Analytes (IDA) – Isotope Dilution Methods Only

i. Are surrogate/IDA recoveries reported for organic analyses – field, QC and laboratory samples?

Yes No N/A Comments:

1215046

Laboratory Report Date:

September 09, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

ii. Accuracy – All percent recoveries (%R) reported and within method or laboratory limits and project specified objectives, if applicable? (AK Petroleum methods 50-150 %R for field samples and 60-120 %R for QC samples; all other analyses see the laboratory report pages)

Yes No N/A Comments:

iii. Do the sample results with failed surrogate/IDA recoveries have data flags? If so, are the data flags clearly defined?

Yes No N/A Comments:

N/A – no surrogates were recovered outside of control limits

iv. Data quality or usability affected?

Comments:

Usability is not affected as no data were qualified.

e. Trip Blanks

i. One trip blank reported per matrix, analysis and for each cooler containing volatile samples? (If not, enter explanation below.)

Yes No N/A Comments:

ii. Is the cooler used to transport the trip blank and VOA samples clearly indicated on the COC? (If not, a comment explaining why must be entered below)

Yes No N/A Comments:

iii. All results less than LOQ and project specified objectives?

Yes No N/A Comments:

iv. If above LOQ or project specified objectives, what samples are affected?

Comments:

N/A – there were no detections in the TB.

1215046

Laboratory Report Date:

September 09, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

v. Data quality or usability affected?

Comments:

Usability is not affected as no data were qualified.

f. Field Duplicate

i. One field duplicate submitted per matrix, analysis and 10 project samples?

Yes No N/A Comments:

One FD pair, 21FWOU612WG/21FWOU613WG was submitted for eight primary field samples for SW6020B, SW8260D, SW8260D-SIM, and E300.0.

ii. Submitted blind to lab?

Yes No N/A Comments:

1215046

Laboratory Report Date:

September 09, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

iii. Precision – All relative percent differences (RPD) less than specified project objectives? (Recommended: 30% water, 50% soil)

RPD (%) = Absolute value of: $\frac{(R_1-R_2)}{((R_1+R_2)/2)} \times 100$

Where R1 = Sample Concentration
R2 = Field Duplicate Concentration

Yes No N/A Comments:

Field duplicate pair 21FWOU612WG/21FWOU613WG was submitted and analyzed for SW6020B, SW8260D, SW8260D-SIM, and E300.0.

ADEC_06E3_FieldDup					
SPM_MethodID	ClientAnalyteName	PAL	PR	DU	RPD
8260D	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		0.00713	0.00749	4.92%
8260D	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		0.00748	0.00779	4.06%
8260D	Trichloroethene (TCE)		0.00107	0.00109	1.85%
6020B	Manganese		1.57	1.58	0.63%
300.0	Sulfate		41	40.8	0.49%
6020B	Iron		9.01	9	0.11%

All RPDs in N/FD pair 21FWOU612WG/21FWOU613WG were within the recommended limit of 30% RPD for water samples.

iv. Data quality or usability affected? (Use the comment box to explain why or why not.)

Comments:

Usability is not affected as no data were qualified.

g. Decontamination or Equipment Blank (If not applicable, a comment stating why must be entered below)?

Yes No N/A Comments:

Empty comment box for decontamination or equipment blank.

1215046

Laboratory Report Date:

September 09, 2021

CS Site Name:

OU 6 – Former Communications Site – Fort Wainwright, AK

i. All results less than LOQ and project specified objectives?

Yes No N/A Comments:

ii. If above LOQ or project specified objectives, what samples are affected?

Comments:

N/A – there were no detections in the EB.

iii. Data quality or usability affected?

Comments:

Usability is not affected as no data were qualified.

7. Other Data Flags/Qualifiers (ACOE, AFCEE, Lab Specific, etc.)

a. Defined and appropriate?

Yes No N/A Comments:

APPENDIX C
FIELD FORMS AND NOTES

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TABLE C-1 2021 OU6 GROUNDWATER SAMPLE FIELD MEASUREMENTS

WELL ID	SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE DATE	SAMPLE TIME	FIELD MEASUREMENTS									
				WATER DEPTH ¹ (feet btoc)	WATER TABLE WITHIN WELL SCREEN INTERVAL (Y/N)	DRAWDOWN (feet)	TEMP (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DO (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WELL STABILIZED ³ (Y/N)
MW03	21FWOU620WG	8/6/2021	1425	15.45	Y	0.00	7.70	0.624	0.24	7.04	-109.20	9.12	Y
MW06A	21FWOU615WG	8/6/2021	1015	15.93	Y	0.00	6.80	0.620	0.16	6.83	-118.2	1.28	Y
MW08	21FWOU614WG	8/5/2021	1535	18.04	Y	0.00	4.70	0.711	2.69	6.74	71.70	0.14	Y
MW12R	21FWOU609WG	8/5/2021	1525	12.70	Y	0.00	8.10	0.461	0.01	7.04	-132.20	0.40	Y
MW13	21FWOU610WG	8/5/2021	1055	16.14	Y	0.00	5.50	0.867	0.67	6.67	22.90	1.57	Y
MW33	21FWOU606WG	8/5/2021	1230	15.75	Y	0.00	6.70	1.033	0.33	6.86	-133.30	12.30	Y
MW37	21FWOU619WG	8/6/2021	1310	15.55	Y	0.00	12.80	0.642	0.92	7.01	117.70	1.12	Y
MW47	21FWOU603WG	8/4/2021	1655	16.04	Y	0.00	6.90	0.656	1.62	7.06	39.00	0.39	Y
MW58	21FWOU605WG	8/5/2021	1110	13.22	Y	0.00	7.60	0.585	9.42	7.09	-106.90	22.97	Y
MW61	21FWOU612WG	8/5/2021	1350	14.87	Y	0.00	6.40	0.637	0.28	7.04	-106.40	4.17	Y
MW62	21FWOU608WG	8/5/2021	1415	14.09	Y	0.00	7.70	1.361	8.24	6.73	83.90	0.25	Y
MW64	21FWOU618WG	8/6/2021	1045	14.75	Y	0.00	7.40	0.547	0.20	7.19	-71.3	5.92	Y
MW77	21FWOU616WG	8/6/2021	1125	18.08	Y	0.00	6.70	0.922	0.23	6.77	119.40	0.01	Y
MW78	21FWOU601WG	8/4/2021	1345	16.64	N ⁴	0.00	7.40	0.531	0.12	7.25	-115.50	7.98	Y
MW79	21FWOU604WG	8/4/2021	1820	18.12	Y	0.00	7.70	0.646	0.45	7.06	-68.60	4.83	Y
MW80	21FWOU611WG	8/5/2021	1240	14.36	N ⁴	0.00	6.00	0.431	0.07	7.22	-130.1	1.76	Y
MW82	21FWOU617WG	8/6/2021	1245	17.58	Y	0.00	7.50	0.998	10.90	6.78	139.6	0.02	Y
MW91	21FWOU602WG	8/4/2021	1510	16.81	N ⁴	0.00	8.20	0.423	0.11	7.43	-137.50	10.52	Y

Notes:

- ¹ Water depth shown was the static level measured on the date shown prior to purging the well
- ² Drawdown measured during the last three readings.
- ³ Stabilization parameters described in ADEC Field Sampling Guidance (ADEC 2019).
- ⁴ Wells were intentionally screened below to the water table to evaluate the potential for diving contaminant plumes.

Acronyms

bgs - below ground surface	CDQR - Chemical Data Quality Report	mS/cm - milliSiemens per centimeter	NTU - nephelometric turbidity units
btoc - below top of casing	DO - dissolved oxygen	mV - millivolts	ORP - oxidation reduction potential
°C - degree Celsius	mg/L - milligrams per liter	NA - not applicable or not available	

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2021 FIELD FORMS

OU6

U.S. Army Garrison Alaska



Contract No. W911KB-17-D-0020

Task Order W911KB-20F-0053





GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 01 WG
 LOCATION ID: AW 78
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME:
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): VOC-LL, DRO/RRO, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable): Y N

DATE: 8/4/21
 TIME: 1345
 SAMPLER: CB
 WEATHER/TEMP:
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 1 Turbidity Meter #: 11
 WELL COMPLETION (circle): Suck-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug: Y N Lock: Y N Labeled: Y N Well Damage: Y N
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC):
 TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 37.01
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 16.64
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): 20.37
 GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65)
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 3.3

SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 Water Level: 16
 ADDITIONAL NOTES:
 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 10'
 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen
 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC):* 28
 * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.65	7.4	0.524	0.61	7.19	-84.3	91.98	16.69
10	1.3	7.3	0.529	0.35	7.21	-98.6	55.26	16.69
15	1.95	7.2	0.531	0.21	7.22	-107.6	45.25	16.69
20	2.6	7.4	0.532	0.16	7.23	-111.3	26.39	16.69
25	3.25	7.3	0.531	0.14	7.23	-113.0	14.68	16.69
30	3.9	7.5	0.531	0.13	7.24	-113.7	12.41	16.69
35	4.55	7.5	0.531	0.12	7.25	-115.0	8.38	16.69
40	5.2	7.4	0.530	0.12	7.25	-115.2	7.50	16.69
45	5.85	7.4	0.531	0.12	7.25	-115.5	7.98	16.69

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT?
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT?
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT?
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other:
 SHEEN: Y N ODOR: Y N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:
CB

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 6 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? Y N IDW CONTAINER ID: C0804006CB01 IBC 15gal poly
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 02 WG
 LOCATION ID: MW91
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME: _____
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): ~~VOC/VOC-LL~~ ~~PRO/PRO~~ Dissolved Fe/Min. Sulfate
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable): Y N

DATE: 8/4/21
 TIME: 1510
 SAMPLER: CB
 WEATHER/TEMP: _____
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 1 Turbidity Meter #: 11 Water Level: 16
 WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug: Y N Lock: Y N Labeled: Y N Well Damage: Y N
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC): _____
 TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 25.94 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 20
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 16.81 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): 59.13 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC): * 56.9
 GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65) * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 9.6

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.7	9.4	0.420	0.32	7.41	-139.8	22.65	16.83
10	1.4	8.3	0.424	0.23	7.40	-138.6	20.05	16.83
15	2.1	8.3	0.424	0.15	7.40	-138.0	18.05	16.83
20	2.8	9.4	0.420	0.16	7.40	-139.5	17.72	16.83
25	3.5	8.9	0.422	0.13	7.39	-137.2	12.96	16.83
30	4.2	8.0	0.422	0.12	7.40	-135.9	13.28	16.83
35	4.9	8.2	0.423	0.11	7.42	-137.7	10.96	16.83
40	5.6	8.2	0.423	0.11	7.43	-137.5	10.52	16.83

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 WATER COLOR: clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other: _____
 SHEEN: Y N ODOR: Y N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 7 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? Y N IDW CONTAINER ID: C0604 006 CB01 IBC / 15gal poly
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 03 WG
 LOCATION ID: 11447
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME:
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): ~~VOC~~ ~~VOC-II~~ ~~DRO/BRO~~ ~~Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate~~
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable) Y N

DATE: 8/4/21
 TIME: 1655
 SAMPLER: CB
 WEATHER/TEMP: SUNNY / 81°F
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 1 Turbidity Meter #: 11
 WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug: N Lock: N Labeled: N Well Damage: Y / N
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y / N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC):
 TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 19.67
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 16.04
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): 3.63
 GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 2" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.168) or 4" (X 0.65)
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 0.6

SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 Water Level: 16
 ADDITIONAL NOTES:
 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 10
 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen
 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC): 17
 * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.65	7.8	0.655	3.10	7.04	49.6	2.60	16.07
10	1.3	7.5	0.654	2.69	7.04	45.0	2.73	16.07
15	1.95	7.0	0.653	2.48	7.04	43.4	1.21	16.07
20	2.6	7.5	0.649	2.23	7.05	41.0	1.56	16.07
25	3.25	7.4	0.645	1.98	7.05	39.3	1.11	16.07
30	3.9	7.2	0.654	1.92	7.05	38.0	0.52	16.07
35	4.55	7.1	0.657	1.87	7.05	37.8	0.42	16.07
40	5.2	7.0	0.655	1.70	7.05	37.6	0.59	16.07
45	5.85	7.0	0.655	1.65	7.06	37.9	0.18	16.07
50	6.5	6.9	0.656	1.62	7.06	39.0	0.39	16.07

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT?
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT?
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT?
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other:
 SHEEN: Y / N ODOR: Y / N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:
CB

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 7 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? Y N IDW CONTAINER ID: C0804006CB02 IBC / 15gal poly
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FW006 04 WG
 LOCATION ID: MW 79
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME:
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): VOC-LL, DRG/RRO, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable): Y / N

DATE: 8/4/21
 TIME: 1820
 SAMPLER: CB
 WEATHER/TEMP:
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y / N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 1 Turbidity Meter #: 11
 WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug: Y/N Lock: N Labeled: Y/N Well Damage: Y/N
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y/N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTQC):
 TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTQC): 21.52
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTQC): 18.12
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): = 3.43
 GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65)
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 0.56

SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 Water Level: 16
 ADDITIONAL NOTES:
INITIAL 0.25 COLLOIDS
 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 10
 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen
 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTQC):* 19.1
 * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.65	8.1	0.650	2.79	7.03	-58.8	8.29	18.16
10	1.3	7.8	0.651	0.56	7.02	-57.8	5.00	18.16
15	1.95	7.7	0.649	0.50	7.05	-62.9	4.76	18.16
20	2.6	7.8	0.647	0.48	7.05	-66.3	4.59	18.16
25	3.25	7.7	0.646	0.45	7.06	-68.6	4.83	18.16

CB

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y/N IF NO, WHY NOT?
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y/N IF NO, WHY NOT?
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y/N IF NO, WHY NOT?
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other:
 SHEEN: Y/N ODOR: Y/N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 5.5 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? N IDW CONTAINER ID: C08040U6CB02 IBC / 55gal poly
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y/N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 05 WG
 LOCATION ID: MW58
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME: _____
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): VOC, VOC-LL, DRO/RRO, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable) Y N

DATE: 8/5/21
 TIME: 1110
 SAMPLER: JB
 WEATHER/TEMP: Sunny 71°F
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y/N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 3 Turbidity Meter #: 13
 WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug: Y N Lock: N Labeled: Y N Well Damage: Y/N
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y/N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC): _____
 TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 18.22
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 13.22
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): = 5
 GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65)
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 0.815

SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 Water Level: 17
 ADDITIONAL NOTES: Trouble putting tube back in around 10'. Pump fits just fine
 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 8.2-18.2
 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen
 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC):* 14.2
 * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.5	7.8	0.569	7.30	7.04	-99.6	199.7	13.30
10	1.0	8.5	0.574	8.45	7.06	-105.1	112.6	13.35
15	1.5	7.8	0.582	10.55	7.07	-106.4	49.73	13.30
20	2.0	7.5	0.582	10.14	7.07	-106.8	30.86	13.32
25	2.5	7.6	0.584	9.45	7.07	-105.4	31.10	13.33
30	3.0	7.6	0.585	9.42	7.09	-106.9	22.97	13.32

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other: _____
 SHEEN: Y/N ODOR: Y/N

ADDITIONAL NOTES: Brown stain on tube. Lots of bubbles - AS?

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 4 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? Y N IDW CONTAINER ID: C0805006JSD IBC (15gal poly)
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y/N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)

SAMPLE ID: 21FW06 06 WG

LOCATION ID: MW33

FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME: 21FW0607WG/AP-1010/12:45

LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): VOC, VOC-L, PPO/RRO, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate

VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable) N

DATE: 8/5/21

TIME: 12:30

SAMPLER: 90

WEATHER/TEMP: Sunny, 74°F

MS/MSD PERFORMED? N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other

SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other

SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 3 Turbidity Meter #: 13 Water Level: 17

WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount

WELL CONDITION: Plug N Lock: N Labeled: N Well Damage: Y N

FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC): _____

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 20.89

DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 15.75

WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): = 5.14

SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 10.8 - 20.8

WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen

DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC):* 16.8

GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65)

1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 0.84

* Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.5	6.6	0.974	5.91	6.78	-131.8	7.22	15.89
10	1.0	6.6	0.989	7.26	6.79	-135.8	9.94	15.92
15	1.5	7.4	0.993	2.75	6.82	-139.9	9.53	15.84
20	2.0	6.6	1.006	11.23	6.81	-129.5	10.53	15.89
25	2.5	6.7	1.033	0.72	6.86	-124.5	12.41	15.86
30	3.0	6.7	1.032	0.49	6.86	-129.3	10.80	15.86
35	3.5	6.7	1.033	0.33	6.86	-133.3	12.30	15.86
98								

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____

DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____

FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____

WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Red (Sand/Silt) Other: _____

SHEEN: Y N ODOR: N

ADDITIONAL NOTES: Black stain on tubing
POL odor
Extra purge water: Tube popped off

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 5.5 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? N IDW CONTAINER ID: C08050063501 IBC / 15gal poly

DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal

PHOTOS TAKEN: Y N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 07 WG
 LOCATION ID: MU102
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME: _____
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): VOC, VOC-LL, PPO/RRO, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable): Y N

DATE: 8/5/21
 TIME: 1415
 SAMPLER: JS
 WEATHER/TEMP: Sunny, 81°F
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 3 Turbidity Meter #: 13 Water Level: 17
 WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug: Y N Lock: Y N Labeled: Y N Well Damage: Y N
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC): _____
 TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 20.11 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 10.1 - 20.1
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 14.09 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): 6.02 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC): * 13.09
 GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65)
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 0.98 * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.5	6.7	1.372	0.14	6.69	95.2	7.00	14.18
10	1.0	7.7	1.364	3.28	6.71	90.5	5.08	14.16
15	1.5	7.8	1.361	8.22	6.73	85.3	2.98	14.15
20	2.0	7.7	1.361	8.23	6.74	84.6	1.09	14.18
25	2.5	7.7	1.361	8.24	6.73	83.9	0.25	14.18

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other: _____
 SHEEN: Y N ODOR: Y N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 5 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? N IDW CONTAINER ID: C08050UG150 / 15gal poly
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (If applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 09 WG
 LOCATION ID: MW12R
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME: _____
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): ~~VOC, VOC-L, PBO/RRO, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate~~
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (If applicable): Y N

DATE: 8/5/21
 TIME: 15:25
 SAMPLER: JB
 WEATHER/TEMP: Sunny 81°F
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 3 Turbidity Meter #: 13 Water Level: 17

WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug N Lock: N Labeled: N Well Damage: Y N
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC): _____

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 22.50 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 12.5 - 22.5
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 12.70 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): 9.8 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC): 13.7
 GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65) * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 1.59

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.5	8.6	0.4536 ±3% (15)	0.08	7.01	-124.6	1.78	12.73
10	1.0	7.8	0.4599	0.01	7.03	-127.7	1.59	12.73
15	1.5	8.1	0.4596	0.02	7.03	-129.8	0.81	12.73
20	2.0	8.2	0.4600	0.02	7.04	-132.2	0.91	↓
25	2.5	8.1	0.4609	0.01	7.04	-132.2	0.40	↓

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other: _____
 SHEEN: Y N ODOR: Y N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 3.5 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? Y N IDW CONTAINER ID: P080506J502 IBC / 5gal poly
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 10 WG
 LOCATION ID: MW13
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME: _____
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): ~~VOC, VOC-L, DRO/RRO~~ Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable) Y / N

DATE: 8/5/21
 TIME: 10:55
 SAMPLER: CB/TA
 WEATHER/TEMP: SUNNY / 70°F
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y/N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible Peristaltic / Bladder / Other SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 1 Turbidity Meter #: 11 Water Level: 16
 WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug Y / N Lock: Y / N Labeled Y / N Well Damage: Y N
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC): _____
 TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 19.20 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 10
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 10.14 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen Above Screen
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): = 3.06 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC): * 17.1
 GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65) * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 0.49

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.55	5.4	0.882	0.84	6.64	21.9	4.97	16.25
10	1.1	4.8	0.877	0.75	6.65	22.2	3.53	16.25
15	1.65	5.0	0.875	0.70	6.67	22.2	3.47	16.25
20	2.2	5.3	0.871	0.68	6.67	23.0	4.62	16.25
25	2.75	5.4	0.871	0.67	6.67	23.0	3.37	16.25
30	3.3	5.5	0.867	0.67	6.67	22.9	1.57	16.25

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other: _____
 SHEEN: Y N ODOR: Y N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 5 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? Y / N IDW CONTAINER ID: C08050060301 IBC 15gal poly
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FW066 11 WG
 LOCATION ID: MW 80
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME: _____
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): VOC/VOC-L, DRG/RRO, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable) Y / N

DATE: 08/05
 TIME: 12:40
 SAMPLER: TA CB
 WEATHER/TEMP: 72 sunny
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y / (N)

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 1 Turbidity Meter #: 11
 WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug: N Lock: N Labeled: N Well Damage: Y / N
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y / (N) IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC): _____
 TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 46.78 soft bottom
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 14.36
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): 32.39
 GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65)
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 5.28

SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 Water Level: 16
 ADDITIONAL NOTES:
 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 10
 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Above Screen
 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC):* 37.7
 * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.5	7.1	4,226	0.20	7.20	-119.9	38.06	14.40
10	1	6.3	0.430	0.14	7.21	-122.8	24.7	14.42
15	1.5	5.7	0.4309	0.10	7.22	-126.5	9.9	14.42
20	2.0	6.0	0.4312	0.09	7.22	-127.7	5.56	14.42
25	2.5	6.1	0.4313	0.08	7.22	-126.7	2.34	14.42
30	3.0	6.0	0.4313	0.07	7.22	-130.1	1.76	14.42

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other: _____
 SHEEN: Y / (N) ODDOR: Y / (N)

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 7 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? Y / N IDW CONTAINER ID: C 0805 006 CB01 / 15gal poly
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y / (N)



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS) MWG1

SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 12 WG

LOCATION ID: MWG1

FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME: 21FWO4613 WG / MW AP 2020 / 1405

LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): VOC, VOC-LL, DRU/RRD, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate

VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable) Y / N

DATE: 08 05 21

TIME: 1350

SAMPLER: CB/TA

WEATHER/TEMP: 73 Sunny

MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y / N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other

SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 1 Turbidity Meter #: 11 Water Level: 16

WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount

WELL CONDITION: Plug: Y / N Lock: Y / N Labeled: Y / N Well Damage: Y / N

FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y / N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC): _____

TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 20.15 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 10

DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 14.87 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen

WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): 5.28 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC):* 15.8

GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65)

1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 0.86

* Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.7	6.7	0.638	1.18	6.99	-93.8	27.56	15.1
10	0.14 1.4	6.7	0.639	0.94	7.01	-99.7	24.34	15.1
15	2.1 2.1	6.5	0.635	0.80	7.02	-100.8	15.28	15.1
20	2.8	6.7	0.638	0.61	7.03	-102.9	28.97	15.1
25	3.5	6.7	0.638	0.48	7.03	-104.0	6.0	15.1
30	4.2	6.2	0.637	0.39	7.03	-104.4	3.56	15.1
35	4.9	6.2	0.638	0.32	7.04	-105.6	2.4	15.14
40	5.6	6.4	0.637	0.28	7.04	-106.4	4.17	15.1

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____

DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____

FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____

WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other: _____

SHEEN: Y / N ODOR: Y / N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 11 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? Y / N IDW CONTAINER ID: C0805006CB02 IBC / 15gal poly

DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal

PHOTOS TAKEN: Y / N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 14 WG
 LOCATION ID: MW08
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME:
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): VOC, POC, DRO/RRO, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable) Y N

DATE: 8/5/21
 TIME: 1535
 SAMPLER: UB/TA
 WEATHER/TEMP: SUNNY/79°F
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 1 Turbidity Meter #: 11 Water Level: 16
 WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug: N Lock: N Labeled: N Well Damage: Y N
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC):
 TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 22.12 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 10
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 18.04 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): = 4.08 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC):* 19.0
 GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65) * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 0.66

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.7	5.2	0.713	3.06	6.70	82.0	0.5	18.2
10	1.4	4.9	0.711	2.98	6.71	81.1	1.58	18.24
15	2.1	4.8	0.712	2.85	6.73	78.8	0.79	18.2
20	2.8	4.7	0.711	2.80	6.73	77.1	1.11	18.2
25	3.5	4.7	0.711	2.77	6.74	74.7	0.13	18.2
30	4.2	4.6	0.711	2.74	6.74	73.4	1.52	18.2
35	4.9	4.7	0.711	2.69	6.74	71.7	0.14	18.2

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? N IF NO, WHY NOT?
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? N IF NO, WHY NOT?
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? N IF NO, WHY NOT?
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other:
 SHEEN: Y N ODOR: Y N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 9 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? N IDW CONTAINER ID: C0805006UB IBC / 15gal poly
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 15 WG
 LOCATION ID: MW06A
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME: _____
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): VOC, VOC-LL, DRO/RRO, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable) Y / N

DATE: 8/6/21
 TIME: 10:15
 SAMPLER: DS
 WEATHER/TEMP: Cloudy, 64°F
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y / N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other

SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 3 Turbidity Meter #: 13 Water Level: 17

WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount

WELL CONDITION: Plug: Y / N Lock: Y / N Labeled: Y / N Well Damage: Y / N

FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y / N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC): _____

TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 22.63

SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 12.6 - 22.6

DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 15.93

WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen

WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): = 6.7

DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC):* 16.9

GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65)

1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 1.09

* Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.5	8.0	0.638	0.52	6.77	-97.3	6.53	15.95
10	1.0	6.1	0.681	0.28	6.81	-105.9	9.71	15.95
15	1.5	6.9	0.627	0.16	6.84	-113.9	2.20	15.95
20	2.0	6.8	0.622	0.14	6.84	-118.7	3.38	15.95
25	2.5	6.8	0.620	0.16	6.83	-118.2	1.28	15.95

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other: _____
 SHEEN: Y / N ODOR: Y / N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:
POL odor
Brown stain on tubing

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 315 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? Y / N IDW CONTAINER ID: C08060065501 IBC / 15gal poly
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y / N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 16 WG
 LOCATION ID: MW77
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME: _____
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): VOC, VOC-H, DRO/RO, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable) Y N

DATE: 8/6/21
 TIME: 11:25
 SAMPLER: ZS
 WEATHER/TEMP: Cloudy, 64°F
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 3 Turbidity Meter #: 13 Water Level: 17

WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug: Y N Lock: Y N Labeled: Y N Well Damage: Y N
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC): _____

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 22.61
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 18.08
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): = 4.53
 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 12.6 - 22.6
 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen
 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC):* 19.1

GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65)
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 0.738
 * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.5	7.0	0.929	0.44	6.72	109.0	7.13	18.12
10	1.0	6.9	0.923	0.35	6.76	112.2	3.68	18.13
15	1.5	6.9	0.922	0.28	6.77	114.8	1.18	18.17
20	2.0	6.8	0.924	0.26	6.77	118.4	0.68	18.18
25	2.5	6.7	0.922	0.23	6.77	119.4	0.01	18.18

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other: _____
 SHEEN: Y N ODOR: Y N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:
POL Odor

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 45 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? Y N IDW CONTAINER ID: C 08060065501 IBC / 15gal poly
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 17 WG
 LOCATION ID: MW82
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME: _____
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): VOC, VOC-LI, DRO/BRO, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable): Y N

DATE: 08/16/21
 TIME: 1345
 SAMPLER: 95
 WEATHER/TEMP: Cloudy, 66°F
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 3 Turbidity Meter #: 13 Water Level: 17
 WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug: Y N Lock: Y N Labeled: Y N Well Damage: Y N
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC): _____
 TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 21.72 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 11.7 - 21.7
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 17.58 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): 4.14 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC):* 18.6
 GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65)
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 0.67
 * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.5	7.6	0.997	11.50	6.79	129.2	0.76	17.62
10	1.0	7.5	1.001	11.82	6.79	132.5	0.65	17.64
15	1.5	7.6	1.001	11.14	6.79	135.1	0.27	17.64
20	2.0	7.6	1.001	11.13	6.79	137.4	0.43	17.64
25	2.5	7.5	0.998	10.90	6.78	139.6	0.02	17.64

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other: _____
 SHEEN: Y N ODOR: Y N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 4.5 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? Y N IDW CONTAINER ID: C05060U6J501 IBC / (15gal pot)
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 18 WG
 LOCATION ID: MW 64
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME: _____
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): ~~VOC, VOC-LL, DRO/RRO, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate~~
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable): Y / N

DATE: 08/06/21
 TIME: 10:45
 SAMPLER: TA
 WEATHER/TEMP: 64°F cloudy/windy
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y / N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 1 Turbidity Meter #: T.11 Water Level: _____
 WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug N Lock: N Labeled: N Well Damage: Y / N
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y / N IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC): _____
 TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 20.5
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 14.75
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): = 5.75
 GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.103) or 4" (X 0.65)
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 0.937

SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 ADDITIONAL NOTES:
 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 10
 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen
 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC): 15.8
 * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.65	7.6	0.543	0.32	7.12	-50.6	18.47	14.85
10	1.3	7.3	0.541	0.31	7.14	-55.7	15.42	14.85
15	2.01.95	7.4	0.544	0.30	7.16	-61.7	10.99	14.85
20	5.2.26	7.2	0.552	0.18	7.17	-64.5	6.44	14.85
25	10.4.375	7.2	0.547	0.20	7.18	-64.6	5.48	14.85
30	4.4	7.4	0.547	0.20	7.19	-71.3	5.92	14.85

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? Y / N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other: _____
 SHEEN: Y / N ODOR: Y / N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 55 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? Y / N IDW CONTAINER ID: C080120012A01 IBC / 15gal poly
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y / N



GROUNDWATER SAMPLING FORM

PROJECT NAME: Operable Unit 6

FORT WAINWRIGHT, ALASKA

ANALYTICAL SAMPLE INFORMATION

SITE / PLUME (if applicable): Former Communications Site (FCS)
 SAMPLE ID: 21FWOU6 20 WG
 LOCATION ID: MW03
 FD SAMPLE ID / LOC ID / TIME: _____
 LABORATORY ANALYSIS (circle): VOG, VOC LL, DRO/RRO, Dissolved Fe/Mn, Sulfate
 VERIFIED BOTTLES HAVE CHEMICAL PRESERVATIVE PRIOR TO FILLING (if applicable): Y / N

DATE: 8/6/21
 TIME: 1925
 SAMPLER: JD + TA
 WEATHER/TEMP: cloudy, 66°F
 MS/MSD PERFORMED? Y/N

SAMPLE COLLECTION EQUIPMENT AND MONITORING WELL INFORMATION

PURGE METHOD (circle): Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 SAMPLING EQUIPMENT: YSI #: 3 Turbidity Meter #: 13
 WELL COMPLETION (circle): Stick-up / Flushmount
 WELL CONDITION: Plug: 0/N Lock: 0/N Labeled: 0/N Well Damage: Y/0
 FREE PRODUCT OBSERVED? Y/0 IF YES, DEPTH TO PRODUCT (FT BTOC): _____
 TOTAL DEPTH (FT BTOC): 22.32
 DEPTH TO WATER (FT BTOC): 15.45
 WATER COLUMN HEIGHT (FT): = 6.87
 GALLONS/FT OF CASING (circle): 1.25" (X 0.064) or 2" (X 0.163) or 4" (X 0.65)
 1 CASING VOLUME [gal/ft x water column height (ft)]: 1.12

SAMPLE METHOD: Submersible / Peristaltic / Bladder / Other
 Water Level: 17
 ADDITIONAL NOTES:
 SCREEN LENGTH (FT): 12.3 - 22.3
 WATER LEVEL WITH RESPECT TO SCREEN (circle): Across Screen / Above Screen
 DEPTH OF TUBING OR PUMP INTAKE (FEET BTOC):* 16.5
 * Tubing/pump intake must be set approximately 1 foot below the water table for wells screened across the water table, or within the top 1 foot of the screen interval for wells screened below the water table.

Micropurge well/probe at a rate of 0.03 to 0.15 GPM until parameters stabilize or 3 casing volumes have been removed. If well draws down below tubing or pump intake, stop purging and sample as a low-yield well using a no-purge technique.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY PARAMETERS, STABILITY, AND SAMPLING NOTES

FIELD PARAMETERS AND STABILITY CRITERIA		±3% (or ±0.2°C max)	At least 3 of the 5 parameters below must stabilize					<0.33 ft (during the last 3 measurements)
			±3%	±10% (<1mg/L, ±0.2 mg/L)	±0.1 units	±10 mV	±10% (<10NTU, ±1NTU)	
TIME PURGED (min)	VOLUME PURGED (gal)	TEMPERATURE (°C)	CONDUCTIVITY (mS/cm)	DISSOLVED O ₂ (mg/L)	pH	ORP (mV)	TURBIDITY (NTU)	WATER LEVEL (ft)
5	0.5	7.2	0.625	1.69	7.02	-86.9	146.1	15.46
10	1.0	7.6	0.625	0.78	7.04	-102.1	39.84	15.46
15	1.5	7.7	0.626	0.51	7.04	-104.6	26.87	15.46
20	2.0	7.6	0.625	0.29	7.05	-107.1	14.45	↓
25	2.5	7.7	0.624	0.24	7.04	-109.2	9.12	↓

DID PARAMETERS STABILIZE? 0/N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 DID DRAWDOWN STABILIZE? 0/N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 FLOWRATE BETWEEN 0.03 AND 0.15 GPM? 0/N IF NO, WHY NOT? _____
 WATER COLOR: Clear Yellow Orange Brown/Black (Sand/Silt) Other: _____
 SHEEN: Y/N ODOR: Y/N

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

IDW PURGE WATER MANAGEMENT

VOLUME GENERATED (gal): 4 CONTAINERIZED AND DISPOSED OF AS IDW? 0/N IDW CONTAINER ID: C0806006 TA01 IBC / 0.5 gal poly
 DISPOSAL TYPE: CERCLA Waste * Purge water stored in the DERA Building for characterization prior to disposal
 PHOTOS TAKEN: Y/N

Submersible Pump Equipment Blank

Project Name: OU6

Rinsate #: OU6-EB01

Sample ID: 21FWOU6EB01WR

Date: 8/5/21

Time: 1700

Initials: CS

Analysis: VOC, VOC-U, Fe/Mn/SO₄

Well that the pump was last used on: MW 61

Submersible Pump Equipment Blank

Project Name: OU6

Rinsate #: OU6 - EBO2

Sample ID: 21FWOU6EBO2WQ

Date: 8/5/21

Time: 1730

Initials: JS

Analysis: DRO/RRD, Diss Fe/Mn, sulfate

Well that the pump was last used on: MW33



YSI and Turbidimeter Calibration Logs

Project Name/Location: 006

YSI Model: 556 MPS / Pro Plus

Turbidimeter Model: HF Scientific MicroTPW

YSI Calibration

Equip #	Date	Temp. (°C)	pH (3 pt.) Standards: 4.00, 7.00, 10.00	Cond. (µs/cm) Standard: 1.000	ORP (mV) Standard: 240	DO (mg/L)	Atm. Press. (mmHg)	Initials
1	8/4/21	24.6	4.02-4	0.998	238	8.21	747.8	CB
			7.02-7					
			9.98-10					
1	8/5/21	24.6	3.58-4	1.018	241	8.22	743.8	CB
			7.06-7					
			10.02-10					
3	8/5/21	24.8	4.02-4	1.022	238.3	7.71	743.4	CB
			6.97-7					
			9.90-10					
1	8/6/21	22.4	7.02-7	1.019	235	8.98	743.1	CB
			7.06-7					
			10.16-10					
3	8/6/21	23.0	3.97-4	0.995	234.9	9.40	742.6	CB
			6.92-7					
			10.03-10					

Turbidimeter Calibration

Equip #	Date	1000 NTU	10 NTU	0.02 NTU	Initials
11	8/4/21	✓	✓	✓	CB
11	8/5/21	✓	✓	✓	CB
13	8/5/21	✓	✓	✓	CB
11	8/6/21	✓	✓	✓	JS
13	8/6/21	✓	✓	✓	JS

OUB FT. WAINWRIGHT
CHRIS BOESE

8/4/21

0730 - SHOP - GWS PREP.
(MOVE TO OUB)

1230 - ARRIVE AT TANANA
TRAILS (OUB)

1345 - GWS MW78

1510 - GWS MW91

1655 - GWS MW47

1820 - GWS MW79 +
CLEAN UP.

→ SEE G.W. FORMS FOR DETAILS

1845 - LEAVE SITE

1905 - ARRIVE AT SHOP -
CLEAN UP

Chris Boese

Scale: 1 square = _____

OUB FT. WAINWRIGHT 21
8/5/21 CHRIS BOESE
0730 - SHOP - GWS PREP +
TRAIN TRACY A

0945 - ARRIVE AT TANANA
TRAILS (OUB)

1055 - GWS MW13

1240 - GWS MW80

1350 - GWS MW61 + DUP.
+ MSMSD

1535 - GWS MW08 + CLEAN
UP. SEE ALL G.W. FORMS FOR

1600 - LEAVE SITE. DETAILS

1620 - ARRIVE AT SHOP, CLEAN
UP

1700 - COLLECT RINSTATE
Chris Boese

8/6/21

0730 - SHOP - CLEAN PUMPS. /
GWS PREP

Scale: 1 square = _____

Rite in the Rain.

B OUG FT. WAINWRIGHT
CHRIS BOESE

8/6/21 CONT

HELP/TRAIN TRACY A.

8/8/21

DUMP DECON WATER AT
DECON WATER DISCHARGE
POINT

Scale: 1 square = _____

Scale: 1 square = _____

Rite in the Rain

8/5/21

Personnel: Jill Stochling

Weather: Sunny 70°F

Task: OUG GW Sump
+ Well ICs

1010 - on Post

1015 - Setting up MW58 + Well IC

1110 - Sump MW58

1140 - Setting up MW33 + Well IC

1230 - Sump MW33

1245 - Field dup

1330 - Setting up MW62 + Well IC

1415 - Sump MW62

1430 - Setting up MW12R + Well IC

15:25 - Sump MW12R

15:40 - Haz waste Facility Dropoff EDW

16:15 - Left Post

Scale: 1 square = _____

Rite in the Rain

8/6/21

Personnel: Jill Stodding

Weather: Cloudy 64°F

Task: OUL6 GW Sump + Well ICs

9:15 - On Post

9:20 - Setting up MW06A
Well IC →

10:15 - Sump. MW06A

10:20 - Helping Tracy @ MW64

10:40 - Setting up MW77 + Well IC

11:50 - Setting up MW82 + Well IC

12:45 - Sump. MW82

13:15 - MW37 Well IC

13:20 - MW64 Well IC

13:25 - MW03 Setting up + Well IC

Scale: 1 square = _____

14:25 - Sump MW03

14:45 - 3489 - IDW drop off

14:50 - Left Post

Scale: 1 square = _____

Rite in the Rain

APPENDIX D
PHOTOGRAPH LOG

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2021 OU6 PHOTO LOG – FORMER COMMUNICATIONS SITE



OU6, 5 August 2021
Collecting parameters at well MW62. View NW.
2021_OU6 (2).jpg
Taken by: CB



OU6, 5 August 2021
Collecting parameters at well MW08. View NW.
2021_OU6 (3).jpg
Taken by: CB



OU6, 6 August 2021
Groundwater sampling at well MW03. View W.
2021_OU6 (4).jpg
Taken by: TA

APPENDIX E
LTMO RESULTS

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MAROS Mann-Kendall Statistics Summary

Project: 2021 OU6

User Name: BENG

Location: Fort Wainwright

State: Alaska

Time Period: 10/17/2007 to 8/6/2021

Consolidation Period: No Time Consolidation

Consolidation Type: Average

Duplicate Consolidation: Average

ND Values: Detection Limit

J Flag Values : Actual Value

Well	Source/ Tail	Number of Samples	Number of Detects	Coefficient of Variation	Mann-Kendall Statistic	Confidence in Trend	All Samples "ND" ?	Concentration Trend
PHC as DIESEL FUEL								
MW33	S	19	19	0.72	85	99.9%	No	I
MW12R	S	19	18	0.90	-63	98.6%	No	D
MW58	T	19	19	0.39	17	71.0%	No	NT
MW06A	T	20	20	0.52	13	65.0%	No	NT
PHC as HEAVY/RESIDUAL RANGE ORGANIC COMP								
MW33	S	19	13	1.16	64	98.7%	No	I
MW12R	S	19	12	1.14	-13	66.1%	No	NT

Note: Increasing (I); Probably Increasing (PI); Stable (S); Probably Decreasing (PD); Decreasing (D); No Trend (NT); Not Applicable (N/A)- Due to insufficient Data (< 4 sampling events); Source/Tail (S/T)

The Number of Samples and Number of Detects shown above are post-consolidation values.

MAROS Mann-Kendall Statistics Summary

Project: 2021 OU6

User Name: BENG

Location: Fort Wainwright

State: Alaska

Time Period: 10/17/2007 to 8/6/2021

Consolidation Period: No Time Consolidation

Consolidation Type: Average

Duplicate Consolidation: Average

ND Values: Detection Limit

J Flag Values : Actual Value

Well	Source/ Tail	Number of Samples	Number of Detects	Coefficient of Variation	Mann-Kendall Statistic	Confidence in Trend	All Samples "ND" ?	Concentration Trend
PHC as DIESEL FUEL								
MW62	S	19	17	2.45	40	91.3%	No	PI
MW77	T	18	18	1.38	30	86.2%	No	NT
PHC as HEAVY/RESIDUAL RANGE ORGANIC COMP								
MW62	S	19	12	2.22	32	85.9%	No	NT
MW77	T	18	11	1.23	-20	76.2%	No	NT

Note: Increasing (I); Probably Increasing (PI); Stable (S); Probably Decreasing (PD); Decreasing (D); No Trend (NT); Not Applicable (N/A)-
Due to insufficient Data (< 4 sampling events); Source/Tail (S/T)

The Number of Samples and Number of Detects shown above are post-consolidation values.

Groundwater Statistics Tool

Site & Summary Statistics for Nonparametric Data Sets with Non-detects and Nonparametric Residuals

General Information

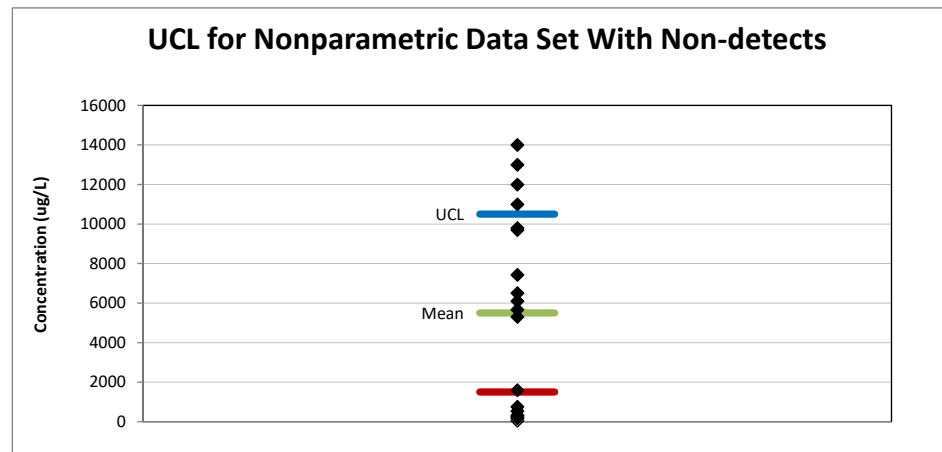
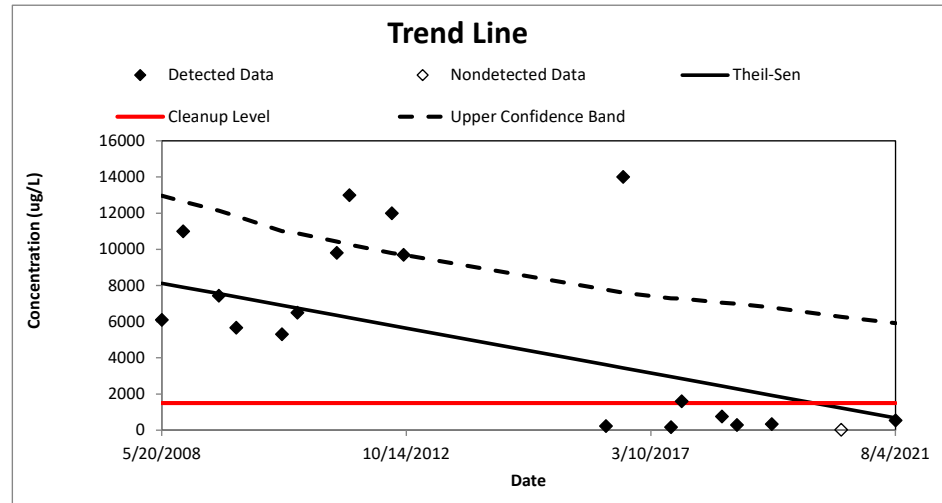
Analyst	JS
Date of Evaluation	12/13/2021
Site Name	FCS
Operable Unit	OU6
Type of Evaluation	Attainment
Well Name/Number	MW12R
Chemical of Concern	DRO
Concentration Units	ug/L
Cleanup Level	1500
Source of Cleanup Level	MCL
Confidence Level	95%
Risk of False Outlier Rejection	1%
Number of Results	19
Outliers present?	No
Number of Non-Detects	1

Trend Analysis

Trend Type	Nonparametric
Method	Theil-Sen Line, Mann-Kendall Test
Is the Upper Confidence Band above the cleanup level?	NA
Slope	-1.54
Intercept	69200
Test Result	Decreasing
When concentration is predicted to achieve the cleanup level	NA
When concentration is predicted to exceed the cleanup level	NA

UCL Analysis

Distribution Type	Nonparametric
Test	KM Chebyshev UCL
Mean	5500
95% UCL	10500
Is the 95% UCL greater than the cleanup level?	Yes



Previous Step: Trend Screen

Previous Step: UCL Screen

Restart: Data Input Screen

MAROS Spatial Moment Analysis Summary

Project: 2021 OU6

User Name: BENG

Location: Fort Wainwright

State: Alaska

Effective Date	<u>0th Moment</u>	<u>1st Moment (Center of Mass)</u>			<u>2nd Moment (Spread)</u>		Number of Wells
	Estimated Mass (Kg)	Xc (ft)	Yc (ft)	Source Distance (ft)	Sigma XX (sq ft)	Sigma YY (sq ft)	
PHC as DIESEL FUEL							
5/19/2016	2.4E+01	1,380,709	3,959,987	183	1,929	23,871	7
9/9/2016	5.3E+01	1,380,727	3,959,922	116	1,850	18,823	7
7/20/2017	1.7E+01	1,380,707	3,959,993	189	1,977	25,206	7
9/28/2017	2.3E+01	1,380,706	3,959,986	183	1,876	29,775	7
6/20/2018	2.3E+01	1,380,702	3,960,017	214	1,868	32,674	7
9/26/2018	2.2E+01	1,380,703	3,959,996	193	2,020	24,664	7
5/16/2019	3.9E+01	1,380,709	3,959,991	187	1,766	27,831	7
8/12/2020	2.9E+01	1,380,714	3,960,002	197	1,903	24,192	7
8/6/2021	2.6E+01	1,380,713	3,959,946	142	1,826	17,283	7

Project: 2021 OU6
Location: Fort Wainwright

User Name: BENG
State: Alaska

Moment Type	Constituent	Coefficient of Variation	Mann-Kendall S Statistic	Confidence in Trend	Moment Trend
Zeroth Moment: Mass					
	PHC as DIESEL FUEL	0.39	4	61.9%	NT
1st Moment: Distance to Source					
	PHC as DIESEL FUEL	0.17	8	76.2%	NT
2nd Moment: Sigma XX					
	PHC as DIESEL FUEL	0.04	-8	76.2%	S
2nd Moment: Sigma YY					
	PHC as DIESEL FUEL	0.20	-2	54.0%	S

Note: The following assumptions were applied for the calculation of the Zeroth Moment:

Porosity: 0.30 Saturated Thickness: Uniform: 30 ft

Mann-Kendall Trend test performed on all sample events for each constituent. Increasing (I); Probably Increasing (PI); Stable (S); Probably Decreasing (PD); Decreasing (D); No Trend (NT); Not Applicable (N/A)-Due to insufficient Data (< 4 sampling events).

Note: The Sigma XX and Sigma YY components are estimated using the given field coordinate system and then rotated to align with the estimated groundwater flow direction. Moments are not calculated for sample events with less than 6 wells.

MAROS Sampling Location Optimization Results

Project: 2021 OU6

User Name: BENG

Location: Fort Wainwright

State: Alaska

Sampling Events Analyzed: From Sample Event 12 to Sample Event 20
5/19/2016 8/6/2021

Parameters used:

Constituent	Inside SF	Hull SF	Area Ratio	Conc. Ratio
PHC as DIESEL FUEL	0.2	0.1	0.8	0.8

Well	X (feet)	Y (feet)	Removable?	Average Slope Factor*	Minimum Slope Factor*	Maximum Slope Factor*	Eliminated?
PHC as DIESEL FUEL							
MW06A	1380643.00	3959965.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.246	0.212	0.287	<input type="checkbox"/>
MW12R	1380767.88	3959725.50	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.398	0.017	0.866	<input type="checkbox"/>
MW28	1380616.13	3959663.75	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.400	0.279	0.646	<input type="checkbox"/>
MW32R	1380483.38	3959828.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.422	0.290	0.531	<input type="checkbox"/>
MW33	1380751.38	3959808.75	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.555	0.435	0.677	<input type="checkbox"/>
MW35	1380346.38	3960282.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.347	0.268	0.525	<input type="checkbox"/>
MW37	1380539.63	3960388.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.216	0.029	0.332	<input type="checkbox"/>
MW58	1380547.88	3960074.25	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.225	0.113	0.318	<input type="checkbox"/>
MW64	1380852.63	3959938.75	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.764	0.442	0.874	<input type="checkbox"/>
MW82	1380712.63	3960750.75	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.498	0.212	0.779	<input type="checkbox"/>

Note: The Slope Factor indicates the relative importance of a well in the monitoring network at a given sampling event; the larger the SF value of a well, the more important the well is and vice versa; the Average Slope Factor measures the overall well importance in the selected time period; the state coordinates system (i.e., X and Y refer to Easting and Northing respectively) or local coordinates systems may be used; wells that are NOT selected for analysis are not shown above.

* When the report is generated after running the Excel module, SF values will NOT be shown above.

MAROS Mann-Kendall Statistics Summary

Project: 2021 OU6

User Name: BENG

Location: Fort Wainwright

State: Alaska

Time Period: 10/17/2007 to 8/6/2021

Consolidation Period: No Time Consolidation

Consolidation Type: Average

Duplicate Consolidation: Average

ND Values: Detection Limit

J Flag Values : Actual Value

Well	Source/ Tail	Number of Samples	Number of Detects	Coefficient of Variation	Mann-Kendall Statistic	Confidence in Trend	All Samples "ND" ?	Concentration Trend
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE								
MW47	S	18	16	0.57	-57	98.4%	No	D
MW79	T	17	17	1.09	40	94.6%	No	PI

Note: Increasing (I); Probably Increasing (PI); Stable (S); Probably Decreasing (PD); Decreasing (D); No Trend (NT); Not Applicable (N/A)-
Due to insufficient Data (< 4 sampling events); Source/Tail (S/T)

The Number of Samples and Number of Detects shown above are post-consolidation values.

Groundwater Statistics Tool

Site & Summary Statistics for Nonparametric Data Sets with Non-detects and Normal Residuals

General Information

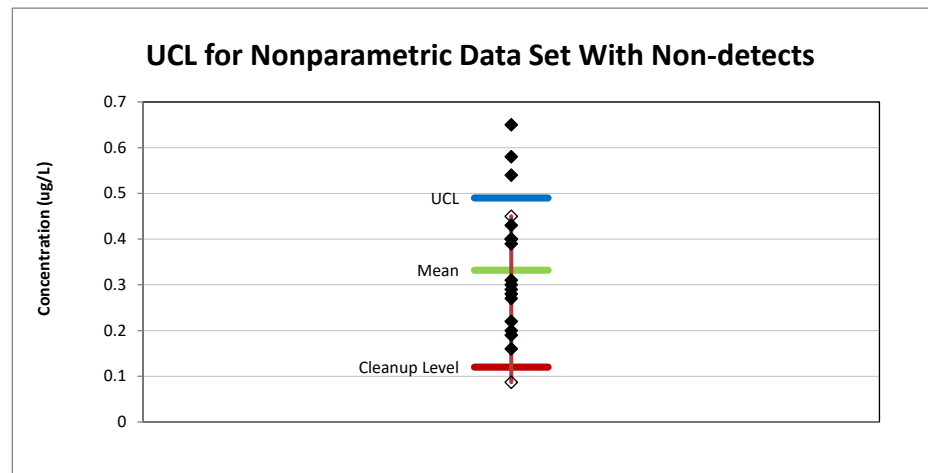
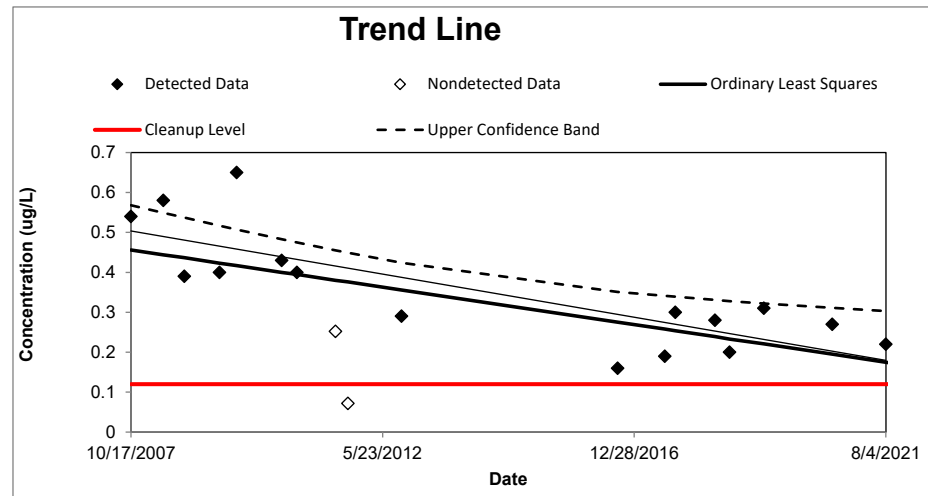
Analyst	JS
Date of Evaluation	12/13/2021
Site Name	FCS
Operable Unit	OU6
Type of Evaluation	Remediation
Well Name/Number	MW47
Chemical of Concern	TCP
Concentration Units	ug/L
Cleanup Level	0.12
Source of Cleanup Level	MCL
Confidence Level	95%
Risk of False Outlier Rejection	1%
Number of Results	18
Outliers present?	No
Number of Non-Detects	2

Trend Analysis

Trend Type	Normal
Method	Ordinary Least Squares
Is the Upper Confidence Band above the cleanup level?	Yes
Slope	-0.0000558
Intercept	2.65
R ²	0.6451
Test Result	Decreasing
When concentration is predicted to achieve the cleanup level	4/18/2024
When concentration is predicted to exceed the cleanup level	NA

UCL Analysis

Distribution Type	Nonparametric
Test	KM Chebyshev UCL
Mean	0.332
95% UCL	0.49
Is the 95% UCL greater than the cleanup level?	Yes



Previous Step: Trend Screen

Previous Step: UCL Screen

Restart: Data Input Screen

Groundwater Statistics Tool

Site & Summary Statistics for Nonparametric Data Sets with Non-detects and Normal Residuals

General Information

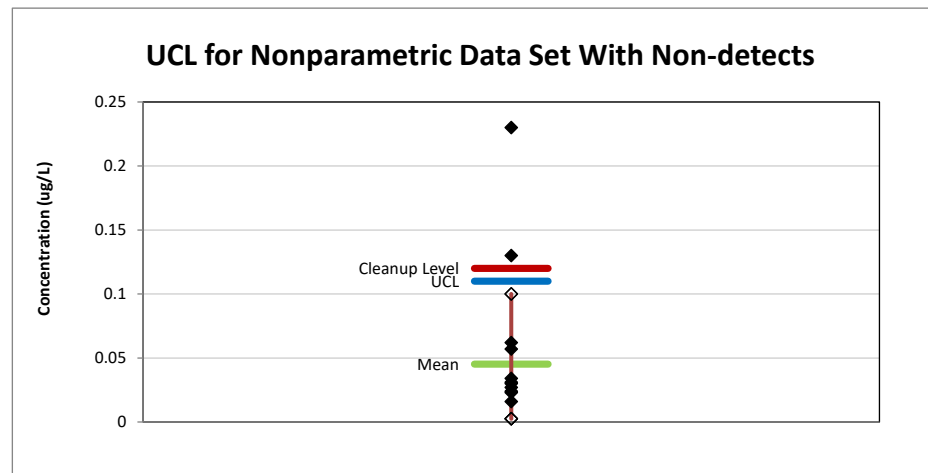
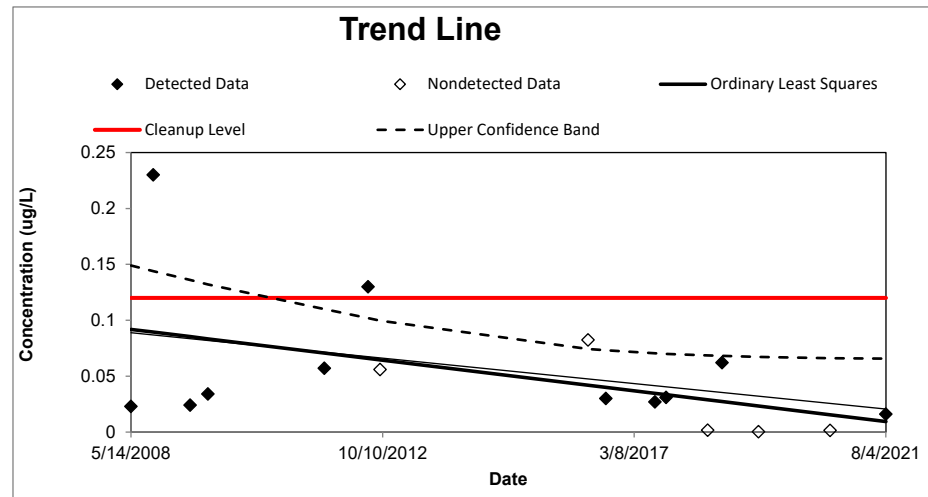
Analyst	JS
Date of Evaluation	12/13/2021
Site Name	FCS
Operable Unit	OU6
Type of Evaluation	Attainment
Well Name/Number	MW08
Chemical of Concern	TCP
Concentration Units	ug/L
Cleanup Level	0.12
Source of Cleanup Level	MCL
Confidence Level	95%
Risk of False Outlier Rejection	1%
Number of Results	16
Outliers present?	Yes
Number of Non-Detects	5

Trend Analysis

Trend Type	Normal
Method	Ordinary Least Squares
Is the Upper Confidence Band above the cleanup level?	NA
Slope	-0.0000171
Intercept	0.767
R ²	0.1396
Test Result	Decreasing
When concentration is predicted to achieve the cleanup level	NA
When concentration is predicted to exceed the cleanup level	NA

UCL Analysis

Distribution Type	Nonparametric
Test	KM Chebyshev UCL
Mean	0.0452
95% UCL	0.11
Is the 95% UCL greater than the cleanup level?	No



Previous Step: Trend Screen

Previous Step: UCL Screen

Restart: Data Input Screen

MAROS Mann-Kendall Statistics Summary

Project: 2021 OU6

User Name: BENG

Location: Fort Wainwright

State: Alaska

Time Period: 10/17/2007 to 8/6/2021

Consolidation Period: No Time Consolidation

Consolidation Type: Average

Duplicate Consolidation: Average

ND Values: Detection Limit

J Flag Values : Actual Value

Well	Source/ Tail	Number of Samples	Number of Detects	Coefficient of Variation	Mann-Kendall Statistic	Confidence in Trend	All Samples "ND" ?	Concentration Trend
TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE)								
MW61	S	19	19	1.01	-126	100.0%	No	D

Note: Increasing (I); Probably Increasing (PI); Stable (S); Probably Decreasing (PD); Decreasing (D); No Trend (NT); Not Applicable (N/A)-
Due to insufficient Data (< 4 sampling events); Source/Tail (S/T)

The Number of Samples and Number of Detects shown above are post-consolidation values.

Groundwater Statistics Tool

Site & Summary Statistics for Nonparametric Data Sets with Nonparametric Residuals

General Information

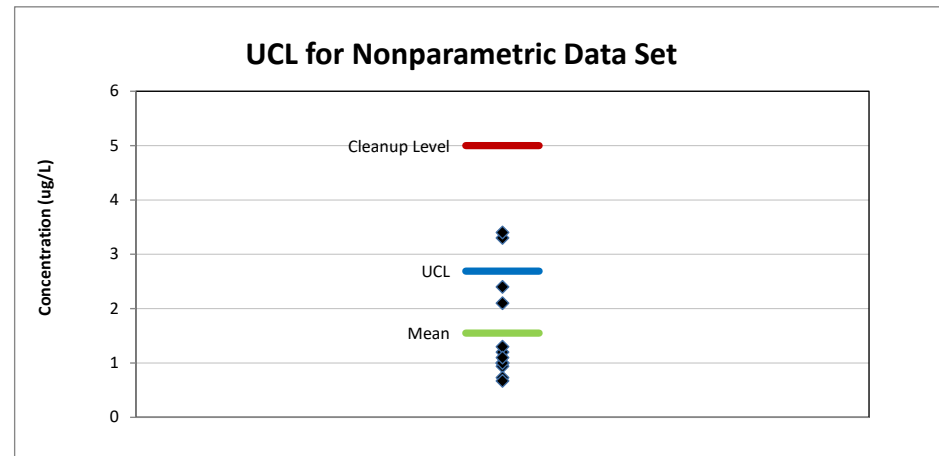
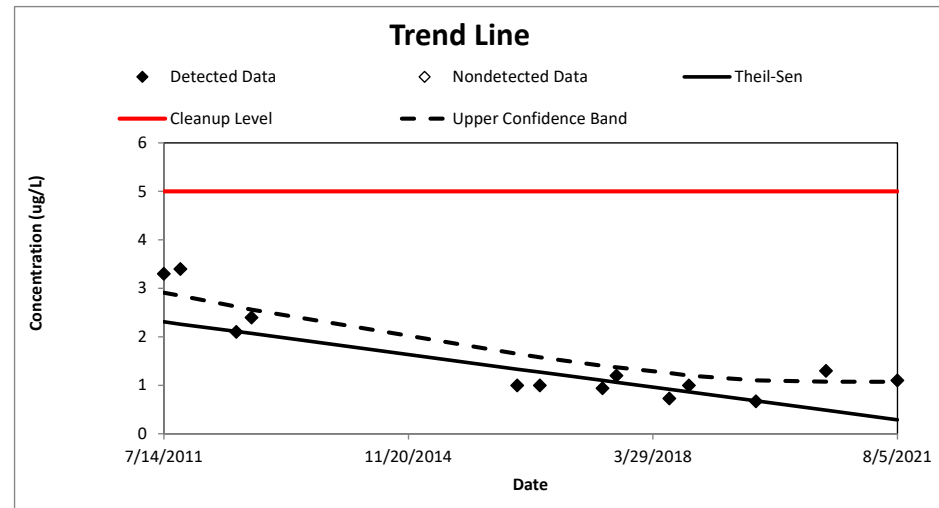
Analyst	JS
Date of Evaluation	12/13/2021
Site Name	FCE
Operable Unit	OU6
Type of Evaluation	Attainment
Well Name/Number	MW61
Chemical of Concern	TCE
Concentration Units	ug/L
Cleanup Level	5
Source of Cleanup Level	MCL
Confidence Level	95%
Risk of False Outlier Rejection	1%
Number of Results	13
Outliers present?	No
Number of Non-Detects	0

Trend Analysis

Trend Type	Nonparametric
Method	Theil-Sen Line, Mann-Kendall Test
Is the Upper Confidence Band above the cleanup level?	NA
Slope	-0.00055
Intercept	24.7
Test Result	Decreasing
When concentration is predicted to achieve the cleanup level	NA
When concentration is predicted to exceed the cleanup level	NA

UCL Analysis

Distribution Type	Nonparametric
Test	Chebyshev UCL
Mean	1.55
95% UCL	2.69
Is the 95% UCL greater than the cleanup level?	No



Previous Step: Trend Screen

Previous Step: UCL Screen

Restart: Data Input Screen

REVIEW COMMENTS

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THE STATE
of **ALASKA**
GOVERNOR MIKE DUNLEAVY

Department of Environmental Conservation

SPILL PREVENTION & RESPONSE
Contaminated Sites Program

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Fairbanks, Alaska 99709
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File: 108.38.085

June 28, 2022

Electronic Delivery Only

Dept. of the Army
Directorate of Public Works
ATTN: AMIM-AKP-E (K. DePalma)
1046 Marks Road
Fort Wainwright, Alaska 99703

RE: ADEC Review of the Responses to Comments on the *Draft 2021 Monitoring Report, Former Communications Site, Operable Unit 6, Fort Wainwright, AK Dated January 2022*

Dear Ms. DePalma:

The Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) has reviewed the responses to comments (RTCs) for the above-referenced document which details site activities and presents groundwater monitoring results from 2021 at Operable Unit 2 (OU2) on Fort Wainwright, Alaska (FWA). OU2 currently consists of two Three-Party sites within the Defense Reutilization Marketing Office (DRMO) yard, denoted as DRMO1 and DRMO4. Tetrachloroethylene (PCE) and its daughter products were not detected above remediation goals (RGs) described in the Record of Decision (ROD) for the site. Diesel range organics (DRO) were detected above the regulatory cleanup level found in 18 AAC 75.345, Table C in well AP-7560. The report recommends continued monitoring at both DRMO1 and DRMO4.

ADEC's comments have been addressed. Please incorporate the comments and provide a clean final for approval.

If there are any questions, please contact me at (907) 451-2131, or at tim.sharp@alaska.gov.

Sincerely,



Timothy Sharp

Digitally signed by

Timothy Sharp

Date: 2022.06.28

15:26:22 -08'00'

Environmental Program Specialist

Enclosure: ADEC Review Comments w/ Responses

cc: Peter Baker, FWA ENVR
Matthew Sprau, FWA ENVR Branch Chief
Sandra Halstead, EPA
Bob Hazlett, USACE
Julie Allan, USACE
Roger Walton, USAEC
Cascade Galasso, ADEC

**REVIEW
COMMENTS**

**PROJECT: Fort Wainwright, AK
DOCUMENT: Draft 2021 Monitoring Report, Former Communications Site,
Operable Unit 6, Received January 2022**

ALASKA DEPT. OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION		DATE: 05/03/2022 REVIEWER: Timothy Sharp PHONE: (907) 451-2131	Action taken on comment by: U.S. Army Garrison Alaska – DPW Environmental			
Item No.	Drawing Sheet No., Spec. Para.	COMMENTS	REVIEW CONFERENCE A - comment accepted W - comment withdrawn (if neither, explain)	ARMY RESPONSE	ADEC/EPA RESPONSE ACCEPTANCE (A-AGREE) (D-DISAGREE)	ARMY RESPONSE
1	General Comment	Please update the ROD RG for 1,2,3-TCP to 0.0075 µg/L where applicable in the document, such as Table 1-2, Section 3.3, Graph 3-5, Table 3-3, Section 4.3, Graph 4-2, Section 5.2, and Section 5.4. According to the Fifth Five-Year Review (2021), “Changes to a ROD ARAR have been promulgated since the Fourth Five-Year Review. CULs in 18 AAC 75 are listed as an ARAR in the OU6 ROD (USACE, 2014). In 2016, amendments to 18 AAC 75 updated calculation methods and values of CULs for soil and groundwater. Subsequent updates to the CULs occurred in 2018 and 2020. ROD project cleanup levels for...1,2,3-TCP were compared to current 18 AAC 75 CULs...The 1,2,3-TCP project cleanup level identified in the ROD is less conservative than the current 18 AAC 75 CUL; the project cleanup level cancer risk exceeds the acceptable range (at 1.6x10 ⁻⁴) and the project cleanup is no longer protective.” The Fifth Five Year Review states later in Table F-6 that “Table C establishes groundwater cleanup levels for the site (i.e., DRO, RRO, and 1,2,3-TCP).”	Noted	Updates to the OU6 ROD RGs are presently under Army review.	Accept. What is the estimated time frame for these updates?	
2	Executive Summary, TCE Groundwater Plume Summary	The report states, “Although TCE daughter products were not identified as ROD COCs, continued formation of daughter products can be reasonably expected in an anaerobic aquifer and should continue to be monitored.” Later in the report it is recommended MW61 and MW80 be removed from the sampling program. Please correct this discrepancy.	Accept	Since TCE in well MW61 has not exceeded the RG for 11 years (and has never exceeded in MW80) and the daughter products remain approximately an order of magnitude below the EPA MCLs, it is recommended that wells MW61 and MW80 be removed from the sampling	Accept.	

				<p>program. The second paragraph in the TCE Executive Summary will be revised as follows for consistency with the Recommendations section: <i>“TCE reductive dechlorination daughter products, cis-1,2-dichloroethene (DCE), trans-1,2-DCE, and vinyl chloride have been detected in one well (MW61) at concentrations less than the Federal Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) by approximately an order of magnitude. Continued formation of daughter products shows that reductive dichlorination is occurring in the anaerobic aquifer.”</i></p>		
3	Sections 5.3 and 5.4	<p>Please add historical data to support the decision to remove all TCE plume wells from the sampling program. The current language in the report is not enough to justify the removal of TCE sampling as it is unclear if the full extent of the plume has been delineated and shown to have attenuated to achieve remedial goals. DEC is open to the recommendation of removing the wells from the sampling program provided sufficient context is provided for review.</p>	Noted	<p>Section 1.3.2 provides a summary of investigations that were conducted at OU6. A total of 94 wells were installed at OU6 from 2005 to 2012 including wells within the TCE plume. As COCs for given areas were established and plumes were delineated, analytical programs were decreased, and wells were eventually decommissioned with ADEC approval (which included 57 wells in 2016 and 6 wells in 2017). For reference, Figure A-6 in the 2017 Annual Report (USACE 2018) shows the locations of the decommissioned and active wells. As a conservative measure, wells MW61 and MW80 were retained in the sampling program so that any remaining TCE contamination could be monitored. However, as shown in Figure 3-4, TCE has continued to remain below the RG in MW61 since 2011 and has never exceeded the RG in MW80 since its installation. The recommendation to remove the two wells from the program are also based on achieving RGs in accordance with EPA guidance. MW61 reached the RG (attainment complete) in accordance with EPA requirements in 2014 and MW80 has never exceeded the RG since its installation and has not been</p>	Accept.	

				detected for 11 years. Therefore, statistical calculations and several years of observations supports the removal MW61 and MW80 from the monitoring well network.		
4	Sections 5.3 and 5.4	Daughter products may be more mobile and picked up in downgradient wells. DEC recommends sampling for daughter products in wells downgradient from the TCE plume (for example MW62 and MW12R should be sampled for daughter products given their proximity to MW61 and MW80).	Disagree	MW12R and MW62 had no TCE or daughter product exceedances from 2007-2016, so VOC analysis was removed from the monitoring program for these two wells in 2017 with concurrence from the RPMs. TCE concentrations have not exceeded the RG in either of the source wells since 2010, and current concentrations of TCE daughter products in the source wells are either non detect or an order of magnitude below the cleanup level. Since neither TCE nor its daughter products are currently present in the source wells, and they have not been detected previously downgradient, additional, the Army disagrees that additional sampling of the downgradient wells is needed.	Accept.	
5	Section 5.4	ADEC disagrees with the recommendation to remove MW08 from the sampling program. Detections above the Table C cleanup value have occurred sporadically over the years, indicating some upgradient mobility of contaminants. See Comment 1 for more information.	Accept	MW08 will remain in the OU6 monitoring program.	Accept.	
6	Section 5.4	DEC recommends installing a sentry well for the TCP plume in a more downgradient location from MW47 given the groundwater flow direction, more to the west of MW78.	Noted	As shown on both Figure 3-1 and in the OU6 ROD, groundwater flow in the vicinity and downgradient of MW47 is in a more northerly direction due to the influence of the Building 3559 Water Supply Well. Additionally, three wells to the north-northwest of MW47 (MW40, MW41, MW42, and MW46) were decommissioned in 2016 with concurrence from the regulatory partners. Therefore, the Army considers the existing sentry wells to be sufficient. The groundwater flow direction arrow on Figure 3-3 will be modified to reflect	Accept.	

				the more northerly GW flow direction that is characteristic in this area.		
7		--End of Comments--				

**REVIEW
COMMENTS**

Dated February 2022

PROJECT: Fort Wainwright, AK

DOCUMENT: Draft 2021 Monitoring Report, Former Communications Site,

Operable Unit 6

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		DATE: 05/17/2022 REVIEWER: Sandra Halstead PHONE: 907-726-7279	Action taken on comment by: U.S. Army Garrison Alaska – DPW Environmental			
Item No.	Drawing Sheet No., Spec. Para.	COMMENTS	REVIEW CONFERENCE A - comment accepted W - comment withdrawn (if neither, explain)	ARMY RESPONSE	ADEC/EPA RESPONSE ACCEPTANCE (A-AGREE) (D-DISAGREE)	ARMY RESPONSE
1	Section 1.3.2, First Sentence	<p>a. This is a confusing statement. The ROD-selected remedy occurred in 2013; Groundwater monitoring may have started in 2005 and data used from the RI to post ROD is used to assess MNA and contaminant trends.</p> <p>b. Add PFAS investigation in 2020 to the bullet list of OU6 investigation activities.</p>	Accepted	<p>a. The first sentence will be revised as follows: “Groundwater monitoring to assess contaminant levels and contaminant trends began at OU6 in 2005 and continued through the Remedial Investigation (RI; USACE 2010). Based on this data, MNA was the chosen remedy for the site. The effectiveness of the ROD-selected remedy continues to be assessed through ongoing groundwater monitoring.”</p> <p>b. The PFAS investigation in 2020 will be added as the last bullet point under post-RI activities in Section 1.3.2 as follows: “In 2020, a post-wide preliminary assessment (PA) and site inspection (SI) for per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) was conducted, which included the OU6 source areas (USACE 2022).”</p>	A	
2	Section 2.1	The OU2 report suggests all wells be resurveyed. Does this need to be done at OU6 also?	Noted	All OU6 wells were surveyed in September 2019 using NAVD88 and do not need to be resurveyed. In contrast, the OU2 survey data was collected under two different vertical datums (NGVD29 (old) and NAVD88 (new)) over a span of several years.	A	

**REVIEW
COMMENTS**

Dated February 2022

PROJECT: Fort Wainwright, AK

DOCUMENT: Draft 2021 Monitoring Report, Former Communications Site,

Operable Unit 6

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		DATE: 05/17/2022 REVIEWER: Sandra Halstead PHONE: 907-726-7279	Action taken on comment by: U.S. Army Garrison Alaska – DPW Environmental			
Item No.	Drawing Sheet No., Spec. Para.	COMMENTS	REVIEW CONFERENCE A - comment accepted W - comment withdrawn (if neither, explain)	ARMY RESPONSE	ADEC/EPA RESPONSE ACCEPTANCE (A-AGREE) (D-DISAGREE)	ARMY RESPONSE
3	Figure 1-1	Why does the OU6 land use control boundary exclude the Hex-roofed buildings when the Main DRO plume wells are within in? Revise the boundary to include all wells that are monitored as a part of the OU6 remedial action.	Accepted	The LUC boundary will be modified to show a straight continuous boundary along Neely Road on the north side of OU6.	A	
4	Figure 3-2	MW58 is not the most downgradient delineation of the Main DRO plume. Why isn't MW37 sampled? Adjust the LUC boundary to include all areas with remedial network monitoring wells. Adjust the plume boundary as dashed since it is inferred and not defined in the downgradient direction.	Noted	MW58 is the most downgradient well within the DRO plume (defined here as results that exceed the ROD RG). MW37 is included in the monitoring well network and has been since its installation. MW37 has not shown to have contaminants at concentrations exceeding the ROD RG. Only sample results for wells that have exceeded the ROD RGs since 2007 are shown in Figure 3.2 (as stated in Note 6 of the figure). This also applies to DRO plume wells MW64 and MW82, which are sampled but have no analytical results shown. Please see response to Comment 3 regarding LUC boundaries.	A	
5		--End of Comments--				